The Toledo Evening Bee.

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IN THE BEE TO-DAY

WEATHER.

U. S. Department of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau,
Toledo, O., Oct. 17, 1892.

The weather map this morning shows the severest storm of the season central over northern Minnesota; the barometer reads as low as 29.10 inches over that section of the country, and the barometric gradient is very great, there being a difference of one inch in a distance of 500 miles. This storm has caused rains east of its center, and snow to the northwest; it will cause rains during the next 36 hours over the entire northen half of the country, and will be followed on Tuesday night or Wednesday by decidedly colder weather over the lake region. High winds and gales have been reported from the northwest during the past 24 hours, and gales may be expected on all the lakes during the next two days.

The temperature is below the freezing point over the entire west and northwest, and will grow colder. Over Minnesota the temperature is above 60 degrees, but a fall of 40 degrees may be expected over that section during the next 24 hours. Over the lake region the changes will be slight until the storm passes to the east, when there will be a very decided fall.

The weather conditions this morning are favorable for rains in almost any portion of the country.

Local forecast for Toledo and vicinity for the next 36 hours: Fair, followed by rain, slight change in temperature to-day, becoming decidedly colder by Tuesday night. Brisk to high easterly winds.

Forecast for Ohio and Indiana—Generally fair; increasing southerly winds; warmer in northeast portion.

For Michigan—Generally fair; increasing southerly winds; warmer in northeast portion.

For Illinois—Generally fair; south to west winds; cooler.

For Wisconsin—Generally fair Tuesday; probably preceded by local showers in northern portion to-day or to-night; southerly, shifting to westerly winds; cooler.

LOCAL.

Saturday's races.
Political notes of interest.
At the theaters this week.
Columbian day arrangements.
Big sale of lots at a good price.
Meeting of Toledo Pastor's Union.
Dates for club and society meetings.
Corbett at the Exposition grounds.
More trouble possible for councilmen.
F. N. Quale proclaims himself for Grover Cleveland.

HELP AT HAND

For those who need it most—the hard-working, honest, laboring man, to such we sell on credit at cash prices. Look at our Bed Room Suits, look at our Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture.

THE CONANT BROS. FURNITURE CO.
Summit, Adams and Water Streets.

WAGON LOADS!

You see our wagons every day in every part of the city delivering great loads of Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household goods. You see them oftener and better loaded than those of all our competitors together. We mention this as a pointer to you, that as sure as people come to our store and get our prices and terms they are satisfied; they buy. Our terms, prices and goods are the best to be had.

DRAPER & NUGENT

SKIMMING

The Cream in an Important Case.

The Glasgow Poisoner Again in Court

To Answer for the Death of Matilda Clover.

If All That Prosecutor Gill Charges Is True, the Man on Trial Is One of the Greatest Villains Since the Days When Murder Was a Fine Art.

London, Oct. 17.—The trial of Thomas Neill Cream, charged with the murder of Matilda Clover, was begun to-day. Mr. C. F. Gill prosecuted on behalf of the treasury.

He said that the prisoner had been indicted for having murdered Matilda Clover, on October 21, last, at No. 27 Lambeth road. From statements made by the prisoner himself, which had been verified by inquiries, it was found that the prisoner's real name was Thomas Neill Cream. He was born in Glasgow in 1850 and was taken by his parents when very young to America, where, as a young man, he took a degree at the college in Montreal.

He afterward came back to London, where he attended lectures at St. Thomas hospital with a view of becoming an M. R. C. S., but did not succeed. Subsequently he went to Edinburgh and took two degrees by which he became a fully qualified medical man.

Leaving London again, he went to Ontario, and, after practicing there for a short time, he went to Chicago, where he practiced as Thomas Neill Cream.

Passing over the intervening years, at the beginning of October, 1891, the prisoner came back to London and proceeded to Anderton's hotel, where he stayed on the 6th and 7th of the month.

From there he went to live at No. 103 Lambeth Place road, until the 6th of the following January, and afterward went back to America, where he remained until the beginning of April.

Returning then to London, he took up his residence again in Lambeth Place road from April 9 to June 3, when he was arrested on the charge of blackmailing.

Mr. Gill went on to state that he was in a position to prove that October 9 of last year was the first occasion on which the prisoner met Matilda Clover and that he was on several subsequent occasions seen going in the direction of the house where she lived.

The next date of importance was October 13, when Cream began to purchase nux vomica from Mr. Priest, a chemist, in Parliament street, in quantities ranging from one to four ounces and also ordered a number of small empty gelatine capsules.

On the night of October 20, a man accompanied Clover to her lodgings and she died in great agony in the early morning of the 21st. The only persons who saw the death of Clover were Lucy Rose, the servant, and Mrs. Phillips (whose real name was Vowles), the landlady, and naturally they had no notion that the symptoms were those of poisoning by strychnine.

An extraordinary state of things was disclosed at the inquest by which one was driven to the conclusion that at the end of October no human being could know how the woman had come by her death but the man who had caused it.

And it was the prisoner who stated in a letter which he wrote to Dr. Broadbent, the particulars as to her name, where she lived, how she died, and the nature of the poison which killed her, and used the information he possessed as a means of attempting to obtain money by blackmailing.

The dates in the case were very material because almost immediately after the prisoner's arrival in this country the first time the two women, Clover and Donworth, met their deaths by poisoning, and when he came to England a second time in April of this year the two other women, Marsh and Shrivell, died under similar circumstances.

Shortly after, having been seen in the company of a man who answered the description of the prisoner, Ellen Donworth suddenly staggered, and, falling in the street, died in great agony, and in her last moments accused the man with whom she had been seen of giving her something out of a bottle.

This was at the time when the prisoner had the strychnine but not the capsules which he (Mr. Gill alleged were used a few days later for the purpose of poisoning Clover.

When the prisoner's lodgings were searched a case belonging to the Harvey Drug company was found; it is there where a lot of small bottles containing sugar coated pills which, upon analysis by Dr. Stevenson, were found to contain about 1-22 of a grain of strychnine each.

It was found that over 20 of these pills, which were very minute, would fit into one of the capsules obtained by the prisoner from Mr. Priest, or probably 30 if they were smashed together, and, whilst nine or ten might be a fatal dose, 20 would certainly be so.

In each of the four cases which had come under the notice of the police the murdered woman had received a letter just before her death, the envelope of which could not be found and it seemed to have been the prisoner's plan to get possession of those envelopes which had passed through the post in order that some other enclosure might be put into them, which could be used for the purpose of blackmailing persons as to whom it was suggested by the prisoner that he was in possession of incriminating evidence while searching the effects of the deceased woman.

Get rid of it, if you have Catarrh. Don't merely relieve it for a time with poisonous, irritating snuffs and strong caustic solutions. While you *seem* to be getting help, you may be getting harm. Stopped in this way, it's usually only driven to the lungs. You're worse off than ever.

But you can get rid of it completely, with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. That's been proved over and over again, in thousands of the most hopeless cases. By its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties, Catarrh in the Head and all Catarrhal affections are perfectly and permantly cured.

Some physicians will tell you that Catarrh can't be cured. They mean that *they* can't cure it. Dr. Sage's Remedy *can*. And to prove that they believe it, the proprietors of this medicine will pay $500 for an incurable case of Catarrh. They don't see one often, but they'll pay the money when they do.

JOHN J. BARBER,
DENTIST,
315 Superior Street,
Phone 804.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture at lowest prices; Wooden and Willow Ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets. Baskets of every variety. Toys of every description, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes.

DUNSCOMB & CO., 510 & 512 SUMMIT

Jewelry!

Is all the style again this fall. More is being worn than ever. Having just returned from New York we are able to show the very latest novelties the market affords. Look in and see the pretty things whether you buy or not.

J. J. Freeman.

CLOAKS!

A Brilliant Display of Coats, Jackets, Fine Military Capes and Wraps.

RICH NOVELTIES and CHOICEST AND LATEST DESIGNS
MANY OF WHICH ARE CONFINED EXCLUSIVELY TO US.

To-morrow we place on sale 100 Ladies' Fine Cheviot Jackets, 34 inches long, open bound seams, worth $7; our price this week $3.75 while they last. Don't fail to see the Children's Gretchens.

C. A. HARLEY & CO.

PUTTY UP

the old house and have it painted in pure lead and linseed oil, by
ALLEN & PARKHURST.

THE BOYS USED DYNAMITE

But Are Now in Search of Wings.

Terrible Crime in a Colorado Town.

A Youth Blows Up His Home and Parents to Secure Some Coveted Gold.

Leadville, Col., Oct. 17.—About 6:30 last evening the people living in the vicinity of Capitol Hill were startled by a terrific explosion, which shook the houses for several blocks.

On investigation it was found to have occurred at the residence of Herman Trueman. Mr. Trueman's little son and a boy named Sam Davis had dug a hole about thirteen feet deep and had run two small drifts which they called their mine.

The next move the young men made was to get a quantity of giant powder, which caused the town to tremble and shake last evening.

Adam S. Trueman, father of the boy above mentioned, is a wagon maker, and had between two and three hundred dollars in gold locked up in the house.

This was known to the young miner, who secured the same in the early part of the evening by breaking open the drawer in which it was concealed.

His next move was to blow up the house which at the time contained his father and other persons.

In this he was successful. Mr. and Mrs. Trueman were seriously injured.

The little daughter of Mrs. Thomas Reed was cut by glass.

Mrs. Butler, residing on West Ninth street, was struck by a window sash which was blown into her dining room.

Many minor accidents occurred within a radius of 2,000 feet from the house.

The boys were the victims of their own folly and instead of making way with the money they were blown to atoms by the explosion intended for their parents.

KILLED HIS BROTHER.

Unfortunate Accident While Boys Were Hunting.

St. Marys, O., Oct. 17.—(Special)—A deplorable accident occurred near New Knoxville, this county, last night. Two brothers named Eversman, in company with several other boys, started out coon hunting, and had succeeded in killing one and had another treed, when they started to run towards the tree.

One of the brothers accidentally stumbled and fell, causing the double-barrelled shotgun, which he was carrying, to go off, the entire charge striking his brother in the back, riddling it with shot, and almost tearing him to pieces. The unfortunate lived but a short time after the accident occurred.

THE KING OF BULARITARI

He Objects to the Rule of Victoria.

He Will Appeal to the States for Protection—An International Case.

San Francisco, Oct. 17.—Capt. A. J. Kutsell, an American citizen, has forwarded to Washington a complaint against the treatment received at the hands of Capt. Davis, of H. M. S. Royalist, the vessel which recently annexed the Gilbert islands.

He was, he says, ordered on board the Royalist at Bularitari and in five minutes was tried and convicted for assaulting a native nearly a year before. Capt. Davis, he says, cursed the American and his countrymen like a pirate.

The king of Bularitari objects to British rule and will soon send an appeal to the American secretary of state for protection.

UP IN HENRY COUNTY.

Democrats to Increase the Big Majority.

Republicans Who Will Vote For Cleveland.

It Is a Tidal Wave and Democracy Will Ride Into Victory With Ease.

Napoleon, O., Oct. 17.—(Special)—While the whoopla demonstration is lacking somewhat in Henry county politics, the democrats are none the less idle and their effective work can be noted in all the townships.

Since the election of 1888, an educational campaign has been steadily urged by means of good democratic papers and school house debates, and now as the date approaches when the great tax problem shall again be voted upon, grand results are beginning to loom up before the enthusiastic democrat.

In many localities life-long republicans have announced their intention to support Cleveland. They do not wish to be understood as renouncing the republican party, mind you, but simply intend to vote for Grover Cleveland out of admiration for his standpoint on the pension question and tariff enigma.

Damascus township especially has many ex-soldiers, prosperous farmers, who have good war records and could receive a pension by the asking, but who look upon the pension department as now operated to be a rendezvous of sharks, whose studied purpose is self-aggrandizement at the expense of the soldier. Hence they loudly condemn the administration and see only in Grover a Moses whose past record assures a speedy reckoning and summary justice dealt those who have brazenly abused a trust, almost holy, within the past four years.

It is on the pension question alone that on an average of 10 good republicans from each of our 13 townships, base their right to abandon the party that persistently refuses to administer relief. Should every county in Ohio do as well as Henry will do, this great commonwealth about which hangs the dark and threatening cloud of blinded republicanism, would receive a respite at least long enough to give Cleveland her electoral vote of '92.

Relative to our congressman, Dennis D. Donovan's re-election, the democracy is happy in its security. "Denny" is brainy—and more. He is the smoothest politician in this district. Not of the blustering, Brigham-like "beefer" is he—quite the contrary. He says little but does much. His campaign four years ago against the notorious Fulton county straddler established for him a high place among our political leaders, which the result of his present campaign will in no way tend to make him surrender.

It is not among the democratic soldiers alone that Congressman Donovan's work in their behalf is extolled. Any soldier, regardless of his political tendencies who has ever had dealings with Mr. Donovan heartily commend him. He went to Washington not to spout and dissipate. His purpose was to transact business for his constituency, and during his term he has never swerved. The people know this.

Dennis Donovan can count on at least 1,500 majority from Henry county.

Our county ticket is made up of very good men, all of whom will be elected by increased majorities over last year. The star of democracy in Henry county at present is in the zenith, with flattering prospects for sustaining her attitude.

The contract for printing the official ballots for Henry county was, Saturday, awarded to James P. Mason. The number of ballots to be printed is 10,500, and the consideration was $60.

TO A REPORTER.

Brave Deeds Commemorated by a Monument.

Clinton, Ind., Oct. 17.—In the presence of a large number of newspaper men and others the monument erected to the memory of Leonard Washburne, the noted sporting reporter for the Chicago Inter-Ocean, and who a year ago yesterday met his death on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad while riding on an engine for the purpose of gathering material for an article, was formally unveiled and dedicated.

The monument, which is a tribute from the Inter-Ocean to its late employe, is of barre granite, dark blue in color, and about six feet in height.

THE BOKHARA.

A Fine Steamship Totally Destroyed.

The Struck a Sand Island and the Sea Washes Her to Pieces.

London, Oct. 17.—The Peninsular and Oriental Steamship company's officers in London have received the following dispatch:

Hong-Kong, Oct. 17.—The Peninsular and Oriental steamship Bokhara has been totally wrecked.

The ship struck on a sand island of the group known as the Pecadores, or Fishers islands, called Pheng Hoo by the Chinese, in the channel of Fokien, in the China sea.

The weather was terrible and the raging waters quenched the fires on the steamer. The steamer became unmanageable and the captain and a majority of the crew were lost. Twenty-three persons only were saved. It is feared that those lost were mostly Europeans. The survivors will reach Hong Kong on Tuesday next. The ship Ancona has proceeded to the scene of the wreck.

CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS.

St. Marys, O., Oct. 17.—(Special)—Quite a chapter of accidents occurred in this city yesterday. George Holtzhauer, agent for the Minster brewery, was castrated and horribly injured by falling out of a haymow onto a sharp-pointed broom handle. Sam Rowe, a brakeman on the Lake Erie & Western railroad, had two fingers amputated by getting his hand between two bumpers. Morris Nagle, who was cleaning a well, was being drawn up by a rope, when it gave way and precipitated him to the bottom, a distance of 15 feet. He sustained severe injuries. Sabe Koon, a brick mason employed on the M. E. church, also had a narrow escape. A hatchet slipped from the hands of one of the carpenters and struck him on the side of the head, making a bad wound. Had the instrument struck him fairly instead of glancing off, his skull would have been cleft in twain.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

Upper Sandusky, O., Oct. 17.—The democrats opened the campaign in this county at McCutchenville. It was, in fact, a two-county affair. Congressman D. D. Hare, candidate for re-election, was the speaker, and the people attested their admiration for him in turning out in large numbers. He made a brilliant speech, over-topping argument with argument in his characteristic, telling manner.

DROPPED DEAD.

Boston, Oct. 17.—James H. Coleman, advertising agent for the Boston Globe, dropped dead of heart disease at the corner of School and Washington streets at 9:20 o'clock this morning.

PICKED OUT FOUR CITIES

And Gave the Census Results to the Public.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The census bureau has made public bulletins on the manufacturers of the cities of Grand Rapids, Mich., Evansville, Ind., Dayton, O., and DesMoines, Ia, for the year 1890.

The figures for Grand Rapids show that in 1890, 864 establishments reported to the census, representing 114 industries and an aggregate capital of $14,978,015; 12,814 hands were employed, receiving $6,259,758 in wages. The cost of materials used is given as $9,171,347, and the value of the product at $19,258,347.

In 1880 there were 355 establishments reporting, representing 78 industries and an aggregate capital of $4,864,298; 5,172 hands were employed, receiving $1,895,072 in wages. After the necessary deductions are made the following percentage of increase are shown: Number of establishments reported, 103.10; capital invested, $205.78; number of hands employed, 170.10; wages paid, $221.01; cost of materials used, $125.12; value of product at works, $153.08.

Evansville statistics show that in 1890 the number of establishments reporting was 375 representing 74 industries and a combined capital of $8,432,584. The number of hands employed was 6,766, to whom $2,876,398 was paid in wages. The cost of materials used is given as $6,386,368, and the value of the products as $11,788,672.

In 1880 the number of establishments reporting was 313, representing 60 industries and a capital of $4,733,815.

The number of hands employed was 3,669, to whom $1,365,006 was paid in wages. The cost of the materials used is given as $4,972,690, and the value of the product at $8,091,914. After the necessary reductions are made the following are given as the percentages of increase for the year 1890 over that of 1880:

Number of establishments reported, 14.06; capital invested, 73.11. Number of hands employed, 75.14; wages paid, 98.55; cost of materials used, 25.47; value of products at works, 41.57.

The figures for Dayton show that the number of establishments reporting was 920, representing 100 industries and $12,865,215 capital, 11,789 hands employed received in wages $5,772,371. The cost of material used was $11,478,411 and the value of the product $22,049,906. In 1880 the number of establishments reporting was 495, representing 87 industries and an aggregate capital of $6,063,334. The number of hands employed was 6,025, who received $2,293,630 in wages. The cost of the materials used was $6,434,225 and the value of the product as $11,985,483. After the necessary reductions are made percentages of increase are given as follows:

Number of establishments reported, 60.81; capital invested, 108.27; number of hands employed, 86.80; wages paid, 143.75; cost of material used, 73.81; value of products at works, 79.28.

The Des Moines statistics show that in 1890 the number of establishments reporting was 297, representing 97 industries and an aggregate capital of $2,792,979. The number of hands employed was 3,149 receiving $1,660,969 in wages. The cost of materials now is given as $2,425,796 and the value of the product as $5,242,902.

In 1880 the number of establishments reporting was 155, representing 50 industries, and an aggregate capital of $1,463,250. The number of hands employed was 1,378, receiving $667,699 in wages.

The cost of materials used was $2,810,206, and the value of the products $4,220,700.

The following are the percentages of increase for the year 1890 over that of 1880: Number of establishments reported, 75.48; capital invested, 73.20; number of hands employed, 97.97; wages paid, 117.58; value of products at work, 13.81.

WISCONSIN DEMS

Are Gathering in the Legislative Halls.

They Will Pass a New Apportionment to Comply With the Supreme Court Decision.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 17.—The trains this morning are loaded down with members of the two branches of the legislature and others interested in the special session, which has been called by Gov. Peck as a result of the recent decision of the supreme court declaring void the apportionment passed by the last session.

A special committee has for several days been hard at work arranging a new apportionment, but it has not yet concluded its labors.

The call issued by the governor differs from the one issued several months ago, in so far as it contains a clause which will enable the legislature to amend the election law so that legal notice can be made prior to election day.

The republicans will watch the present session with a keen eye as they claim that it has been decided to take very few changes in the law which the supreme court declared invalid, and to rush matters so that the courts can not again interfere in time to prevent an election under its provisions.

On behalf of the democrats, however, it is declared that a perfectly equitable apportionment will be made, and that it will comply strictly with the decision of the supreme court.

WORTH A FORTUNE.

Valuable Law Library to Go to Cornell.

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The law library of the late Nathaniel Moak, of Albany, is to go to the school of law, Cornell university. It has been sought by the Leland Stanford, Chicago and Harvard universities, but has been purchased and will be presented to the school here as a memorial to Judge Boardman by his widow and only daughter, Mrs. George R. Williams.

The library is in many ways the most complete law library in the world and is estimated to have cost Mr. Moak not less than $75,000. This addition will make the Cornell law library 23,000 volumes, the largest law school collection in this country.

ANTI-GERRY SOCIETY.

The Children of the Stage Have Organized.

New York, Oct. 17.—The children of the stage met yesterday afternoon and formally organized "The Anti-Gerry Society." The society is formed for action and already the children have subscribed money to its treasury and have devised a plan whereby they can raise thousands of dollars to fight for their cause. They propose fighting Mr. Gerry in every court and in the assembly and senate at Albany this winter.

Sadie Sanders was elected president and Edith Widmer, secretary. By unanimous vote it was decided to ask Assemblyman Stein to act as the association's counsel.

PROF. SMITH.

He Is to Have Ten Days to Answer the Charges.

Cincinnati, Oct. 17.—At an adjourned meeting of the Presbytery this morning a special committee, comprising Rev. Dr. McKibben, Rev. Dr. Thomas O. Lowe, and D. H. Shields, an elder, appointed by the Presbytery to prosecute Prof. D. P. Smith of Lane seminary for holding heretical doctrines while acting as an instructor of theological students of the church, presented its report setting forth the charges and specifications in detail.

The report was adopted, and it was ordered that notice and a copy of the charges should be served forthwith upon Prof. Smith.

Under the laws of the church the latter is given ten days to reply, and the trial will then proceed to a finish.

DR. BRIGGS' CASE.

New York, Oct. 17.—A statement made yesterday by E. M. Kinsley, secretary of the board of directors of the Union Theological seminary is to the effect that the institution's charter does not allow the directors to delegate powers to another body and that the seminary will stand by Dr. Briggs and support him, regardless of his trial, as long as he retains his present position on the logical points.

FOUND HIM CRAZY.

James Fraser Will Be Confined as a Bad Man.

London, Oct. 17.—The high court of justice at Edinburg has ordered James Fraser to be detained as a criminal lunatic.

On July 26 last, Fraser, who lived at Polmont, in the shire of Sterling, Scotland, and who was a bank clerk, and had always been considered a great man, ran amuck in a fit of murderous madness.

He rushed into the house of his neighbors and friends, Shadwells, carrying a drawn sword in one hand and a pistol in the other.

Fraser killed Shadwell with the sword, inflicted a severe wound in Mrs. Shadwell's thigh. He also hacked her arm.

Fraser then rushed into the street, where he mortally wounded a young woman named Mary Grindley.

No motive for the crime was apparent and the authorities satisfied themselves that Fraser had become suddenly insane.

DEATH FOLLOWED DEFEAT

Believed That Ashhurst Committed Suicide.

He Was Defeated in a Prize Fight and Cared to Live no Longer.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17.—The death of Frazer Ashhurst, son of Richard L. Ashhurst, a well-known attorney and a wealthy member of Philadelphia's exclusive society, has caused somewhat of a sensation, especially in the light of recent events.

It is believed that young Ashhurst committed suicide during a fit of despondency, arising from a terrific beating he received at the hands of young McKean, a son of the great sugar refiner.

The men quarreled at the Manheim club house a few nights ago and determined to settle the matter with gloves. They stripped to the waist, and with seconds for each and a few of their friends, went to a secluded corner of the cricket field, where they fought a most desperate battle.

Ashhurst was badly pounded and his face was a bad sight. The job was so thoroughly done that Ashhurst was sent to bed and had kept secluded ever since. It is believed that his humiliation was so great that he did not care to face his old-time associates and took his life.

STORMS ON THE OCEAN.

Navigators Have Been Having a Hard Time.

New Orleans, Oct. 17.—The Norwegian steamer Washington, Capt. Salvesan, from Boca del Toro, arrived in port to-day. October 10 it encountered a hurricane lasting until 2 a. m., October 11, accompanied by mountainous seas.

The Norwegian steamer Agnes, Capt. F. Hanson, from Bluefields, Nicaragua, arrived last evening. It reports having, October 10, encountered a hurricane with tremendous seas. It also reports that at 7 a. m., October 11, it sighted and rescued two sailors who were clinging to part of a boat. The men belonged to the Honduras schooner Stranger, which had capsized October 10. It had 13 passengers, including seven women and three children; also a crew of five men, including the captain, all of whom with the exception of the two rescued were drowned.

The schooner was bound from Belize via Ruatan for Bluefields. The men rescued are Thomas Connor and Charles Scott. Among the passengers lost by the capsizing of the schooner Stranger were Miss Frances McBride, of Ruatan; Mrs. wright, of Bluefields; Mrs. Thompson, of Ruatan; Miss Fannie Stein, of Ruatan.

EMBEZZLEMENT.

A Railroad Cashier Finds Himself in Trouble.

St. Johns, N. B., Oct. 17.—Albert A. Dodge, cashier in the Inter-colonial railway freight department in this city, was arrested yesterday charged with embezzling about $5,000 belonging to the Dominion government.

He is 46 years of age and very respectably connected. Negotiations are pending for the extradition of J. F. Steadman, who was arrested in Boston a few days ago charged with embezzling funds of the Inter-Colonial railroad.

FREMONT REPUBLICANS.

Fremont, O., Oct. 17.—The republicans of this county held their county convention in this city. The meeting was slow and little enthusiasm or interest was displayed. After a hard effort to get anybody to run, the following ticket was put up: L. J. Turley, of Gibsonburg; L. W. Ward, of this city, as county commissioner; Jno. Seward, infirmary director. Their names will be Dennis.

The 7-year old son of D. Daily accidentally shot himself this evening while playing with a loaded revolver.

GRANITE WORKERS.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Boston granite manufacturers and the Boston branch of the Granite Cutters' union settled their differences at a conference held Saturday night.

The terms of agreement are not disclosed, but the lockout which was declared May 14 is now off and the cutters will return to work for members of the New England Granite Manufacturers' association at once.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 17.—Charles Wismar, 72 years of age, committed suicide last night by shooting himself. He went to the outhouse and placed the mizzle of a revolver in his mouth, sent a bullet through the upper part of his head. Sickness and despondency are supposed to have the cause of the deed.

ARMY OF THE LORD

Has a Battle With Satan's Agents.

A Riot in Wyandotte, Mich., in Which Several People Were Injured.

Wyandotte, Mich., Oct. 17.—In a free fight here last evening between a Salvation Army detachment and a gang of roughs, five persons were seriously injured, one of them fatally. The injured are:

Carrie Lowe, lieutenant; cut on head and probably fatally hurt.

Frank Hutchins, bystander; cut on face and head.

Henry Griffith, Salvation Army member; stabbed in the thigh.

Joseph Peoples, Salvation Army member; broken arm and cut on head.

Tillie Gracey, an on-looker, face badly cut.

For a long time there has been ill feeling between the tough element and the Salvationists. As the army was marching along with band playing and banners waving, some one threw a brick at Lieut. Lowe, felling her to the earth.

This was the signal for a general attack, and bricks, stones, clubs and knives were freely used on the panic-stricken army. The latter made no attempt at defense, and scattered as fast as possible. No arrests have been made.

JOHN BROWN'S FORT.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—John Brown's fort, to gaze upon which tens of thousands of people have journeyed annually to Harper's Ferry, has now a permanent abiding place in Chicago, having been purchased and brought to this city by a company organized for that purpose.

It occupies the center of a large and ornate structure erected for its reception, and the formal opening to-day drew to Wabash avenue and Thirteenth street an immense assemblage, the majority of the participants looking for the first time upon the fortress that has been written about in every known tongue, and within the walls of which the man of iron and blood fought the last battle for universal freedom in America.

FIGHTING FOR THE FUNDS

The True Inwardness in the Barnaby Case.

Believed That Dr. Graves Will Go Free.

A New State of Affairs Has Come to the Front Since the Last Trial.

Denver, Col., Oct. 17.—The appeal of Dr. Graves against his conviction and sentence to death for the murder of Mrs. Barnaby is on the docket of the supreme court for consideration to-day.

Elaborate briefs have been prepared for the prisoner as well as on behalf of the state.

Among the general public, as well as in legal circles, the opinion generally prevails that a new trial will be granted; that Graves will be released on bail, and that the indictment will be pigeonholed.

Since the original trial of the case District Attorney Burleigh has vacated that position and it is believed that the present incumbent is a strong believer in the innocence of the convicted man.

It is probably in anticipation of action by the supreme court favorable to the prisoner that the Barnaby family at Providence has been endeavoring to make a settlement by which all the legacies made by the dead woman, except that to Dr. Graves, shall be paid, so that the Barnaby and Conrad families may combine to defeat the Graves legacy.

DEMOCRATS ON TOP.

The Minor Election Law in Michigan

Has Been Declared Constitutional by the United States Supreme Court.

Washington Oct. 17.—The United States supreme court has affirmed the ruling of the Michigan state court in the case involving the constitutionality of the Miner election law. This decision is in favor of the democrats.

Chief Justice Fuller.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The supreme court has decided that the law of Michigan dividing the state into districts for the election of presidential electors is invalid, only so far as it conflicts with the act of congress of 1887, relating to the time of meeting of electors.

The act is not obnoxious to the provision of the constitution conferring upon the state legislature the power to fix the manner of choosing electors, nor of the fourteenth amendment, and the judgment of the Michigan supreme court, upholding the law, is affirmed.

The views of the court will be written at length later; opinion by Chief Justice Fuller.

ST. MARYS EXCITED

Over an Attempt to Blow Up a Business Block.

St. Marys, O., Oct. 17.—(Special)—A dastardly attempt was made last night to blow up Holtkamp & Co.'s business block, in which are Bishop's tinware store, Smith's harness shop and Holtkamp's music and jewelry store.

The building was badly shattered in the rear, every window being broken.

The explosion was terrific and shook every house in the town. There is much excitement over the affair.

THEY CAME TO BLOWS.

Enloe and McDowell Have a Fight.

Each Called the Other a Liar During a Joint Debate.

New York, Oct. 17.—A special to the World from Nashville, Tenn., says that Congressman Enloe knocked down John McDowell, candidate for United States senatorship, at a meeting in Paris, Saturday, and a duel may grow out of the fracas, which arose out of the lie being passed in a joint debate.

GENERAL WEAVER.

He Thinks He Is Going To Be Elected.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Gen. Weaver, the people's party candidate for the presidency, believes he will be elected. At least he told a reporter so yesterday.

"The force and power of the new movement are everywhere," said he. "The like has been nothing like it since the sixties. The battle is hot all along the line, our leaders are energetic and aggressive in every part of the country, and we will sweep everything before us."

He modestly announced that the republican and democratic parties in the west were hopelessly disorganized and that the recent Pennsylvania grand jury charge had intensified the feeling of laboring people and would tend to unify them in favor of the people's party.

BURNED TO DEATH.

A Man Throws a Lamp at a Woman in Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 17.—Emma Wilson and William Donahue became involved in a quarrel in a disreputable house yesterday morning and the latter picked up a lighted lamp and threw it at the woman.

Her dress caught fire and she ran around the room setting fire to everything she came in contact with. When Donahue saw what he had done he attempted to extinguish the flames and was burned badly.

The woman was taken to a hospital, but died a little later.

ANOTHER LONG RIDE.

Vienna, Oct. 17.—Archduke Albert of Austria is trying to arrange a long distance ride from Vienna to Rome, and Rome to Vienna, on the same plan as the recent riding competition between officers of the Austro-Hungarian army and the German armies. The participants proposed by Archduke Albert would be Italian and Austro-Hungarian officers, and the ride would be attended by much greater natural difficulties than exist between Vienna and Berlin.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Dennis McCue died yesterday of injuries received Saturday in a friendly wrestling match with Daniel McDonald on the sidewalk near the corner of Cambridge and Harding streets, East Cambridge. McCue was thrown and in falling his head struck a wagon wheel. McDonald was arrested but was released when it was found that the cause of death was purely accidental.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Whitehouse, Oct. 17.—Peter Emore died suddenly Saturday morning. He had been fishing the day before and had splendid success. When morning came his wife awakened first and found her husband dead by her side. He had not even complained of being tired.

WAYNE M'VEAGH.

He Makes a Democratic Speech

And Tells Why He Supports Cleveland.

Weary of the Party Which Is So Compromised by Alliances with Corruption.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17.—One of the largest political meetings of the campaign was held in the Academy of Music Saturday night under the auspices of the Young Men's Democratic association of this city, who had invited Wayne MacVeagh, formerly attorney general under President Garfield's administration, to address the public in reply to Senator Sherman's recent speech, and then explain his reasons for abandoning the republican party.

Mr. MacVeagh's recent letter announced that he would vote for Grover Cleveland, in consequence of which the great auditorium was filled and many were turned away. The audience was decidedly democratic in its sympathies, and received the speaker with enthusiasm. The orator of the evening was introduced by Samuel Gustine Thompson, president of the Young Men's Democratic association, who, in a brief but pointed address, attacked the republican system of protection.

By way of beginning, Mr. MacVeagh referred to the fact that he attained his majority the day the republican party was born; that he had never voted for a democrat, and that four years ago he voted for Harrison. Until now he had not felt at liberty to vote for any but republican candidates.

In 1876 he believed that Mr. Tilden was entitled to the electoral vote of Louisiana. But President Grant, Secretary Chandler, Secretary Cameron, General Sheridan, in command of the troops of the state, and Secretary Robeson, with his gun-boats in its waters, were all deeply interested in that election. United States Marshal Packard was seeking the governorship, with a host of deputies at his command, and yet when the polls closed Mr. Tilden had 7,000 more votes than Mr. Hayes. The speaker objected to this sort of thing. He had watched with pain the steady growth of the corrupt use of money in politics. He had hoped the republican party would turn its face against congressional bounties, and diminish that awful traffic in votes. His hopes had been disappointed, and he was convinced that, unless the republican party was checked, it would make the poor poorer and the rich richer, more corrupt and selfish and less patriotic. He demanded that the rich shall not destroy the source of national life. There is too much truth in the rumors that the election of 1888 had been bought. A prominent republican manufacturer had said: "The McKinley bill is ours, we bought it."

There was no way of accounting for the action of the republican party for the last four years other than by the bargain and sale of legislation. He did not see how any man in his senses thought it wise to inflict upon the poor lawful burdens of the McKinley bill, or to debauch voters by offering them pensions, or to impoverish the taxpayer to buy vast masses of silver for which there was no use, or to insult a small, weak sister republic like Chile by sending such a diplomat as Patrick Egan, or to threaten her with war without waiting to translate her apology for the wrong done.

Referring to Senator Sherman's speech on the McKinley bill, he said no one knew better than the senator that the cordage trust was an illegal monopoly, plundering the people in utter contempt of law. He criticised Senator Sherman for the stand he took on the silver question to-day, which was opposite to the views he expressed in 1891.

On the tariff question Mr. MacVeagh said that less than 12 per cent. of the laborers of Pennsylvania could secure employment in the protected industries, while the other 88 per cent. had to pay bounty on almost every thing they ate and wore. The rich paid substantially nothing, but, on the contrary, realized immense profits out of the prevailing system of taxation. The prices of the necessities of life were frightfully increased to those who could purchase only in small quantities.

Owing to the Cordage Trust and similar evils, the American farmer had each year found himself growing poorer, until now in Ohio and Pennsylvania the land was worth less than half what it was twenty years ago. The depreciation in the value of farm lands in this country since 1870 was greater, in the speaker's judgment, than the cost of any manufactory in it. The farmer had to sell his wheat for the price fixed in Liverpool and less than it cost him. The farmer was forced to pay big bounty to the Cordage Trust for twine, owing to the McKinley bill. The farmer further found his poverty increased by the tax he had to pay on almost every thing he had to buy.

The laboring man were obliged to pay artificial prices for sugar on account of the Sugar Trust, kept alive by the McKinley bill. Seeing these things it was not strange that ministers of the gospel cried out that the laborer is looked upon as the beast of burden. And that Mr. Carnegie and his associates were responsible for every drop of blood shed at Homestead. These were not the ravings of anarchists, but Christian teachers. And what was true of the McKinely bill and the great group of gigantic monopolies which were nourished by it was true of reckless pension legislation.

The wickedness of such legislation was more apparent when it was known that every dollar voted to pensions involved a distinct diminution of the wages of labor. Eloquent millionaires spoke glibly of $150,000,000 voted for pensions, forgetting the vast sum came almost entirely from the earning of toilers. The speaker did not object to just pensions. An eminent divine had said that "every skulking camp follower, deserter and fraudulent claimant who had the effrontery to demand his bribe, if his vote shall become a commodity, will receive a pension."

What infinite dishonor such names brought to a pension roll dedicated to the heroes who went to the front. Speaking of silver, he said it was known that in the present year silver had been mined in vast quantities at a cost of 23 cents an ounce, and sold to the government at over 70 cents, so that it was probable our silver dollar was not worth over 50 cents. Yet there were hundreds of millions coined and stored in vaults, and thousands of tons uncoined stored in the same way.

Still the government continued to accumulate at the behest of the republican party, and the price of silver continued to drop. This was driving gold out of the country, and it was only a question of time when we would be reduced to a silver currency. All this was due to the election of Harrison in 1888. Such result should not have been secured at the expense of the moral degradation of the people.

It had come to be that men of large wealth had persuaded themselves that they were at liberty to pervert the government from its lofty functions of securing the greatest good to the greatest number, to taxing the majority in order to hand over these taxes as bounties to persons who will contribute large sums of money to carry on elections.

In 1888 $500,000 was used in Indiana. But that was not a patch to New York. The proportion of this corruption was appalling. The speaker said he had rather place money in the hands of a burglar to bribe a watchman to rob a bank than contribute money to be placed in the hands of Mr. Quay or Mr. Martin or Mr. Hackett to be used in politics.

BOODLE BY THE BUSHEL

Corruption Money From the Firms

Who Thrive Under Protection's Wing.

Pittsburg's Manufacturers Contribute Liberally to the Republican Campaign Fund.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 17.—The republican fat frying work has been gone through with here and panned out pretty well, all things considered. The total so far sent to the national headquarters by the protected interests of Pittsburg has been not far from $100,000 exclusive of two personal checks sent direct to the committee, one of $100,000 by Andrew Carnegie, and the other of $50,000 by B. F. Jones, Blaine's old national chairman. The entire amount Pennsylvania is expected to give to a corruption fund for use exclusively in New York and Indiana is $250,000. Over half of that has been raised already, Pittsburg doing a little less than its share. It was hard to get the money here, and several trips of messengers from national headquarters were necessary. The first one sent here was a New York newspaper reporter, whose ostensible object was to gather "educational" matter for use in the campaign. How well he succeeded is the story told in the appended list of "education" contributed by the protected firms of this city.

In many instances this original subscription has been doubled, and very few on the list have given less than 5 per cent. over their first contribution. This does not include the sums each has been assessed by county and state committees. When the energetic young man who gathered this $75,000 worth of "education" left Pittsburg he went to Cleveland, Canton, Akron, Steubenville, Bellaire, Youngstown and Cincinnati, where he got some more "educational statistics," in some places meeting with far more success in proportion to the amount of "protection" than he did in Pittsburg. This is the list and amounts of fat first fried out of Pittsburg iron and steel and glass manufacturers:

Iron and steel—Carnegie Steel company (Limited), $10,000; Jones & Laughlins, $10,000; Park Bros. & Co. (limited), $4,000; Singer, Mnick & Co., $4,000; A. M. Byers & Co., $3,000; Shoenberger & Co., $3,000; Boston Iron and Steel company, $2,500; Oliver Iron and Steel company, $2,500; Crescent Steel company, $2,000; Howe, Brown & Co., $2,000; J. Painter & Sons company, $2,000; W. Dewees Wood company, $2,000; Linden Steel company, $1,500; LaBelle Steel company, $1,500; Lindsay & McCutcheon, $1,500; William Clark's Sons & Co., $1,000; H. Lloyd, Sons & Co., $1,000; Lockhart Iron and Steel company, $1,000 Moorehead Bros. & Co., $1,000; Pittsburg Forge and Iron company, $1,000; United States Iron and Tin Plate Manufacturing company, $1,000; Spang Steel company, Laughlin & Co., $1,000; Isabella furnace, $1,000; Apollo Iron and Steel company, $500; Brown & Co., $500; Carbon Iron company, $500; Canonsburg Iron and Steel company, $500; Chartiers Iron and Steel company, $500; Clinton Iron and Steel company, $500; Kirkpatrick & Co., $500; Moorehead-McCleane company $500; Republic Iron Works, $500; Wellsville Plate and Sheet Iron company, $500; Anderson, Depuy & Co., $500; Jennings Bros & Co., $500; Latrobe Steel works, $500; Sterling Steel company, $500; Carrie Furnace company, $500; Wallace, Bonfield & Co., $300; Keystone Rolling Mill company, $250; James B. Scott & Co., $250; J. W. Friend & Co., $250; Apollo Sheet Iron works, $250; Edith Furnace company, $250.

Metal brokers—A. H. Childs, $250; James Collard, $250; H. G. Dravo, $250; F. H. Hoffstot, $250.

Glass manufacturers—Pittsburg Plate Glass company, $2,000; United States Glass company, $250; Chambers & McKee company, $500; Charleroi Plate Glass company, $500; Howard Plate Glass company, $250; Wm. McClully & Co., $250; McKee Bros., $200; J. T. & A. Hamilton, $100; W. H. Hamilton & Co., $100; Thomas Evans company, $100; Chambers Glass company, $100; R. C. Schmertz & Co., $100; Thomas Wightman Glass company, $100; C. L. Flaccus Glass company, $500; Libbey Bros., $50; Brownsville Plate Glass company, $50; Abel, Smith & Co., $50; Dittridge & Co., $50.

THE GREAT WALKING MATCH.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Precisely at midnight this morning the great six days' walking match was started in the Second regiment armory, World's Champion J. J. Corbett giving the word to go. Among the participants are George Cartwright, the Englishman whose 50 mile record remains untouched. Gust Guegiene, the Spaniard, holder of the world's 72-hour record; Harry J. Stevens, champion of the west, Pete Hegelm, who has a record of 25 miles two hours and forty-one minutes, Chas. W. Ashinger, winner of the international six days' bicycle race in this city last winter, Cowboy Smith, Old Sport Campana and several lesser pedestrian lights.

TO FORCE AN ATTENDANCE.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Several deputies have resolved to support in the chamber a measure fining absent members 10 francs a day, the amount of the fine to be deducted from the official salary. The measure is intended to reduce to a minimum the absenteeism from which the chamber has suffered serious embarrassment frequently in recent years.

WAS IN COLLISION.

London, Oct. 17.—The schooner Guildarrived at Gravesend considerably damaged above the water line, the result of hall from Hamburg for New York has a recent collision.

WILY REILLY.

Singular Dilemma of a Young Railroader.

Betrothed to Two Girls at the Same Time.

He Leaves the City the Night Before His Marriage—Cornered, but Not Captured.

John Reilly, a prominent young railroader in the employ of the Lake Shore at Air Line Junction, has furnished the good people of the Fifth ward with a sensation that has set all tongues a-wagging.

John is a gay Lothario, and consequently something of a masher. He came here from St. Louis two years ago, leaving a young lady there who claimed him as her betrothed. Whether the old proverb of out of sight out of mind was true in John's case or not is not proven, but at any rate John proceeded to woo and win Miss Jennie Joseph, a Fifth ward belle.

John and Jennie were to have been married one week ago to-day. A week ago last evening they were returning from Father McCarthy's, where they had made arrangements for the wedding the following morning, when John happened to remember that Mr. and Mrs. John Brogan, 234 Bloomfield street, were having a christening, and having an "invite," he dropped in for an hour or so.

There was quite a party present, and all were having a good time when who should drop in but John's two sisters and his betrothed No. 2.

The St. Louis girl—a Miss Carroll by name—has been a visitor at the Reilly residence for a couple of weeks and came here, it is said, at John's invitation, for the purpose of marrying him.

The fickle John was in a predicament. The exact situation was known to but a few in the house, and to those few it was mighty interesting. He was between the horns of a dilemma, and he knew it.

It was his duty to take his betrothed home, but which of them he should take was the question.

Both girls watched his every movement, and if he left the room for a moment they were after him.

The Toledo girl had a dead cinch on John's overcoat and hat, and when John finally left the room for a moment she felt it was all right, as his hat and coat were still there.

The minutes grew into hours, but John failed to return.

The situation grew exciting, and Mrs. Brogan proceeded to investigate.

It appears that on gaining the street Reilly asked the loan of a friend's hat to go on a little errand. The hat was readily given, and John nor the hat have been seen since.

Neither of the girls knew of the situation for some time, and then both thought the other was playing her a trick, and both stayed by the coat and the hat, but the fellow that they longed for never came.

Miss Carroll finally obtained possession of John's goods and chattels, and when she left for her home in St. Louis Saturday morning it is claimed that she had her sweetheart's overcoat in her trunk, and that she will present it with her hand and heart, as soon as she reaches St. Louis, where it is said the fickle John is awaiting her coming.

Some highly flavored incidents are told by Fifth ward gossips anent the affair, but the above, without going into details, contains about the straight facts.

CLEARED THE STREET.

A Mad Dog in Philadelphia Streets.

The Animal Tears a Little Flower Girl and Two Rescuers Feel His Fangs.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17.—A big dog with froth covered lips and open jaws ran up Chestnut street and for fifteen minutes he kept that thoroughfare from Third to Ninth streets in a whirl of excitement and fright.

He turned into Chestnut from Third with a rush just as the clock struck the hour and his appearance was the signal for a wild rush for safety on the part of the people walking on the sidewalks. There was a cry of "mad dog," but it did not gain headway any faster than the beast himself, as he tore along the gutter to Fourth street, and there obtained undisputed possession of the right of way.

Half way up the block he caught up with Louis Myers, a young man who lives at No. 813 Montgomery avenue, and bit him in the leg. Then he set out for a little flower girl known on the streets as Jennie Webb and caught her as she stumbled and fell in front of the Ledger building. Half a dozen men made a rush to save the girl from being torn to pieces and a quick scramble ensued, in which the dog got all the best of it. He slipped out of the crowd after biting the girl and two of her would be rescuers, Dr. F. B. Hazel, of No. 841 North Broad street, and W. H. Bowker, thirty-five years old, who lives at No. 1029 Ross street. The girl was bitten on the wrist and ankle and both Dr. Hazel and Bowker were caught in the calf of the left leg.

At Seventh street the crowd was scattered in every direction at the sight of the flying beast, but not all of them escaped. The dog dashed straight for them and at the door of the Press office caught and severely bit Charles J. Ebringer, the treasurer of the Empire bath, in the ankle. Before Ebringer could open the swinging doors the dog's fangs had been fastened on the calf of a man seeking the same source of escape, John E. Boyd, the manager of Snellenberg's store, at Twelfth and Market streets. Both men fell and the dog continued his wild career, crossing the street to the opposite sidewalk, and snapping right and left as the crowd fled in front of him.

In front of Greene's hotel a party of men, ignorant of the cause of the excitement, stood and watched the people rush by. A yelp and a flash of the flying white as the dog made for them first apprised them of the danger and then it was too late. L. N. Woodruff, of Montgomery, Ala., and Edward E. Moore, of Newton, Mass., two guests of the hotel, were bitten in their scramble to escape, and Andrew Marks, a Camden tailor, dropped and never recovered an overcoat which he had carried on his arm. Both Woodruff and Moore were bitten in the ankles and both received severe and painful injuries.

By this time the whole neighborhood was aroused, and men and boys with guns and clubs and pistols began to appear along the sidewalk. The dog tore across Eighth street and in front of the Continental hotel it met the vanguard of the fast gathering enemy. Policeman A. H. Jones, of the reserve force, stood directly in its path with upraised club, and when the beast's rush brought it within a couple of feet of his legs he swung his weapon with all his strength. There was a crash, a feeble cry, a tangle of blue coats, brass buttons and white hair, and then Policeman Jones walked away, leaving the dog's body with no life or breath in it, stretched out in the gutter.

Russian salad bowls, $10—Cawood's.

IT ISN'T FREE TRADE.

Tariff Reform does not necessarily mean free trade. It means an improvement of the weak points of the present system. That's something that ought to be popular with everybody. The new "Tariff Reform" cakes baked by Wurts-Kirk-Bigelow are popular with everybody already. One reason is they are simply delightful cakes. Another reason is they represent a popular sentiment; popular with both republicans and democrats. You can get "Tariff Reform" cakes from your grocer. If he hasn't them in stock tell him to get them for you.

Euchre prizes, $1, $2—Cawood's.

Mr. A. D. Leonard

Of Utica, N. Y., suffered severely from Liver and Kidney troubles, causing great pain and That Tired Feeling. Other medicines failed to do him any good, but so successful and satisfactory was Hood's Sarsaparilla that he has taken no other medicine and is now well. The best known **kidney and liver** remedies are so happily combined with tonics and alteratives in

Hood's Sarsaparilla

that it is an unequalled remedy for all troubles with these important organs, overcomes That Tired Feeling and **makes the weak strong.**

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

SEEN ON THE STAGE,

But Seldom Witnessed in Actual Life.

A Tottering Gray Haired Consul Victimized.

Was in His Second Childhood and Gave His Heart and His Cash Away at the Same Time.

New York, Oct. 17.—Tottering and gray haired Consul General Domingo L. Ruiz of the republic of Ecuador, who was arrested on two charges of forgery, was taken to Jefferson Market police court by Detective Sergeant Hickey. The prisoner's son was present in court with Lawyer Price, who had been engaged to defend him. During the brief proceedings before Justice Ryan the fact was disclosed that Mr. Ruiz, who is in his dotage, has been for some time in the hands of a band of conspirators who have fleeced him out of $30,000, and in their greed for more money induced him to indorse the two $1,000 notes bearing the forged signature of Consul Gustave Preston.

The principal in the conspiracy which has led to the downfall of the venerable consul general is said to be Mrs. Bertha Laws, his adopted daughter. A warrant has been issued and she was arrested. The friends of Mr. Ruiz say the old man has fallen completely under the influence of this woman and has blindly obeyed her bidding for some time past, while she lived in luxury at his expense.

He first became acquainted with her through an advertisement. His wife was in the country and his daughter in Europe and he advertised for a housekeeper. Mrs. Laws answered the advertisement and she was engaged. She was then known as Miss Bertha Krundstat, of Stockholm, Sweden. She soon got into the consul general's good graces and in the course of a few weeks made him believe that she was his daughter by a woman other than his wife.

She seemed to rejoice in her discovery of her long-lost father and was very affectionate to him. Mr. Ruiz, who is 71 years old and in his second childhood, adopted Bertha as his daughter. This led to an estrangement with his wife and children and he went to live with the woman. A short time later Bertha introduced her husband to her "father." He was William Laws, a bookmaker and general sporting man, who is said to be now in St. Louis.

The "father" was delighted that his "daughter" had married so well and readily forgave her deception in representing herself as unmarried. He continued to lavish money on her until he had expended $30,000, nearly all he possessed. Bertha needed more money, and the old consul general, acting under her guidance, went to Boston and called on Consul Preston. He told the consul he needed $3,000 to make up a sum of $10,000 he was obliged to pay.

Mr. Preston did not have that amount of money at hand but he cheerfully gave him his note for $3,000, as Mr. Ruiz was a friend of his and had secured his appointment as consul for Ecuador at Boston. Then Mr. Ruiz and Mrs. Laws, who had accompanied him to Boston, returned here and she proceeded to spend the $3,000. He had introduced him to Simon Epstein, a man who is well known to the police here, and he had advanced cash on the note. But $3,000 did not last her long, and in three weeks she needed more money. As Mr. Ruiz did not know where to get any the conspirators concocted a scheme to raise it, believing that if the truth came out the consul general's friends would come to his relief.

But in this they were mistaken. Mr. Ruiz's son and his lawyer stated in court to-day that they are cognizant of the conspiracy, know all concerned in it and intend to have them punished. Mr. Ruiz states that in August last his adopted daughter came to him with the two $1,000 forged notes and said that "Mr. Preston was a real nice man."

That knowing the consul general to be financially embarrassed he had sent him by mail the two notes. Mr. Ruiz was only too happy to get the notes, which he never suspected to be forgeries, and at once, at her desire, indorsed them. One of the notes was cashed by Epstein who protected himself by taking a chattel mortgage on the furniture in the house the consul general had furnished for Mrs. Laws.

The second note was negotiated by a man named R. Milo, who died on Friday and was buried to-day. Before the notes reached Consul Preston they passed through the hands of Hyman Israel, the owner of the burned Hotel Royal, Henry Pohalsk and the National Butchers' and Drovers' bank. When the note Epstein held was pronounced a forgery he foreclosed the mortgage on the furniture in Mrs. Laws' house and caused the consul general's arrest on the charge of forgery.

Owing to Mr. Milo's death and the absence of important witnesses at his funeral the hearing of the case was adjourned till Wednesday and bail was fixed at $2,000. The consul general's son offered $2,000 in cash as security, but the justice could not receive it. To-morrow the money will be deposited with the city chamberlain and Mr. Ruiz will then be released. His counsel admits that the notes are forgeries, but denies that his client committed the forgery or was cognizant of it.

Don't commit suicide on account of your "incurable" blood disease. The sensible thing for you to do is to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If that fails, why, then—keep on trying, and it will not fail. The trouble is, people get discouraged too soon. "Try, try, try again."

EQUESTRIANS Are very desirable garments, and the sale is increasing. Lamson Bros. show the best line.

KILLED IN A RUNAWAY.

Upper Sandusky, O., Oct. 17.—(Special)—The horses driven by James Gordon, a young man from northwest of town, ran away while he was returning home last night. He was thrown violently to the ground and sustained injuries that caused his death within an hour.

Evening Silks. The latest weaves, with beautiful fancies for combinations, but no fancy prices at LAMSONS'.

Hundreds of rings, $2, $5—Cawood's.

TRADING THIS WEEK AT McELROY'S

WILL MEAN A GREAT SAVING OF MONEY. ALWAYS AS REPRESENTED.

A Great Saving in Black Dress Goods.

54-inch French Whip Cord for **$1.98** a yard.

54-inch Black English Cheviot for **$1.25** a yard.

20 pcs. Fine Black Crepons, different designs, for **98c** a yard.

42-inch Empress Cord, heavy weight, for **89c** a yard.

All-Wool 42-inch French Surah Cloth for **50c** a yard.

All of the above are our own special importations, and prices are guaranteed fully 25 to 50 per cent. less than regular retail prices.

A Great Saving in Buttons.

2 doz. for **10c** — 200 gross of Fine Dress Buttons, in a large variety of styles, worth from 10c to 25c a doz.

A Great Saving in Flannel Skirt Patterns

FOR **$1.00** — All-wool patterns in several varieties, largest size, same anywhere else costs $1.25.

A Great Saving in Cloaks.

Children's Garments in New Shapes, New Cloths, all of the best. Money-saving prices.

Ladies' Jackets in all the correct styles, meaning a saving of from $1.50 to $5.00 on every garment.

R. L. McELROY, 209 and 211 SUMMIT STREET.

BOUND FOR CHICAGO.

Maryland's Delegation Off for the World's Fair.

Baltimore, Oct. 17.—The advance guard of Maryland's distinguished citizens who will visit the dedicatory ceremonies of the world's fair buildings left for Chicago this morning.

Ex-Mayor James Hodges, one of the world's fair commissioners, took out a large party, officially invited, in special cars over the Pennsylvania railroad. Gov. Brown and staff, traveling over the same route, started for Chicago in the afternoon. Their cars were decorated with the state and national colors.

Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop Satolli, Archbishop Ireland, Mgr. O'Connell and Rev. C. F. Thomas will leave for Chicago to-morrow morning. They will travel in a private car over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad and will be met outside of Chicago by the reception committee of the world's fair managers. Cardinal Gibbons will return the middle of next week. Mgr. Satolli and Mgr. O'Connell will accompany Archbishop Ryan to St. Paul.

Long and Short.

See our Cloaks and Jackets before you buy. No trouble to show goods.

Lamson Bros'.

Birthday cups, $1, $1.25, $2—Cawood's.

WATERSPOUT.

Thousands of Acres Covered Two Feet Deep.

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 17.—News reached here yesterday of a terrific waterspout that occurred Saturday in Nueces county on the King ranch.

A territory embracing 400,000 acres of land was flooded to a depth of two feet. It is a cattle country but no loss of stock is reported. The track of the Texas & Mexican National railroad was covered by a sea of water for a distance of 10 miles. The rain for many miles around was the heaviest ever known in that section.

The Double V. V.

Waists for children; also the famous Jersey fitting Waists, please the mothers

At Lamson Bros'.

ON A STRIKE.

Telegraph Operators Cut Out Their Keys.

Galveston, Tex., Oct. 17.—Precisely at 7 o'clock last night, in obedience to an order issued by C. B. Clark, chairman of the grievance committee, and Grand Chief Telegrapher D. G. Ramsay, the telegraph operators of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railway left their keys. It is understood the strike affects the telegraph service of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe system, extending from Galveston to Purcell, in the Indian territory.

Black Goods.

When you want reliable goods at low prces, go to

Lamson Bros'.

HEAD END COLLISION.

Auburn, Ind., Oct. 17.—A head end collision occurred yesterday morning three miles east of this place on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. Charles Henthorn, of Obisco, Ind., head brakeman, and John Lanning, fireman, of Garrett, both of the westbound train, were fatally injured.

Skirts.

In Cloak department you will find bargains in ready-made goods. In Flannel department, first floor, we show 75 styles of pattern Skirts in different qualities.

Lamson Bros'.

KILLED HIS WIFE.

New York, Oct. 17.—Gustave Voyst, a painter residing at Glencove, L. I., shot and killed his wife during a quarrel last night. It is supposed Voyst shot his wife during a drunken frenzy. Both were hard drinkers and Voyst was exceedingly jealous of the woman. He was locked up.

Silk Lined.

We show some new styles of ladies' Jackets.

Lamson Bros'.

MRS. HARRISON.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Mrs. Harrison was reported this morning to have slept well last night, but awoke somewhat weaker than yesterday. At noon there is no material change noticeable in her condition.

Real Novelties

In Fancy Hosiery, at

Lamson Bros'.

NEPTUNE ASHORE.

London, Oct. 17.—The Norwegian bark Neptune, from Perth Amboy August 27 for Stettin, is ashore near Hoganas. A tug has been sent to her assistance.

Opened To-Day.

New Dress Trimmings in black and colors, at

Lamson Bros'.

ACTRESS AN DRUTHOR.

New York, Oct. 17.—Miss Selina Fetter, the actress, and Edward Milton Royle, the author, were married at Christ church yesterday afternoon.

Railroad employes all believe in Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the old standby.

When in want of a good liniment, buy Salvation Oil, which costs only 25 cents.

Towels! Towels!

Always the best bargains at

Lamson Brothers'.

Russia's woolen industries employ 5,000. Carpet manufacturers employ 800.

Every Month

many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try

Bradfield's

Female Regulator

a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR

MENSTRUATION.

Book to "WOMAN" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

THAT VACANT ROOM!

The Door Is Always Closed.

How much pleasanter if t'were neatly furnished.

Can't afford it you say; that's the point.

Why not allow us to furnish it?

Your convenience is consulted in the payment.

Have you seen those Peninsula Stoves?

House Furnishers. GOLDBERG & JACOBSON, 434 Summit Street.

THE U. S. MAIL CHUTE

as in use in the leading modern office buildings, apartment houses and hotels, is furnished by arrangement with the Post Office Department in connection with the U. S. Free Collection Service, and under the Cutler System of Mail Chute and Mail Box patents, only by the

Cutler Manufacturing Co.,

Please write for a circular. Rochester, N. Y.

PATENTS PROCURED —BY— WM. WEBSTER Patent Attorney, 311 Superior Street, Toledo, O. Phone 858.

BUOYANCY OF BODY

can never be realized when the bowels do not act as nature intends they should. Instead, there is headache, weight in the stomach after eating, acidity and belching up of wind, low spirits, loss of energy, unsociability and forebodings of evil. An unhappy condition, but

TUTT'S Tiny Liver Pills

will relieve it and give health and happiness. They are worth a trial.

LADIES WHO VALUE

A refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft and beautiful skin.

City Auditor's Office.

Toledo, O., Oct. 3, 1892.

The committee on ways and means of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1892,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of General Street Improvement Bonds to the amount of Twenty-Five Thousand ($25,000) Dollars.

Said improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2264 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, as amended March 31, 1891, and also an ordinance of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio. "Which provides for the issue of General Street Improvement Bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Sundry Street and Sewer Intersections to the amount of $25,000."—Passed Sept. 12, 1892.

Said bonds shall be of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars each, and be dated September 1, 1892, to run a period of twenty (20) years, and made payable at the Importers' and Traders' National Bank in the City of New York, with interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place, to be evidenced by proper coupons to be attached to said bonds.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the bonds, so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to law, all monies or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the city auditor subject to his call except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the city of Toledo, and shall become the property of said city, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the Auditor of the city of Toledo, Ohio," and be endorsed "Proposals for General Street Improvement Bonds."

JAS. H. PHEATT, City Auditor.

first pub mon oct-3-10-17-24-31

BALLOTS.

Sealed proposals for printing, binding and enclosing the official ballots for use in Lucas county at the general election, November 8, 1892, will be received by the Board of Elections at this office, Room 113 "Nasby," Huron street, Toledo, Ohio, until noon, Wednesday, October 26th, 1892.

All bids must conform to specifications on file at said office. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of Board of Elections.

C. F. CURTIS, President.

Attest: H. E. King, Secretary. 14oct3

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; no objection to middle-aged woman. Enquire Maumee House, Maumee, O. 14oct6

NOTICE.

I hereby wish to warn everybody from trusting my wife, Mary Bruetsch, for anything, as from to-day I shall not pay any debts made by her.

ADAM BRUETSCH.

Toledo, O., Oct. 14, 1892. 14oct3

The Mormon Elders' Book on Sexual Strength, mailed free to married men, address F. A. Crouch, 32 Grand St., New York

A MAGNIFICENT PRIZE CONTEST.

In what year was the famous old "Liberty Bell" first rung in Philadelphia?

The Home Jewel will give an elegant Chickering pure-toned, upright piano to the first person answering the above question correctly; two first-class round-trip railroad tickets to Chicago and return and admission tickets for two to World's Fair grounds to witness dedication of buildings October 21, 1892, for each of next two correct answers; a gold decorated China dinner set for the fourth correct answer.

An additional special prize, a beautiful pair of gold and pearl opera glasses, will be given for the first correct answer from each state. Each person answering must send fifteen two-cent stamps for 6 mos. subscription to *The Home Jewel*, the illustrated family paper containing particulars of our prize competition for a free trip to California or Florida. The object of offering these prizes is to increase the circulation of this excellent family paper. Send to-day and you may secure a costly prize. Names of all prize-winners in October number. Write plainly name, post-office, express office, county and state. Address *The Home Jewel*, Suite 601, Manhattan Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Lucas County, Ohio, made on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1892, in the case of Mary Wening, guardian of George Wening, against her said ward, the undersigned will, on the 29th day of October, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the door of the court house in said county, offer at public sale the following described real estate, to-wit:

The undivided one-half (1-2) of the northwest seventy-four and 25-100 (74.25) feet of lots number eight hundred and seventy-nine (879) and number eight hundred and eighty (880) in the Vistula division of the City of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio, appraised at $3,500. Also the undivided one-half (1-2) of all that part of the east half of the northwest quarter of section seventeen (17), town nine (9), south range eight (8) east, lying west of the Manhattan road and north of the five acres heretofore sold to William Durian, being forty-three acres of land, more or less, and situate in Lucas County, Ohio. Appraised at $3,010.

Terms of sale, one-third cash on day of sale, one-third in one year and one-third in two years thereafter; deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on the premises sold, and to bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable annually.

MARY WENING.
Guardian of George Wening.
Geo. H. Beckwith, Att'y.
first pub mon oct-3-10-17-24

City Auditor's Office.

Toledo, O., Oct. 3, 1892.

The committee on ways and means of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1892,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of Street Improvement Bonds to the amount of Nine Hundred and Three and 26-100 ($903.26-100) Dollars, bearing date Oct. 16, 1892, and payable as follows: Ninety-three 26-100 Dollars on April 16, 1893, and Ninety Dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including Oct. 16, 1897, at the office of the city treasurer with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2704 to 2707 of the revised statutes of the state of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio. "To provide for the issue of Improvement Bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of the alley between St. Clair street and Superior street, from Jefferson street to Madison street."—Passed Dec. 21, 1891.

The denomination of these bonds will be first payment one bond of $93.26-100 and thereafter one of $90 each payment.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the bonds, so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to law, all monies or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the city auditor subject to his call except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the city of Toledo, and shall become the property of said city, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the Auditor of the city of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for Improvement bonds."

JAS. H. PHEATT, City Auditor.

first pub mon oct-3-10-17-24-31

Mrs. Edward Myers.

Torturing Erysipelas.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES EVER REPORTED.

Mrs. Myers' Hand Amputated. Her Life Saved.

The case of Mrs. Edward Myers, of Athens, N. Y., furnishes an apt illustration of a woman's power of endurance. This lady had been treated for months in the usual way for **Erysipelas** of the h

CLEVELAND'S

One rounded teaspoonful of Cleveland's Baking Powder does more and better work than a heaping teaspoonful of any other. A large saving on a year's bakings.

BAKING POWDER

A pure cream of tartar powder. Used in the U. S. Army and by teachers of Cookery.

Cleveland's is the standard, it never varies, it does the most work, the best work and is perfectly wholesome, as it contains no ammonia, no alum, no adulteration.

On October 17, 1849, Frederic Chopin, the illustrious composer and pianist, died in Paris.

He was born near Warsaw, in 1810, and was one of unhappy Poland's greatest sons. Frail, sickly, and not precocious, he began the study of the piano when nine years old and subsequently settled in Paris, which was to be the scene of his greatest triumphs, and death after nine years of ill-health.

There is one thing in the house that ought to be good.

You use it more than anything you've got except clothing.

It should be soft, elastic, durable, clean and comfortable.

It ought to be

A GOOD MATTRESS.

We'd like to show you about mattresses—about the materials that go inside a really first-class bed.

Come!

THE

Meilink Furniture Co.

AMUSEMENTS.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday, October 19,

HAVERLY'S MASTODON MINSTRELS

Under the Personal Direction of J. H. Haverly. Direct from a six months' run at Haverly's Casino, Chicago. Billy Rice, E. M. Hall, E. M. Kane and others. No parade—but a Grand Free Open-Air Band Concert at 8 o'clock p. m., at P. O. corner.

Prices, 25, 50, 75c and $1. Sale opens to-day.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.

Thursday and Friday, October 20 and 21,

DANIEL FROHMAN'S SPECIALTY COMPANY

Presenting the two Greatest Successes of the New York Lyceum Theater.

Thursday—"THE CHARITY BALL."

Friday—"THE WIFE."

A Stronger Company than Ever. New and Complete Scenery.

Prices—25, 50, 75c and $1. Sale opens Tuesday next, Oct. 25, Reed and Collier.

PEOPLE'S ALL THIS WEEK.

Matinee Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Extra Matinee Friday, Columbus Day.

LINCOLN J. CARTER'S "THE FAST MAIL"

This is the Show with the Freight Train.

PRICES—Evenings, 15, 25, 35, 50 and 75c. Matinees, 15, 25 and 35 cents.

WONDERLAND

Every Afternoon and Evening.

A REAL CIRCUS | PROF. MATHEWS AND TROUP OF PERFORMING GOATS

Evaleen, the Water Queen; Billy Wells, Man with Iron Skull. THEATER—Mildred Novelty Co.

10c sees all. Theater seats, 5 and 10c.

PACIFIC GARDEN!

21 and 23 South Erie Street.

GRAND OPENING.

Under the management of Mr. B. H. White, of Fort Wayne, Ind.

First-Class Vaudeville Theater.

General Admission 10c
Balcony 25c
Matinees—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

PIANO, HARMONY, THEORY.

Miss Mary B. Hollister

Pupil of Martin Krause, Leipzig, Germany. Graduate of New England Conservatory of Music, Boston, under Otto Bendix, Carl Faelton, Louis Elson, Stephen Emory. STUDIO NO. 20, HURON BLOCK.

A BURNT CHILD DREADS THE FIRE.

When customers return regularly and confidently to our house, isn't it good evidence that they are satisfied? Our books show the names of many customers who have been with us since we started. Sentiment has nothing to do with it; it's business, and they like to do business where they get the BEST PHOTOGRAPHS for the least money.

Van Loo & Trost

328 Summit St.

ALL OVER THE CITY.

Minor Notes of Interest in the Local News Line,

Gathered by the Bee's Corps of Hustlers,

And Put in Shape for Perusal by People Who Are Pressed for Time—Happenings of the Day in a Nutshell

Board of councilmen to-night.

Try it—Spring '78 whisky—Kohler's.

Horse cars are a thing of the past in the Fifth and Ninth wards.

All the Catholic societies of the city will turn out on Columbus day.

Toledo will be well represented at the Chicago celebration this week.

The work of erecting the Broadway M. E. church is progressing rapidly.

A tea for committeemen is to be given at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow night.

The city council should look into the lack of sewerage through the Fifth ward.

The trial of Councilman Frank C. Tanner will likely be commenced on Thursday.

The Ohio Yacht Club directors will meet Thursday evening and organize for the year.

Several fine stone sidewalks are replacing the old wooden ones on Western avenue.

To-morrow evening a grand social and reception will be given at St. Paul's M. E. church.

A walnut 8-day clock, $3.50—Cawood's.

Henry & Gross sued Charles J. Pert in common pleas court to-day to recover $150 on a note.

A large number of the young folks of the city are taking advantage of the dancing schools.

Mr. Stephen Walsh has completed a fine new residence at the corner of Wade and Newton streets.

$10 buys a $15 mantel clock—Cawood's.

Rev. A. St. James, of Stryker, filled the pulpit of the Second Baptist church yesterday very successfully.

The gas trustees meet this evening. The session will be executive, in accordance with recent determination.

The Mystic Star Social club give their first social party at Weber's hall, East Toledo, Thursday, October 27.

$3.50 buys a $5 cake basket—Cawood's.

Invitations are out for the coming marriage of Mr. Ed Powers and Miss Mame Reagan, Tuesday, October 24.

The Fenneberg flats on Broadway have been completed and several families are already occupying the same.

Paddock, Hodge & Co. sued G. S. Wilson & Son in common pleas court to-day to recover $679.64 on an account.

Watches, $15, $20, $25—"Cawood's."

The Mite society of the Immaculate Conception church will meet with Mrs. Stover, Vinton street, Friday evening.

The Laurel Dancing club will open the season at Eversman's hall, Thursday evening with a select masquerade party.

Don't fail to attend the benefit dance, given by Court Lucas, No. 7399, A. O. F. of A., Wednesday evening, Oct. 19.

The Eurydice club will meet with Mrs. S. M. Jones, at 819 Huron street, between Walnut and Locust streets, this evening.

Diamond engagement rings—Cawood's.

Jacob Martin filed action in common pleas court to-day against Arthur & Martin, to obtain the re-conveyance of property.

C. A. White, a Detroit liveryman, was arrested here yesterday and taken back to Detroit. He is wanted there for stealing. He travels under the alias of Frank Leebold.

About 3 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was sent from the Libby glass works. It proved to be burning oil, which was quickly extinguished. No damage was done.

The oyster supper to have been given next Friday night by members of the Fifth Presbyterian church, has been postponed until November 4.

Geo. Brown sued the Northern Mutual Fire Insurance association in common pleas court to-day to recover $1,000, alleged to be due on a policy.

Lavery's Eyesight Testing rooms, in Walbridge building, No. 318 Summit street, are now open for business. Examinations free. Office hours, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

New stylish lace pins—"Cawood's."

This evening the various branches of the C. K. of A. will meet in Friendship hall for the purpose of arranging for turning out in a body on Columbus day.

The work of inclosing the new Immaculate Conception church has been commenced. The contractors expect to have the work completed by January 1.

Rev. J. W. Donnan, the Central Ohio conference evangelist, will begin revival services at the Monroe Street M. E. church Thursday evening, October 20.

Open soon—Cawood's art gallery.

A "pan cake" social will be given Wednesday evening by the teachers of Sargeant Sunday school at the chapel, corner of Buckeye and Ontario streets.

The Franco-German people of Toledo, will have a celebration at Memorial hall to-morrow night. Addresses will be made by Messrs. T. J. McDonnell and J. E. Pilliod.

At the Memorial Baptist church Wednesday evening the first oyster supper of the season will be given. The proceeds will go toward the erection of the new parsonage.

Photograviers on satin—Cawood's.

The Ketcham's horse Willard M. and George Ketcham's horse Lucy B. will race on the Cleveland mile track, Thursday, for $500. Toledo horsemen are taking great interest in the contest.

Grand celebration by the Franco-American people in honor of Columbus, Lafayette and Washington, Tuesday evening at Memorial hall. Addresses by T. J. McDonnell and James E. Pilliod.

Only two bids were received at noon today for the $100,000 issue of park bonds, these being from Spitzer & Co., of Toledo, and Seasongood & Mayer, of Cincinnati. Both firms bid par provided a commission was given.

Save money—Buy watches—Cawood's.

The following cases were marked settled in the common pleas court: Geo. E. House against the Toledo Consolidated company; same against the Toledo Bee company; same against the Toledo Blade company.

Ezra Dasseau was tried in police court this morning on the charge of assault with intent to rape. He gave his home as 204½ Lagrange street, and his occupation nothing. The complainant is Miss Minnie Sheehan. Dasseau was discharged on the charge of rape and held for assault and battery.

The report of Grand Secretary Jacob H. Bromwell, to be presented to the grand lodge of Masons Wednesday, will show a total membership of over 37,000 Masons in Ohio, which is a net increase of 1,444 since last year. The report also states that the cash balance in the hands of the grand treasurer amounts to about $22,000, which is an increase of about $1,100 during the year.

Have your watches repaired—Cawood's.

Robert Worden, Charles Thiem and Frank Eisenhart made a Sunday run from this city to Toledo on bicycles. They departed at 5 a. m., and took in Fremont, Hessville, Woodville and Genoa on the way, arriving in the Maumee city about noon. They dined at the Jefferson and report having been very cordially entertained by the Toledo wheelmen during their stay in that city. The return trip was made on the Lake Shore Boston flyer.—Sandusky Register, 17th.

W. T. Carrington Honored.

W. T. Carrington has been chosen a member of the board of general managers of the opening of the Auditorium in Chicago Wednesday evening.

Consolidated Road Again Sued.

In common pleas court to-day Wm. Ward sued the Consolidated Street Railway company to recover $15,000 damages for personal injury. Ward is the passenger who was struck by a motor car while standing on the step of another car on Summit street. His skull was injured.

Some Curious Things.

Evaline, the water queen, will be at the Wonderland this week. She lives at the bottom of a large tank of water, where she eats, drinks, reads and writes. Then there will be Billy Wells, the man who allows people to break large rocks on his head, and Prof. Matthews with his performing goats.

Bills in Equity.

In the United States court to-day were filed bills in equity to marshal's lien in the case of Otto L. Hays receiver of the Lima National bank v. M. C. Baxter and D. H. Tolan, and the same v. A. O. Bailey et al. In the latter the claim is for the recovery of a promissory note of $2,725.93.

The Put-in-Bay Railroad.

To-day there was filed in the United States court an order of Judge Ricks authorizing L. S. Baumgardner, as receiver of the Put-in-Bay Water Works, Light & Railroad company, to issue and sell bonds to the amount of $15,000 to be used in the care and maintenance of the property.

A Mystery Cleared Up.

Chas. Collax was hunting yesterday up the river, when he came upon the remains of a man floating on the water. The body proved to be that of Simeon Wagnet, who used to live on an island near the half-way house. About a week ago Wagnet's boat was found in the river bottom up and he had disappeared. Wagnet was 28 years of age and had no family.

The Clover Leaf Salted a Little Bit.

In common pleas court to-day a verdict was rendered in the case of John G. Isham against the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City Railway company, on hearing before Judge Lemmon, awarding the plaintiff $1,875. It was an action involving the value of the right of way of the road through Mr. Isham's farm near Waterville.

The Heavy Hardware Company.

A short time ago J. T. Greer purchased the Cray & Rood hardware stock from the receiver, for $25,275, as the trustee for the judgment creditors. On Saturday articles of incorporation were taken out and the business in the future will be conducted under the name of the Heavy Hardware company. The incorporators are J. T. Greer, M. J. Cooney, Wm. Von Behren, Edwin D. Cray, Geo. H. Cray. The capital stock authorized is $30,000.

Death of Frank Sheeler.

The many friends of Mr. Frank Sheeler will be pained to learn of his death, which occurred in Muncie, Ind., last night. Mr. Sheeler, up to three weeks ago, was employed at Mockett's, and was formerly with the Lion Dry Goods company. He is a brother of Mrs. George Cromwell and of Mr. Albert Sheeler, of this city. He has not been well for some time past, being afflicted with that fatal disease, consumption. He will be missed by friends innumerable, both at home and abroad. The funeral will occur at Canal Dover.

Death of A. G. Williams.

Word received in this city to-day announces the death of Mr. A. G. Williams, at his home in Perrysburg, at 3 o'clock this morning. The deceased was well and favorably known in Toledo, having been connected with the Stevens Filter company. He took sick about a week ago. Mr. Williams was one of the lay delegates to the recent session of the general conference of the M. E. church at Omaha, representing the Central Ohio conference, and was always active in church work. His death will be a sad loss to Perrysburg, and in a measure to Toledo.

Two Big Attractions.

Two events in the present theatrical season will be the attractions at Wheeler's Friday and Saturday evenings, when Mr. Daniel Frohman's Lyceum Theater company will present The Charity Ball and The Wife, both the strongest of plays. The Charity Ball will be given Friday evening and The Wife Saturday. Among the well-known actors who will appear are Messrs. Arthur Elliot, Lincoln Wagonhals, W. A. Sands, Homer Granville, Fred Conger, H. A. Sheldon, A. W. Gregory, and the Misses Francis Drake, Ethel Greyborke, Blanche Weaver and Jean Coye.

In the theater the attraction will be the Mildred Novelty company, with Mildred and Rouchie at the head. There will also be the Salambos, the electrical wonders, Lenz Brothers, the Vienna wonders, Kitty Sharp in songs and dances, and Mites and Ireland, Irish comedians.

The Pastors' Union.

The regular meeting of the Pastors' union was held this morning, and there was a large attendance. After devotional exercises, the secretary's report was read and approved. Rev. T. S. Buckingham suggested that the Pastors' union appoint a standing committee to take notice and action in any moral issue that may come up. The motion will be acted upon at the next meeting.

Rev. Bacon, who was to have read the paper of the day, was absent, and in consequence Rev. W. E. C. Wright, district secretary of the American Missionary Association of the Middle District, was introduced and gave a bright and interesting talk on the education of the negro in the south. He voiced the sentiment of the southern people of to-day and told what was being accomplished.

This was followed by a talk on the negro question by Rev. O. P. Ross, who has recently resigned as pastor of Warren chapel. Mr. Ross is an intelligent and witty speaker, and his many good points were appreciated. He is now associated with Christian work in Vicksburg, Miss.

Rev. John Wesley Asbury, who is to assume the duties of pastor of Warren chapel, was present and introduced to the members.

A Successful Organization

The delegates who left here Saturday evening for Waterville, where they were to assist in the organization of a Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, returned this morning, feeling that the occasion was a very pleasant and profitable one, and that their mission was fully accomplished.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock a conference of young people was held, for the purpose of discussing the advisability of organizing, and in the evening the following appropriate program was enjoyed by all present:

Song service.
Scriptural reading.
Prayer—Rev. W. H. Blair.
Paper, The Y. P. S. C. E., "What It Is"—Miss Ethel Bentley.
Song, "Blest be the Tie that Binds."
Paper, The Y. P. S. C. E., "What It Does"—Miss Ida Kern.
Solo and chorus, "Christian Endeavor Band"—Miss Ethel Bentley.
Paper, The Y. P. S. C. E., "Why It Is Denominational and Inter-Denominational—Miss Ella Wagoner.
Duet and chorus, "Faith Is the Victory"—Misses Ida and Julia Kern.
Paper, The Y. P. S. C. E., "Its Relation to the Church"—F. N. Rhoades.
Solo, "The Way of the Cross"—Rev. W. H. Blair.

The society was then organized, with 16 active and seven associate members, and the following officers:

H. F. Vanfleet, president.
Miss Belle Russell, vice-president.
George Fisher, recording secretary.
D. J. Farnsworth, corresponding secretary.
Miss Leo Vanfleet, treasurer.

Did Not Occur in New York House.

Mr. John J. O'Gorman, proprietor of the New York house, called at the Bee office this morning and complained of the article connecting his house with the arrest of Kittie Weber and Chas. J. Mack, mentioned in Saturday evening's issue. The arrest was made by Detective Nichter on the street, and not in the house. Those who know Mr. Gorman are well acquainted with the fact that such an occurrence could not take place with his knowledge, and in so far as his name is connected with the article the Bee is glad to make the correction, and regrets the publicity given.

THE NEUHAUSEL BUILDING.

Mathew Donovan Gets the Contract For the Iron Work.

Saturday afternoon the contract for the iron work of the proposed Neuhausel building, to be erected on Summit street, was awarded to Mr. Mathew Donovan. The price was $5,000. The balance of the contract will be awarded some day this week.

POLISH PARADE.

The People of the St Hedwig's Parish Visit the New Church.

Yesterday the people of St. Hedwig's parish visited the new church, corner of Dexter and Lagrange streets, in a body. Polish societies, headed by a band, paraded the streets and made an excellent showing.

The time for dedicating the new church has not been definitely settled, but probably will not take place before spring.

POSSIBLE PERJURY.

The Indicted Councilmen In for More Trouble.

The grand jury convenes in adjourned session November 21, and it is more than probable that the report of that body will add more interest to the pending boodle sensation.

During the Daly trial several councilmen swore, on cross-examination, that they attended meetings of the alleged combination, but directly denied Swain's testimony relative to the object of the meetings, and what transpired.

They denied, point blank, the stenographic report of the interview held at the Pluto oil office, which was corroborated by the testimony of Geo. E. Lorenz, August Machen, F. M. Smith, and Stenographer Bassett.

A Bee was informed this morning, on good authority, that an effort would be made to indict one of the members, who is not under indictment, on the charge of perjury.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

Presiding Elder Pope Announces the Same—Other Announcements.

Rev. Dr. Pope, presiding elder of the Toledo district, has made the following announcements of meetings for the first quarter of the present conference year:

October 16—Bethany, Clark street.
October 23—Oak Harbor, La Carne, Detroit avenue.
October 30—Swanton, Metamora.
November 6—Wauseon, Liberty Center, Delta.
November 13—Prairie Depot, Bettsville.
November 20—Waterville, Maumee.
November 27—Pemberville, Perrysburg, Tontogany.
December 4—Bowling Green, Portage, West Toledo.
December 11—Weston, Grand Rapids.
December 18—Elmore, Genoa, Sylvania.
December 25—Third Street, St. Paul's, Gibsonburg.
January 1—St. John's, Albany Street.
January 8—Monroe Street, Broadway.

District stewards' meeting at St. Paul's, Tuesday, October 25, at 1:30 p. m.

District conference at Bawling Green, Monday and Tuesday, November 14 and 15.

A BUNCH OF DATES.

Club and Society Meetings to Be Held This Week.

The Political Equality club held a business meeting at the residence of Mrs. Judge Bentley, on Superior street, Saturday afternoon. The meeting was called for the purpose of completing arrangements for the lecture to be given under the auspices of the club, on Wednesday evening next, at Memorial hall annex. The lecture will be delivered by Mrs. Lide Meriwether, of Tennessee, on The Silent Seven.

The Dante club meets with the president, Mrs. Sara Foley, this evening.

The Isabella Circle meets with Mrs. Romeyn Rogers, 920 East Broadway, Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

The Home Aid association holds the semi-monthly meeting Tuesday evening.

The Henrietta L. Monroe W. C. T. U. is meeting in the Bartlett street church this afternoon. The union will give a musical entertainment and oyster supper at Memorial hall annex Wednesday evening, October 26. The union is young, and the entertainment is given for the purpose of increasing the membership and the finances. They ask and expect the patronage of all temperance people.

The New Century club will be entertained by the Misses Law, 1231 Huron street, on Friday evening next. The Life and Career of Columbus will be the subject of the paper and discussion.

Mrs. S. M. Jones, 819 Huron street, will entertain the Eurydice club this evening.

Fine line of Windsor Ties at Lamsons'.

The difference between organized and unorganized labor across the water is seen in the fact that London bakers, unorganized, work eighty hours a week, while Manchester bakers, organized, work fifty hours a week.

New To-Day.

Misses' Jackets. See them. Prices right, at

Lamson Bros.

The pine tree is said to attain an age of 500 to 700 years.

The peach is of Persian origin and the apricot of Syrian. The former fruit is mentioned by classical writers as early as 200 B. C., but the latter not till 30 A. D.

Infants' tan and red Cashmere Hosiery At LAMSONS'.

The greatest number of deaths from earthquake shock was at Yeddo, Japan, in 1703, when 190,000 people, it is estimated, lost their lives in the terrible seismic upheaval.

For Dust Pleatings, go to Lamsons'.

Lecture, Wednesday night, Oct. 19, at Memorial Hall Annex, by Lide Merriwether. Subject, "The Silent Seven."

Bunting for Decorating. | RED, WHITE and BLUE striped, at LAMSONS'.

Canadian school teachers and some Canadian editors are still writing of "colour," "labour" and "candour," and if an offender is locked up they say he has gone to "gaol."

Fine line Embroidered Pillow Shams At LAMSONS'.

The picture on one of the new Columbian postage stamps, it is announced, will be that of "The Santa Maria, Columbus' flagship, after Alfred Harrison." It will be known as the flight and pursuit of Alfred.

Cameo Draperies, Printed Cashmeres, Mailtese Chevrons, The latest Novelties in Dress Materials. | In our Wash Goods Department. Lamson Bros.

LAKE MARINE.

Vessel Passages Through the Straits and Rivers.

Lime Kilns, Oct. 17. Down—Scott, 6:30 last night; Michael Groh, 7; Clark, Williams, Mosher, Carpenter, Steward, 8:30; Healy, 10:30; Badger State, 11; Bulgaria, Northwest, 11:40; Corona, Charles Lockwood and consort, 1:30 a. m.; Haskell, 1:50; Tempest and barges, Locke, 2; America, 2:15; Green, Georger, 3; Porter, St. Lawrence, 3:10; Bradley and consorts, 5; Henry Chisholm and consorts, 5:15; Dwyer, 6; Egan, Church, 7:20; Lasalle, 7:40; Calvin, Ceylon, 8; Hiawatha, Foster, 8:40; Desmond and barges, 9:20; Devereaux, Northern, Queen, 10:40.

Up—Wilbur, Oceanica, 6:15 last night; Wyoming, Energy, Nassau, Adventurer, 7:40; Mercer, 9; Mystic, Our Son, Murray, 10; William Chisholm, 10:40; Dean Richmond, Pontiac, 2; a. m.; Turner, barges, 2:40; Northern Wave, 5:50; Mahoning, 6:50 Sanilac, 7:40; Superior, consort, 10; Syracuse, 10:15; Nellie Torrent, barges, 11.

The Soo.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 17.—Up Kearsaw, Moonlight, Ironton, 10 last night; Livingstone, 3 a. m.; North Wind, 8; Caliha, R. R. Hodes, 9:30.

Down—Australasia, Tasmania, midnight; Sheriff O'Neil, 1 a. m.; Mariposa, 1:30; Roman, 2:30; Sibley, Twin Sister, 4; Shoues, Thomas Palmer, 6.

Mackinaw, Oct. 17.—Down—St. Paul, Scotia, 10:20 last night; Vulcan, 10:40; Pawnee and consort, 11:30; Tug Smith and consort, 12:40 a. m.; Cleveland and consort, Arctic and consort, 2; John Owen, 3:40; Rhoda, Emily, 6; Sparta and consort, 7:15; Gerlach, 9:30.

Up—Rochester, 11:40 last night; Hayward and consort, 12:20 a. m.; Coderns, 3; Ellsworth, 6:15; Weed, Forbes, Jeanette, 7.

Port Huron.

Port Huron, Oct. 17.—Down—Dyer, Hiawatha, 10 last night; Egan, Lasalle, midnight; Devereaux, Gilbert, 8 a. m.; Northern Queen, 4; Parnell, 5; St. Lawrence, 6; Gratwick, Monteagle, Ira Owen, 7; Moore, Foxon, 8; Mary Everett, 9; New York, 11.

Up—Erie Maggie, 10 last night; Business, midnight; Marley, Ewena, Ugenia, 1 a. m.; Barnum, Wilbur Schlesinger, 2; Norwalk, Lozeh, Carlou, barges, Ida Keith, 3; John Duncan, 4; Wyoming, 5; Pickands, Marengo, Parlow, Delta, Oceanic, Kendall consort, 6; William Chisholm, 7; Mercur, Pontiac, Jackson, Peter Smith, barge, 8; Itasca. Wind southeast, light.

TOLEDO PORT LIST.

Arrivals.

Am. schr. William A. Duff, South Port, gravel.
Prop. John Pridgeon, Buffalo, mdse.
Prop. Abercorn, Cheboygan, lumber.
Schr. Lyman Casey, Cheboygan, lumber.
Schr. William Shupe, Alpena, lumber.
Schr. Malze, Cheboygan, lumber.
Prop. D. W. Rust, Buffalo, light.
Prop. Russell Sage, Buffalo, light.
Schr. C. C. Barnes, Buffalo, coal.
Stmr. Messenger, Monroe, light.
Stmr. Arundell, Detroit, mdse.
Prop. A. L. Hopkins, Buffalo, light.
Schr. Sonora, Cheboygan, lumber.
Schr. Ishpeming, Buffalo, coal.
Prop. S. C. Reynolds, Buffalo, mdse.
Schr. Wm. Brake, Bay City, lumber.
Schr. Magnet, Manistique, lumber.
Tug Torrent, Black River, light.
Schr. Kate Kelly, Buffalo, coal.
Schr. A. C. Morey, Manitowoc, light.
Schr. C. H. Davis, East Saginaw, lumber.
Schr. Reindeer, East Saginaw, lumber.
Prop. R. C. Brittain, Bay City, lumber.
Schr. J. A. Clay, Monroe, light.
Schr. M. P. Barkalow, Detroit, light.
Schr. P. B. Lock, Sault Ste. Marie, lumber.
Schr. Golden Rule, Alpena, lumber.
Schr. James L. Ketcham, Bay City, lumber.
Schr. Reliable, Algonac, light.
Stmr. Harry Cottrell, Marine City, salt.
Schr. Spademan, Manistique, lumber.

Clearances.

Schr. Nellie A. Duff, Southport, light.
Stmr. Abercorn, Cheboygan, light.
Schr. Lyman Casey, Cheboygan, light.
Schr. T. B. Betts, East Saginaw, light.
Schr. C. H. Davis, Saginaw, light.
Schr. J. A. Casey, Monroe, light.
Stmr. Messenger, Monroe, light.
Stmr. City of Nocono.et, Sandusky, light.
Schr. Malze, Cheboygan, light.
Schr. Malze, Manistique, light.
Schr. Sonora, Manistique, light.
Schr. J. L. Richards, Erie, rye.
Schr. W. Brake, Bay City, light.
Schr. Reindeer, Mt. Clemens, coal.
Schr. J. L. Ketcham, Kelly's Island, light.
Schr. Golden Rule, Alpena, light.
Schr. Barkalow, Detroit, coal.
Stmr. Harry Cottrell, Marine City, coal.
Stmr. J. C. Gault, Buffalo, mdse.
Stmr. A. L. Hopkins, Buffalo, corn.
Stmr. D. W. Rust, Buffalo, wheat.
Stmr. Russell Sage, Buffalo, mdse.

Look Around!

When others advertise great special sales, just remember that Lamson Bros.' regular prices oftentimes are lower than so-called special sale offers.

Press club badges, $5—"Cawood's."

The corner-stone of the National Capitol was laid in 1793, and the structure finished during the civil war. It cost over $13,000,000.

Ladies will find bargains in Underwear At LAMSON BROS'.

GEN. STEVENSON.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 17.—General Adlai E. Stevenson and party arrived in this city this morning at 6:45 and left immediately for Opelika, where Mr. Stevenson speaks to-day. He will return here to-night and remain a few hours, when an address is expected from him.

NOW | See what Lamson Bros. are doing in the Curtain department. Their line this fall will surprise you.

LATE MARKETS.

The receipts of wheat at Toledo to-day are 28,474 bus in excess of the corresponding Monday in 1891.

The receipts at seven western points are 500,133 bus in excess of Monday in 1891. The northwest receipts are 354,457 bus, and at five other points 196,676 bus in excess of 1891.

The visible supply of wheat increased last week 3,807,000 bus., corn 851,000 bus., oats 336,000 bus. In the corresponding week in 1891 wheat increased 1,681,000 bus., corn decreased 1,686,000 bus., oats decreased 799,000 bus.

The enormous movement of wheat and the increase in the accumulation last week were about all the influences of the day. They were bearish enough but seemed to fall upon dull ears like a twice-told tale. There was but little change in the quotations in other markets, and finally everything closed firmer. It is a good indication of spirit and strength in the markets.

The export movement of wheat was light, but of flour quite large.

Corn has not been as low as it closed on Saturday, and December in Chicago closed at an improvement of 5-8c after having been 3-8c lower than that.

Foreign markets are reported as closing lower, England and the continent.

In New York October wheat closed unchanged at 78 5-8c; December at 80 7-8c, a loss of 1-4c; May unchanged at 87 1-2c. October corn at 59 7-8c, a loss of 1-8c; May at 52 3-8c, a gain of 1-8c. October oats at 34 1-2c, a gain of 1-8c.

In Chicago October wheat closed at 72 3-8c; December at 75 7-8c, and May at 80 7-8c, a gain on each of 1-2c. October corn at 42c and May at 46c, a gain on each of 1-2c.

In Toledo the wheat market has been a little more active, and while our Chicago neighbors have made an advance of 1-2c, we close about where we did Saturday. The prices made during the session will average lower than the trading in futures was in December and May. The former opened at 75 7-8c, sold down to 1-2c and closed at 75 7-8c, a loss of 1-8c. May sold at 81 7-8c to 81 5-8c and closed unchanged at 82c. October 74c and November about 74 3-4c.

Cash wheat was in moderate request only. No. 2 soft sold at 74c and closed at that bid, unchanged. No. 3 soft on the call October sold at 56 1-2c. On the regular board at 66c and December at 69c. No. 4 soft at 60c. Rejected No. 1 at 63c. No. 2 at 50c mixed No. 2 at 70c; No. 3 at 64c; hard No. 2 at 70c; No. 3 at 67. Corn—Nothing doing; No. 2 about 44c; May about 46 1-2c. Rye—On the call No. 2 sold at 56 1-4c; after the call No. 3 at 51c.

Clover seed was moderately active and lower for futures. Prime for cash sold at $6.50; No. 2 at $6.47 1-2 to $6.35; January at $6.57 1-2 to $6.50; No. 2 at $6.30 to $6.32 1-2; rejected at $6.00.

The receipts of wheat to-day at Minneapolis and Duluth are 1,039,018 bus., and at five other western points $25,083 bus.; total 1,864,101 bus. On the corresponding Monday in 1891 the receipts at the same points were 1,363,968 bus., including 735,561 bus. of northwest wheat, leaving 628,407 as the movement from the five other western points compared with 825,083 bus. to-day. Export clearances Saturday at four Atlantic ports were wheat 218,665 bus., and of flour to an aggregate of 600,000 bus.

English markets are essentially changed for wheat or corn.

Close in New York.

New York, Oct. 17.—Money 5@6 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, 4.85 1-2@4.87; actual rates, 4.84 1-2@4.84 3-4 for 60 days and 4.86@4.86 1-4 for demand. Governments steady; currency 6's, 1.07 1-2 bid; extended 2's, 1.00 1-2 bid; 4's coupon, 1.14 3-4 bid. Trading on the stock exchange this morning was very active. The sales to noon amounted to 227,075 shares. The principal dealings were in New England, Un Pac., W. U., Reading, Chi. Gas, Burlington, whisky trust and Nor. Pac. pfd. Prices were unsettled throughout and fluctuated frequently. Nor. Pac. was weak and dropped 1 3-4 per cent. to 50 5-8. Whisky trust and Burlington were quite strong and advanced 1 7-8 and 1 per cent. respectively. At this writing the market is steadier.

Flour dull; city mill extra $4.25@4.35 for West Indies; superfine $1.70@2.20; fine $1.65@2.10.

Wheat opened weak and fell 3-8c by noon. No. 2 red winter 78 1-2@79 1-4c cash; 78 1-2c October; 79 1-2c November; 80 3-4c December; 87 3-8c May.

Corn opened 1-4c lower but rallied and recovered. No. 2 mixed 50 1-4@50 1-2c cash; 50 1-4c November; 51 1-4c December; 52c May.

Oats opened weak and declined 1-2c, but rallied 1-8c by noon. No. 2 mixed 34 1-4 34 1-2c cash; 34c October; 34 7-8c November.

Rye and barley nominal.

Molasses dull; New Orleans 30@35c. Sugar—refined quiet; cut loaf and crushed 5 5-16@5 1-2c; granulated 4 15-16@5c; confectioners' A, 4 11-16@4 3-8c; mould A 5 3-16c. Coffee dull; fair rio cargoes, No. 7, at 16 1-8c. Rice nominal. Pork dull; mess $11.75@12.00. Lard quiet; $8.02 bid November; $8.68 January. Butter dull; western extra 25 1-2@26c; state extra 25@25 1-2c. Cheese quiet; state factory full cream fancy white 10 3-8c. Eggs dull; state choice 24c; western 22 1-2@24c. Turpentine dull; 30 1-4c@30 3-4c. Rosin dull; strained to good $1.22 1-2@1.27 1-2. Tallow dull; prime city 4 3-4c. Petroleum nominal. Freights quiet; grain to Liverpool, steam, 3d.

See us about Dress Goods.
LAMSON BROS.

$5 buys a wedding ring—Cawood's.

Sheet-iron kites, to enable a vessel when in distress during a storm to communicate with the shore, have been suggested.

We don't ask big profits—"Cawood's."

Most of the $1,000 realized by the picnic of the Cleveland Central Labor Union has been donated to the men in Homestead.

Largest line of Handkerchiefs at Lamsons

It is said that over 1,000,000 workmen in Germany remain unmarried because they cannot support a family.

Always buy Dress Linings at Lamsons'.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Don't lose your health. Hays' Hair Health covers bald or thin spots. Druggists, 50c.

PROMPT AND RELIABLE

Service can always be counted on when you call Mr. McGlynn, "the livery man." to your aid in moving your household goods, piano or organ. Fine livery turnouts, moving vans and careful, attentive workmen at reasonable rates.

Our ambulance service is acknowledged to be the best in the city. Always call up 'phone No. 1035.

P. H. McGLYNN,
442 Summit street.

STERLING & CO.'S

FALL INVOICE

Of new goods are now in and ready for inspection.

LOOK AT OUR

CURTAINS, CARPETS, SHADES, AND RUGS, DRAPERIES, OIL CLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, SWEEPERS.

Don't buy until you have seen them and learned the prices, at the only Exclusive Carpet House in Toledo.

A. R. SISSON, Manager

NEW TRIPLICATE MIRRORS--JUST IN.

BRIGGS & LEIBIUS, 307 SUMMIT ST.

STEINWAY, CHICKERING, PIANOS Gildemeister & Kroeger Kurtzmann, Stuyvesant,

311 SUPERIOR ST, C. J. WOOLLEY & CO

THE LITTLE MAN

Boys are proverbially hard on their shoes. We have had made a Child's and Youth's Shoe to meet the demand for a neat, stylish shoe for the small boys and at the same time be exceedingly durable. The uppers are fine soft, calfskin and the soles the best flint-stone oak tanned leather. Prices $1.50 and $2.00, according to size.

H. S. COMSTOCK,

321 SUMMIT STREET.

DEPOSIT your SAVINGS with THE UNION SAVINGS BANK

233 Summit St., between Jefferson and Madison Sts.

Interest paid on savings deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent—Burglar and Fire Proof.

James Secor, Prest. Wm. H. Maher, Vice Prest. Leander Burdick, Cashier

DIED.

SEEBAUER—Sunday, Oct. 16, 1892, at 11 a. m., Catharine Seebauer, aged 70 years. Funeral from 1135 Ontario street Tuesday, at 8:30 a. m., and from St. Mary's church. p

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. WM. T. ROWSEY'S COUGH CURE, 25c per bottle; Dr. Wm. T. Rowsey's Whooping Cough Remedy, 50c per bottle. By all druggists. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, West & Truax, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O. 16sept-tf

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME MARIE, THE FRENCH WONder, scientific mind, palm and planet reader, consulted on all affairs of life; all mail matter answered; charms worked; will be at her parlors, No. 132 Superior, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. 17oct6p

FOR SALE—GROCERY AND MEAT market. Address L., Bee office. 17oct3p

FOR SALE—REASONABLE, FINE YOUNG coach or general purpose horse. 113 Illinois street, come and see him. p

WANTED—SITUATION BY A LADY OF experience in an office or as saleslady; has been engaged in real estate business in another city; has also been a teacher. Address 723 Noble street. E. B. Stowe. 290

WANTED—TWO GOOD PRACTICAL painters at 406 Floyd street. 17oct6

FOR RENT—835 SUMMIT STREET. PH. Hassenzahl's old stand; merchant tailoring preferred. 17oct3p

FOR RENT—A NEW HOUSE ON INDIana avenue; 7 rooms, cell

The Toledo Bee

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

THE DAILY BEE, Five Dollars a year, ten cents a week. Eight pages every day.

THE WEEKLY BEE, One Dollar a year, eight pages, eight columns each.

Home office in New Bee Building, 326 St. Clair Street; New York Office, room 206, Potter Building, opposite postoffice.

Telephones, Editorial 355; Counting Room 102

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
GROVER CLEVELAND.
For Vice-President,
ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Secretary of State,
W. A. TAYLOR, of Franklin.
For Judge of Supreme Court (long term),
JOHN J. DRIGGS, of Monroe.
For Judge of Supreme Court (short term),
THOMAS BEER, of Crawford.
For Clerk of Supreme Court,
WILLIAM H. WOLFE, of Fairfield.
For Member State Board of Public Works,
J. N. MYERS, of Hamilton.

For Congressman,
BYRON F. RITCHIE, Lucas.

For Circuit Judge,
CHARLES H. SCRIBNER.

For Common Pleas Judge,
PRESTON C. HUDSON, of Lucas.

COUNTY TICKET.

Recorder—Jacob Kohn.
Commissioner—Luther C. Gibbs.
Infirmary Director—Joseph Gates.
Surveyor—William G. Root.

Now that the cholera scare is about over, Ohio is threatened with an epidemic of diphtheria.

Governor Foraker thinks a great deal of Mr. Ashley, but excuses himself from orating in his interest.

The republican office holders will not bleed worth a cent. Jim will be obliged to open another barrel.

Make preparations to register next Thursday. Polls will be open from 8 to 1 and from 4 to 9 p. m.

It would not be inappropriate for Mayor Emmick to issue a proclamation anent the observance of Columbus Day.

The democratic party in Lucas county is working in harmony this year, which means victory for the whole ticket.

Toledo's Cycling club rises to the occasion once more. Friday night's lantern parade is to be of mammoth proportions.

Senator Sherman is making a few speeches in Ohio this year, and he is not a candidate for re-election next winter either.

Mr. Ashley has been beaten twice for congress, and will score his third defeat in November with the election of Mr. Ritchie.

Mr. Byron Ritchie will stir up the voters of Little Ottawa this evening at Oak Harbor. Ottawa will give Mr. Ritchie 1,800 majority.

Cincinnatians show their interest in the coming election by registering the greatest number of voters known since the law went into effect.

The Australian ballot furnishes protection to workingmen from over-zealous employers. It is well to bear in mind that the law is a democratic measure.

Foraker, who has been stumping Kansas, has made thousands of votes for the democratic ticket by his bloviating. Joseph B. never fails to put his foot in it.

Grover Cleveland stands for everlasting principles, not temporary make-shifts. His adherence to the right is the reason for his popularity with the masses.

Chairman Southard is relieving the county officials of the profits on their present quarter's salary. The genial Jim is displaying zeal worthy of a better cause.

German disaffection alone from Ashley is sufficient to insure his defeat, but when the railroaders are added to the opposing force, it cannot be otherwise than overwhelming.

Every organization in the city—civic, military or any other—ought to have a place in the Columbian parade on Friday afternoon. Toledo's best foot forward this time.

The democratic party can afford to make comparisons on the gentlemen who have changed their opinions this fall. Take Gresham, Cooley, McVeagh and Cox, for instance.

Hon. D. D. Donovan has things his own way in the adjoining district. Mr. Donovan has made a good representative, and his return to congress will be a merited compliment.

Ashleyites are happy over the absence of Mr. Clark Waggoner in New York. But the truths he told two years ago are still fresh in the minds of voters, as will be seen later on.

Eyes were turned on New York last week during the Columbus celebration. This week Chicago will be the observed of all observers, and the West will not be ashamed of comparisons.

It seems peculiar that the republican campaign committee is making such an active canvass, when the members are so confident of 2,000 majority. The latter is a bluff, though.

Democratic headquarters are conveniently located on Summitt street, in the rooms formerly occupied by the board of elections. Members of the committee will be gratified to greet visitors.

Col. W. A. Taylor, the democratic nominee for secretary of state, is making an energetic canvass. His speeches are convincing and logical, and make votes for himself and the whole ticket.

The corner stone of the Ohio Mason'c Home will be laid at Springfield this week, and thousands of the brethren will be present to celebrate the event. It is an enterprise worthy of the grand old order.

This is a remark heard frequently on the streets from republicans relative to the congressional nominees; "If I have to vote for a democrat, I will vote for an out and out one like Byron Ritchie." Good logic.

The improvement of Jefferson street is imperatively demanded. With the large buildings already constructed and those in process of erection, additional heavy travel will ensue, and it is well to be prepared.

It is claimed that Dave Martin proposes colonizing Indiana and Ohio. Department officials at Washington have been given four days leave of absence and Dave is placing them where they will do the most good.

It is gratifying to note that Toledo is once more assuming her position as one of the leading grain centers. Her facilities for handling grain cannot be surpassed, hence there ought to be no difficulty in keeping at the front.

Ex-Attorney General Wayne McVeagh, in a public speech at Philadelphia, Saturday night, gave some cogent reasons for the political faith that is in him. The synopsis of his remarks, given elsewhere, will repay perusal.

The Harrison managers are issuing urgent appeals for financial assistance to federal office holders throughout the country. The administration is making a desperate, if not disreputable, struggle for a continuance in office.

Mr. L. C. Gibbs was one of the most attentive and painstaking commissioners Lucas county ever had, and ought to be returned. Even on the score of fair play, the democrats should be represented on the board. Elect Mr. Gibbs.

Is it not rather inconsistent for republicans to ask that the question of politics be not considered in the election of a judge for the common pleas bench, while attempting to draw the lines tightly on the choice of a circuit judge?

There are only a few weeks left of the present campaign, and in the meantime the ward clubs should perfect their organization. The influence of active work in this respect will be felt on election day in favor of the democratic ticket.

In the matter of appropriations, about which some people are disturbed, would Toledo not fare better at the hands of Mr. Ritchie than Mr. Ashley? Mr. Ritchie has no hobbies to ride, and would therefore occupy his time laboring for the interests of the district.

Mr. Jacob Kohn, the democratic nominee for county recorder, is making an energetic canvass, and one which will surely win. Mr. Kohn would make a splendid official. Competent in every respect, he could not fail to give satisfaction to the patrons of the office.

There has not been a time in the history of Toledo where there can be found so many evidences of progress and continued prosperity than at present. There is no boom, but a gradual and constantly developing growth that is bound to make Toledo one of the greatest cities on the lakes.

The gentlemen who represent the local division of railway conductors should meet with generous responses from the business men. The committee is endeavoring to raise about $3,000 with which to entertain the international body next May. The proper care of the convention will serve as a paying advertisement for Toledo.

It appears that State Labor Commissioner Lewis is withholding the annual report of the bureau until the campaign is closed. It is claimed that his report will show an enormous decrease in wages, notwithstanding the McKinley bill, and the blessings it was to have brought the toiler. The dodge will not avert the doom that hangs over the republican party.

That Mr. Ashley is no friend of labor is evident from the position his own employes take in this election. Not only is he opposed by his own workmen, but every railroad man in the district is against his election. He is emphatically opposed to union labor, and no union is recognized among any of the men employed on the Toledo & Ann Arbor railroad.

Blaine declines to take the stump for Harrison, and gives as a reason his wife's opposition to the worry and fatigue of a campaign in his present state of health. It would be nearer the truth, perhaps, if he gave as an excuse his own and his wife's disapproval of the Harrisonian administration. The Blaines cannot have much love for the Harrisons and would not be sorry to see the White House in the hands of some other occupants, even if they should be democrats.

Byron Ritchie has a right to expect the support of every democratic voter in the Ninth district. The party has never called upon him for his services but that they have been given with hearty good will. To-day he stands as the candidate of the democratic party because of its urgent demand. With the votes of a united democracy added to the large republican contingent dissatisfied with their nominee, Mr. Ritchie will be elected, and a popular congressman he will prove.

FRIGHTENED.

The Ashley Management in Desperate Straits.

Council of War Yesterday—The Meeting a Fiasco—Railroaders After Ashley—Political Notes.

The Ashley management is in desperate straits.

Yesterday Managers Southard, Ashley and Carland called in their outposts from the outside counties and held a council of war.

The result was so despondent that the galaxy of political lights repaired to Hanner's for refreshments.

About 20 of them sat down to one of the bang-up suppers for which Hanner is famous.

The reports from the outside counties are most favorable. Fulton will not give Ashley over 200 majority, and Wood will come over the border 500 short of the usual majority.

They decided, after comparing notes, that Ashley must have 1,800 in Lucas or he won't be in it.

One can get all the bets wanted that Ashley will not have a thousand in Lucas.

One of the chief matters of discussion at the conference was the fiasco of the afternoon, when an attempt was made to give Ashley a labor boom at Odd Fellows' hall.

The democrats of the Fourth ward will meet at the corner of Vance and Division streets to-morrow evening for the purpose of organizing a democratic club. There should be a large attendance.

There was a meeting of railroad men held in Eversman's hall yesterday. The result of that meeting, if published, would make Mr. Ashley's hair stand on end. The average railroad man has no use for the boycotter and blacklister.

There will be an important business meeting of the county central committee this evening.

The democratic executive committee will meet at 4 p. m. to-day to discuss certain important matters.

A large number of Toledoans will go to Oak Harbor this afternoon to hear the opening speech of our next congressman, B. F. Ritchie.

Barton Smith and Frank Baldwin will speak at Port Clinton next Saturday evening.

Byron F. Ritchie will visit Bowling Green and Wauseon this week.

ANOTHER CONVERT

To the Democratic Doctrine of Tariff Reform.

F. N. Quale Will Vote for Cleveland and Stevenson.

He Fully Endorses Mr. Thomas Taylor's Views on the Subject of Protection—It Is Killing the Milling Interests.

The conversion of Mr. Thomas Taylor to the doctrines of democracy and his reasons therefor have borne good fruit already.

F. N. Quale, the well-known grain commission merchant, the proprietor of the Quale elevator and of several flouring mills here and in Cleveland, is out for the democratic ticket.

He was seen by a Bee on 'Change this morning.

"It is rumored, Mr. Quale, that you will not vote for Harrison and Reid this time," the Bee said.

"Who told you that?" he laughingly replied. "Well, the truth is," he continued, "I cannot conscientiously support the republican ticket."

"And you will vote for Cleveland?"

"I will most certainly if I am alive."

"Have you any objection to give the public your reasons for your change of sentiments?"

"I do it as a matter of self-preservation as much as anything else. The iron industries and a few others are being nourished and fostered at the expense of the farmer and the miller, and our business has reached a point where the farmer, who is the chief sufferer, must rebel as a matter of self-defense against the present system of protection."

"Have you read Mr. Taylor's letter on this subject?"

"No; not yet, but I know his sentiments on this subject, and I wholly and thoroughly agree with him. I want to say that I am not the only convert to tariff reform on the floor of this exchange, but they are not all as free to speak their minds."

Mr. Quale has been a consistent and life-long republican.

They are coming our way, and the business interests of the country, it is evident, demands and assures the election of Grover Cleveland.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

The First Ward Park.

To the Editor: A recent letter in the Commercial from Gov. Ashley, with reference to the Riverview park question ought not to pass unanswered.

About a year ago, whilst the writer was on his way to the court house, one morning, he met Gov. Ashley on Superior street, near the corner of Adams. The governor stopped him and said he was glad that the park question was to be submitted to the vote of the citizens of Toledo; that he was heartily in accord with the measure and would do what he could to carry it to a successful issue. He hoped if it carried, that the park board would include in its park system a river front park between Ash street and the old Manhattan mills. The writer thinks he said that he thought seriously of improving and making the Hough place his future home, and if the park board wanted the river property, neither he nor his people would oppose it, but the city could have it (except a double track right of way for his railroad), at what it cost with interest at 6 per cent.

The conditions may have changed somewhat in the past year, but the park board do not understand that there is any real difference between Gov. Ashley, the Ann Arbor railroad and the park board, except the price to be paid for the property in question. The board does not feel that the city should pay the price asked for the land, and hence are seeking to condemn it, allowing a jury to fix the compensation.

The suit begun by the Ann Arbor railroad to enjoin the city from appropriating the property, if successful, would compel the board to either pay the price asked for the property, abandon the river park project altogether, or stop where we are and the board do the best it can with what property it has already acquired.

The system of parks adopted by the board embraces an uninterrupted river view and frontage of nearly three-fifths of a mile, extending from Ash street to the old Manhattan mills, with sufficient area to easily accommodate upwards of 100,000 people. To sever it as proposed to be done by the pending suit against the city, will be practically to destroy it.

E. D. POTTER, Jr.

Introduced Jim as a Democrat.

The following bit of interesting local political history is taken from Saturday's issue of the Ottawa County Exponent, printed at Oak Harbor:

We introduced Jim Ashley, the republican candidate for congress, to a democratic audience here several years ago as a democrat. He made a rattling good democratic speech; he denounced the republican party and showed up its iniquities just like one who was entirely familiar with the inside workings of the long-fingered order. After he had done the subject ample justice in painting republicans pretty black, he took a number of us to the parlor of the old Sherman house, where, over some good old Bourbon, he related some of his experiences as governor in one of the western territories. One was about some cowboys who compelled a young minister in a stage coach to drink whisky at the point of a revolver; another was how, when a young man in making a speech in the western part of this state, some one hit him in the back of the head with a goose, shouting at the top of his voice, "How are you on the goose question?" As he is now handing out the long green liberally with the boys, isn't the question pertinent to-day?

GOV. FLOWER.

He Is on His Way to the Windy City.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 17.—Gov. Flower, Military Secretary Judson, and several members of the staff, left the city at 1:25 p. m., for Chicago on a special car attached to the limited. At Rochester they will be joined by Chief Executive Officer McNaughton, of the world's fair state committee. Hon. John Boyd Thatcher of the commission left on Saturday. At Buffalo the governor expects to be joined by Troop "A," New York cavalry, and the members of the world's fair commission. The dedicatory exercises will take place on Saturday and Gov. Flower will make an address.

REFORM.

The time has come when men with hearts and brains
Must rise and take the misdirected reins
Of government, too long left in the hands
Of tricksters and of thieves. He who stands
And sees the mighty vehicle of state
Hauled through the mire to some ignoble fate,
And makes not such bold protest as he can,
Is no American.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

MASONS FOR SPRINGFIELD.

The Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railway is the short and direct line to Springfield, O.

EXCHANGE COMMENT.

McKinley's Brazen Falsehood.

In no previous campaign has there been such a daring use of falsified statistics as have characterized the republican speeches this year. In fact the use of them seems to be preconcerted and deliberate, from the national leaders down to the cross-roads orator. At Newark, N. J., last Friday night, Major McKinley said "Europe paid us $230,000,000 in gold during the last 12 months to satisfy the balance of trade in our favor," whereas the official reports of the United States treasury show that the amount of gold exported during the fiscal year was $50,195,327, while the imports were $49,698,342, showing an excess of exported gold of $496,985, which has been increased by about $8,000,000 since the close of the fiscal year. When Major McKinley is guilty of such brazen falsification it is not surprising that correspondents should complain to us of republican speakers in the back districts of Missouri declaring, as Mr. J. B. Upton declared at Sweet Springs on Thursday, that Mr. Niedringhaus has 200 men employed in his tin plate works, who were working for $1.25 per day when he picked them up on the streets of St. Louis and to whom he is now paying $8 per day for making tin plate.—St. Louis Republic.

Hiscock's Boodle Campaign.

Four years ago the republican idea was to influence votes with "crisp new $2 bills." A dispatch from Chicago says Senator Hiscock is in that city "loaded down with new $5 bills for use in the Illinois campaign." Who says the McKinley bill has not benefited the home market?—Savannah News.

Senator Hiscock is supposed to be in Chicago for the purpose of aiding with cash his disheartened friends. In his present role the New York senator will be of more service than when telling falsehoods on the stump. He scents the possibility of buying floaters in bunches of five, and believes that the same kind Providence that saved Dudley may be potential in his case. He can drop his little boodle with the gang, but he should take bonds that it is not wasted among "touchers" untried by the faithful.—Chicago News.

The Iridescent Ingalls.

Senator Ingalls is to compare our industrial system with that of Europe. The political system of Kansas could never have produced Ingalls if the republican party in that state had not levied a high tariff on statesmen.—Rome, Ga., Tribune.

The iridescent Ingalls has opened his mouth in regard to the Kansas campaign and, as might have been expected, has put his foot in it. In an interview the other day he said: "Hammer and tongs and not rosewater would be used on the Kansas democrats." It is predicted that this will drive those democrats who were inclined to act separately from the populists directly into the fusion movement, and will be worth several hundred votes to the cause.—Salt Lake Herald.

No Wanamakers In Ours.

There is nothing disgraceful in the democratic plan of campaign. We believe that this is a fight between the people and the powerful protected monopolies, and it is therefore reasonable to ask the people to help the party which advocates their cause. We have no Wanamakers to depend upon, and our party must make up in numbers and zeal what it lacks in wealth. There is immensely more honor in 1,000 $5 subscriptions to a party fund than in a $50,000 check from a monopolist enriched by an unjust tariff, even though the superior vote purchasing power of the latter is what the republican managers gleefully consider.—Rochester Herald.

McKinley's Consistency.

In 1890, just before the democratic tidal wave struck his bill, Mr. McKinley asserted in a public address that "this whole system of cheap things is a badge of poverty." Fearing that the people will this year take the same view of McKinleyism which they entertained two years ago, Mr. McKinley is bobbing up in this state, and that with the pretence that his bill was intended to make things cheap and has had that result. Has Mr. McKinley deceived himself, or is he deliberately attempting to deceive others?—Buffalo Courier.

An Honest Record.

Mr. Cleveland signed more private pension bills during his four-year term in the presidency than Grant had signed during eight years, or than any other of his predecessors, or his successor. He also vetoed more private pension bills than any other president, and thus put a check upon a species of special reprehensible dishonesty. None of the bills he vetoed were passed again. His record, both as to what he did and what he refused to do, deserves the commendation of every honest veteran of the war.—Philadelphia Record.

Cleveland not Greater Than His Party.

Mr. Cleveland is a great man, towering head and shoulders above any man the republicans can possibly pit against him. Still neither he nor any one else can be greater, or as great, as the democratic party, for that would be the perfection of greatness, and a point to which no mortal can attain. But he is as fine an exponent of the principles of democracy as any living man can be.—Richmond, Va., Times.

Too Serious for Hubbubb.

This is a quiet campaign because it is a serious one. The issue involved is momentous, and the voters are more inclined to think than to yell or sing. A proof of the undercurrent of interest in the result is given in the large registration of electors in states where such registration is necessary as a preliminary to the exercise of the right of suffrage.—Philadelphia Record.

Has Chosen the Better Part.

Ex-Governor Jacob D. Cox, of Ohio, is the latest republican of distinction who will not deny that he will vote for Cleveland. The ex-governor is now a member of the Ohio judiciary, which, as things are going in this canvass, is a sufficient reason for his choosing of the better path.—Philadelphia Record.

Popular Democracy.

It is said that the subscriptions to Chairman Harrity's fund are numerous, but not large. This is what was expected. The democratic fund is popular, not plutocratic, and the account will be made public after election.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

More Truth Than Poetry.

Not a drum has been heard, nor a funeral note, since the recent election down south, and the people's party, now soured on its voice, is very much "down in the mouth."—Saturday Tidings.

Better Vote Than Hoot.

Enthusiasm does not count for a great deal in a campaign after all. It is much better to register and forget to shout than it is to shout and forget to register.—Washington Star.

Winked the Other Eye.

Close readers of Mr. Blaine's speech will see that, like the rest of the republican leaders, he has very little hope of success this year. His speech has a sort of left-eye wink in it.—St. Louis Republic.

Chris. Isn't in It With the G. O. P.

Columbus originally discovered this country, but it was the republican party that discovered the present plan for overtaxing it in the interest of monopolies.—New York World.

A Conundrum.

If Blaine couldn't save New York for Blaine in 1884 how can he hope to save it for Harrison in 1892?—New York World.

With a Dull, Sickening Thud.

The political campaign is so quiet that one can fairly hear the price of pearl buttons and American tin drop.—Chicago Post.

The celebrated Lamson Bros.' Jet Black Hosiery in fleece lined goods, both for ladies and children.

OH, AH, WELL I DECLARE!

Candidate Ashley Meets the Laboring Men

At Their Sunday Meeting and Is Prolific in Promise—But the Boys Have Had a Surfeit of Promises.

When the chief officers of the various railroad employes' organizations came here some time ago as gentlemen to adjust in a quiet, business-like way the difficulties that existed on the Ann Arbor railroad, they were treated like tramps by President J. M. Ashley. Ashley treated them like third-class matter, and puffed and swelled over his own importance and power in their presence, when they were fortunate enough to secure an audience. Mr. Ashley was a very busy man; couldn't spend the time, dontcher know, and then when they did get a hearing Mr. Ashley eyed them suspiciously and remarked something about—

"Let me see, you are—oh, yes, firemen, and so forth; want something, I expect. Well, really, I'm sorry you've come today; very busy, you know; couldn't you drop in again; to-morrow, next week, next year; but why come at all; we're running the road, you know, not the firemen; can't do anything for you; we're very busy attending to our own business; perhaps you're neglecting yours; sorry to keep you longer; good morning; by the way, don't call to-morrow, I'm going to New York."

Boiled down into a few words that is the way organized labor was received by Mr. Ashley then. Now it is different. The men he kicked then he fawns upon to-day, as the proceedings of yesterady show.

The officers of the various railroad organizations never forgot the insult offered them by Mr. Ashley, and they will see to it that laboring men, or at any rate the railroad men, shall know just what Mr. Ashley's attitude is toward their organization.

With this idea in view they were instrumental in having a meeting called yesterday at Odd Fellows' hall, under the auspices of the local division of the Order of Railroad Conductors.

Ashley and the Ashleyites heard of the movement and quaked in their boots. They immediately bestirred themselves to choke the thing off, if possible; to shut the mouths of those who were to speak, and to squelch any truths or enthusiasm that would be developed. They feared disclosure and packed the hall with republicans, who objected to everything that was done with an attempt to break up the meeting. They were unsuccessful, however, for the meeting would not be broken up. They remained all afternoon and evening without any supper.

Conductor Dannenburg, of the Illinois Central, was present and made a speech. He told how he was discharged from the Ann Arbor railroad for testifying to truths in a law suit that went against the company. He was under oath, and wouldn't perjure himself. Well, he was discharged and went to work for the Pennsylvania company. Ashley was not satisfied. He wrote the officials of the Pennsylvania, asking that the man be discharged. As a matter of courtesy to a brother official, Dannenburg was thrown again out of work. He made a telling speech, and after he concluded the railroad men present got together and drew up a resolution to the effect that it was the sense of the meeting that James M. Ashley should not represent in congress the railroad men of this district whom he had been and was now discriminating against.

When the resolution was presented the Ashleyites howled and drowned all proceedings.

The railroad men then requested those who were not railroad men to withdraw, as long as they would not allow them to proceed. Then it was decided to confront Mr. Ashley with the charges and let him speak for himself. He was sent for, and he came flying. Anything to please the boys, you know; I am your obedient servant, etc., etc.

How different from his manner of some months ago. A congressional nomination softens a man's nature amazingly. Well, Mr. Ashley came. The railroaders nailed him up and asked him what he had to say for himself. He was accused of wholesale discrimination against his men on the railroad, and was asked what he was going to do about it.

Then the governor made a speech that would bring tears from a cast-iron dog. "Why, gentlemen, you wrong me. Why, I knew nothing of this matter at all. And so the Ann Arbor is discriminating against its employes? Well, well, I am surprised.

"I tell you, gentlemen, this is the work of those superintendents and fellows I have hired.

"Queer they should act so without consulting me, but you know I am so busy with other matters.

"Really, I don't get time to do much about the railroad. In fact I don't have anything to do with its management.

"So you see you have wronged me.

"But bear in mind, gentlemen, these matters will be adjusted to your entire satisfaction, now that they have been brought to my notice.

"Yes, sir; they shall be adjusted—but not now—not now. It wouldn't look well, you know; 'twould appear as if it were buying votes you know; mustn't do anything underhanded like that, but after election I give you my word this matter shall be fixed up. I'm sorry it has occurred, and pained to think that I did not know of it earlier. Thanking you, gentlemen, for your indulgence, and trusting you will ever value me your friend, etc., etc., etc."

So Mr. Ashley continued. The above is no fake, but the very words he uttered. If Mr. Ashley thinks that laboring men can hold their noses and swallow such deliberate soft soap, why all right, but while taffy may be administered to children and swallowed in large amounts, it don't go with men. A man of Mr. Ashley's intellect ought to know that such would not be swallowed by any sane man and would make more enemies than friends for his cause.

The railroad men will meet again, but the next time the republican forces will be kept on the outside.

BIG SALE OF LOTS.

Big Price For Columbian Heights Addition.

Several Citizens Buy About $8,000 Worth of Lots—A Big Increase.

The Columbian Heights addition is moving at a most lively rate, lately.

Within the last two or three days the owners, Baker, Smith & Baker, have sold lots amounting to over $7,000.

To Thomas Parkhurst a lot was sold on the corner of Columbia and Putnam streets for $1,825. On this site, the owner will build an elegant residence, plans of which have been completed. The foundation of the structure will consist of vitrified fire brick, which is a departure in the line of building material.

Frank J. Stager bought lot 13, which embraces 53 feet on Fulton street, for which he paid $1,855.

G. A. Kirschmaier purchased 53 feet fronting on the same street and paid $1,855.

Dr. Rhodehouse bought lot 1 of this addition from C. A. Lucas, paying $2,385. Mr. Lucas one year ago bought the lot from Baker, Smith & Baker for $1,690, selling it for about 50 per cent. increase.

K. of P. charms—pins—"Cawood's."

Gentlemen, see the new Shrinkless Fleeced Underwear at LAMSONS'.

FATAL QUARREL.

Dundridge, Ont., Oct. 17.—A farmer named Bauman, living about three miles west of Commanda, quarreled with his wife last night and stabbed her with a large knife. He then seized a shotgun and blew out his own brains. The woman will recover.

We make a specialty of Black English Clay Worsted Jackets.

LAMSON BROS.

Best line of Underwear at Lamsons'.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FALLING IN LINE.

The Various Participants in the Columbian Parade

Have Commenced to Report—The Line of March Has Been Changed—It Will be a Grand Turn Out.

Col. H. S. Bunker is the busiest man in town to-day. Yesterday was a day of meeting with numerous societies, and applications are being made for position in the great celebration parade Friday. It will be the largest turn-out of military and civic bodies ever witnessed in this city.

Up to noon to-day Col. Bunker had heard from the following organizations:

Canton Lucas Patriarchs Militant, 40 men, and Canton Imperial 30 men.

Forsyth post, G. A. R., will turn out 300 strong, and Toledo and Volunteer posts each about 75 strong.

Camps Sibley and P. S. Slevin, Sons of Veterans, 150 strong.

Trinity Cadets, 50 men.

Union Veterans' union, 50 men.

The Young Men's Catholic Benevolent association, 200 strong.

The Columbian club, 125; Ancient Order of Hibernians, 300; Polish Lancers, 35; St. Dominick society, 240; St. Joseph society, 160.

Ancient Order of Foresters, 400, and Knights of Sherwood Forest, No. 88, 30 men.

St. Mary's church—St. Michael's society, 200; St. Joseph's society, 50; Catholic Knights, 125; Yenghling society, 150; children, 400.

Knights of Pythias—Wm. Tell division, 24; Toledo division, 30; Custer division, 30.

German societies—North German Benevolent society, 100; Teutonia Maennerchor, 60; German Central bund, 200; Toledo Kreugerverine.

Eighteen meetings of German societies were held yesterday, at which all decided to turn out. As yet they have not reported, but they will do so to-day and be placed in one division.

Toledo Traveling Men's association, 600 strong.

St. Joseph's Benevolent society, 150.

Young Men's Lafayette club, 50.

St. Joseph's school, 150.

Ancient Order of United Workmen, 24.

St. Hedwig's church—St. Vincent de Paul's society, 180; St. Joseph's society, 190; Uniform Rank, 50; John Sabsk society, 50.

Sixteenth Regiment—Co. A, 45 men; Co. C, 50 men; Co. H, 45 men.

Battery D, 60 men.

St. Anthony's parish will turn out 1,000 strong.

Red Men, 50 strong.

Baden Benevolent society, 80 men.

St. Peter's congregation will be in line with 300 children and 300 adults.

Not half or one-quarter of the various bodies have been heard from. It is requested that all interested will report as soon as possible that orders may be issued.

The line of march was found to be too long for the old men and children who are to be in line, and it has been shortened as follows: Starting at the corner of Madison and Twelfth, Twelfth to Monroe, to Summit, to Walnut, to Superior, to Adams, to St. Clair, to Madison, to Michigan, where the parade will be reviewed by Mayor Emmick and other officials from the band stand on the Memorial hall grounds.

The traveling men will turn out with derby hats and canes, carrying flags. All traveling men, whether members of the T. T. M. A. or not, are invited to meet at the association rooms at 1 p. m., Friday, and join the crowd.

Mayor Emmick informed a Bee this morning that the local railroad lines had notified him that a rate of one fare for the round trip would be made for Columbian day in Toledo.

See us about fine Fans. Lamson Bros.

IN A SOCIAL WAY.

Personal Gossip Relative to Toledoans

And Their Guests, Besides the Coming and Going of People in Whom Bee Readers Have an Interest.

M. Churchill has returned from New York.

L. Franc and wife have returned from Europe.

Geo. W. Coe, of Lima, is in the city on business.

Mrs. W. E. Brigham, of Hotel Madison, is home from the east.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Macomber return from New York to-day.

Mr. G. H. Goodwin, a prominent Sandusky lawyer, is in the city to-day.

W. M. Bellman, vice president of the Produce Exchange, is confined to his home by illness.

Mr. L. Franc and wife have returned from Europe on the Etruria. Among the passengers was Robert T. Lincoln.

Col. G. P. Waldorf and wife will be present at the grand Columbian opening party at the Sherman house, Chicago.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Congregational church, will give an artist social at Miss Mena Seagrave's, Wednesday evening.

W. E. McBain, jr., has left for Chicago, where he entered the Chicago Veterinary institute. Young "Doc" is a chip off the old block and will make his mark in the horse world.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dure, of Uxbridge, Ontario, are in the city spending their honeymoon. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James McClean, of lower Huron street.

The Pleasure Euchre club has been reorganized, and will hold their first meeting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Trotter, 19 Walnut street, next Thursday evening. The members of this club are as follows: Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Schuky, Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Hoffmaster, Mr. and Mrs. G. Schwartz, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Schafer, Mr. and Mrs. L. De La Foret, Mr. and Mrs. R. Benure, Mr. and Mrs. T. Beer, Mr. and Mrs. P. Laskey, Mr. and Mrs. H. Bitz, Mr. and Mrs. W. Trotter, Mr and Mrs. J. F. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Vogel, Miss and Mr. E. Heck, Miss Gussie Kasdorf, Miss Rosa Wenning and Mr. Geo. Rychner.

New Beritz Gloves, best line of Cashmere Gloves and Mittens,

At LAMSONS'.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

New York, Oct. 17.—Much interest is manifested in the opening of telephonic communication between this city and Chicago, which is to be rehearsed to-morrow afternoon at the telephone company's office, 18 Courtlandt street. Mayor Grant will be the first person to use the wire and he will address his remarks to Mayor Washburne of Chicago.

DEATH OF ELLIOTT HUNT PENDLETON.

Cincinnati, Oct. 15.—Elliott Hunt Pendleton, brother of ex-United States Minister to Germany, George H. Pendleton, died at his residence in this city to-night. He has always been one of Cincinnati's most prominent and wealthy citizens and was at one time president of the Commercial bank. He was widely known and respected for his religious work. He leaves a widow and four children.

TO HIS "DEAREST LOVE."

How a Pretty Nurse Fell a Victim to Cupid.

There was one young person possessed of a pretty face, a kind heart and an all-absorbing desire to do something to assist her fellow beings. After some eloquent persuasion she obtained the consent of her family to enter a hospital to study for the work of a trained nurse, says the St. Louis Star-Sayings.

Among the pretty enthusiast's first patients was a young man with a broken arm and an attractive appearance. The demure, white-capped nurse began to take an unusual interest in him, and asked him one day if there was nothing she could do for him—no book she could read, no letter she could write. The patient gratefully accepted the latter offer, and the nurse prepared to write from his dictation.

He began with a tender address to his "dearest love," and the little nurse felt slightly embarrassed. But she continued through the most ardent declarations of all-absorbing affection to the end, where he wished to be subscribed an adoring lover for all time. Then she folded the letter and slipped it into the envelope.

"To whom shall I direct it?" she asked.

The wicked young man said amiably and even tenderly:

"What is your name, please?"

They have been married a little more than a year now.

THE WHITE DEATH.

The White Death is a naked, gleaming, shifting flood of sand, moving ever inland from the ocean shore, inch by inch, foot by foot, in huge white waves of glistening grit, inexorable as fate, silent as the grave, swallowing and destroying everything that lies before it in its way. The wind blows the shifting surface up the crest of each towering wave and over the edge in a sparkling mist. Beyond the crest the dry mist falls, and so the wave moves steadily, resistlessly forward, enveloping all things in a universal white.

Standing at the edge of a marshy flat, the eye looks far away across the level of coarse sedge-grass to the white line of the sand hills and the black line of pine woods in the distance. Here and there the flat is lush and green, where shallow lakes, blooming with white lilies and blue arrow-heads, bathe the arid soil; here and there it is burned yellow and brown, where the hot smooth, sand, stretching in from the ocean shore, drinks up water and life, and leaves all dead. That level flat, reaching far away into the distance, is like the plane of life one has to travel; the black streak of a gloomy pine woods is the Valley of Shadows, and the white waving line of sand is a likeness of Death; and as in real life, so here—neither death nor its shadow looks sinister seen from such a distance.

To travel across the level flat is a mimic image of the journey of life. The lakes, so pretty in the distance, are muddy, and smell rank and dank to the nostrils; they are full of tadpoles and lizards and crawling things. Here and there little deserts of arid sand are passed; they burn the soles of the feet, and scorch the face with a reflected glare, and mosquitoes rise in clouds, like petty troubles, to bite and sting. There are quicksands under the feet where the grass looks the freshest and the greenest, and hiding the dead levels of sand, a mirage covers the desolation with a soulless sheet of visionary water.

First come the hot black shadows—the shadows of the pines—and then the foothills as it were of Death. All is breathless silence, except for the shrieking of the fish-hawk high in the air, and the strange mysterious whispering of the ceaselessly moving and shifting sand. Here and there a stark gray tree trunk, already dead in the clutch of the oncoming death, reaches helpless skeleton arms up into the air. Each is an empty hollow shell of bark; each is soulless and void of life, excepting, perhaps, for a nest of woodpeckers or of mice—a squalid metempsychosis of the spirit of the pine-tree.

Beyond the foot-hills lies, grim and still, the silent bosom of the White Death—hills and valleys of lifeless sand, blinding, burning, parched, and dry. The air is like the blast from a fiery furnace, and a breathless curtain of silence stretches between the glare of the sky above and the whispering whiteness beneath. The sliding feet sink deep into the shifting surface, and the traveler stands face to face with Israfael in simile.

So the Gates of Death are passed, and the journey is ended.

Then suddenly, as the head rises above the crest of the last white wave, all is instantly transformed. The last hill is climbed with panting breath, and then Death itself is left behind.

Before the eye there stretches away the eternal ocean, a glorious purple sparkling with dancing white-caps and dotted with shining sails. The ceaseless surf shouts jubilantly on the beach, and the cool pure air rushes upward, bathing the hot face like the breath of a newer and purer life. The ocean, the sails, the rushing breeze all tell of something vast and limitless that lies beyond.

Behind was left the limited plain, bounded by the black shadows and the White Death. Before is an image of limitless immensity.—From "Among the Sand Hills," by Howard Pyle, in Harper's Magazine.

HOW TO DETERMINE DISTANCE AT SEA.

The rules for determining the distance of objects seen at sea are very simple, and should be known by all. Suppose that the eye of the observer is 18 feet above the level of the ocean.

In that case we double 18, which gives us 36, the square root of which is 6. Therefore, the horizon lies at a distance of six miles when the observer sees it from an elevation of 18 feet.

From a height of 30 feet (which is about that of the eye of an observer on a vessel the size of the City of Rome) we double the distance of the eye above the sea level, which gives us 60, the square root of which is 7.7. Hence an object may be seen at a distance of 7.7 miles from a steamer of the size mentioned.

If the depth of the part of a distant ship's hull below the horizon is known, the distance of that ship beyond the horizon is obtained in the same way. Then, suppose the depth of the part concealed to be 12 feet, then we take the square root of twice 12, or 24, giving 48; showing that the ship's distance beyond the horizon is 4.9 miles.

Hence if a ship is seen with 12 feet of the hull down (that is with 12 feet of the hull invisible), the observations being taken from the deck of a steamer of the size of the City of Rome, we may correctly infer that its distance is 4.9 miles beyond the distance of the horizon (which, by the figures above is proved to be at a distance of 7.7 miles).

We add the two sets of figures together and find that the inco

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price Currents for Produce and Other Articles.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected daily at King's elevator.—Grain at the elevator—Red wheat, No. 2, new, 73c; white wheat, No. 2, 69c. Rye—No. 2, new, 54c. Corn—No. 2, 45c. Oats—White, 35c; mixed, 33c.

Provisions—(Corrected daily by Charles Meyers)—Very firm; pork, mess, $12 00 per bbl; short, $12 50; clear, $13 00; short clear, $14 50. Hams very firm; 18 lbs and over, 12c; 15 lbs average, 12c; 12 lbs. and under, 12 1-2c; shoulders, 9c; scarce. Breakfast bacon, clear, 12c; rib, 10c; smoked beef, 11c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8 1-2c; by bbl., 8 1-2c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8 1-2c; refined, 6 3-4c; 50 lb tins, 7c. Bacon side, 10 1-2c. Bologna, 6c. Barrel meats active. Calves, 6 1-2@8c bbl. Hogs—Good demand, 6@7c. All kinds smoked meats very firm but scarce.

Butter—Scarce and higher; Elgin creamery, 26@27c; gathered creams, 24@25c; fancy Ohio creamery, 23@24c; fancy northwestern creamery, 22@24c; fancy dairy, 21@22c; prime to choice, 18@19c; medium, 14@16c; common, 8@10c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4 3-4c per lb; country, 4c.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23c per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31c; fine merino, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@28c.

Vegetables—(Corrected daily by E. A. Rood)—Business good; demand for all vegetables active and improving. Prices on open market. Country orders are filled at higher prices. New potatoes 65@70c per bushel; $1a 85@2 00 per barrel; green beans, 50@75c per bu; new wax beans, 60@75c per bu; new cauliflower, $1 00@1 50 per doz; beets, 50c bu; onions, 20c per doz; 80@1 00 per bushel; lettuce, 5@6c per lb; tomatoes, 30@40c per bushel; cabbage, $2 25@3 50; California fruits—Bartlett pears, $3 00@3 50 per box; plums, $2 50@3 00 per case; peaches, $1 50 per case. New apples, scarce and high, 90@1 00 per bu; strictly ch. hence the statesman to perform the noble task of giving Boomer a proper send-off into eternity.

Balancing the pencil in his hand, Willie meditated for a time. Eagerly the staff gathered around to lend inspiration, possibly a vagrant expression, and to watch the process of thought oozing forth on paper. Briefly disposing of the necessary common-places of prfatory fact, Willie prepared to launch forth into an elaborate disquisition on nothing. Chumps outlined the facts. He concluded with a description of his visit to Boomer's room. Boomer's lodgings were modest and his belongings equally so. Besides a pair of retired patent-leather shoes, he possessed a change of as yet unlaundered linen and a night shirt. In the coal scuttle conclusive evidence of Boomer's rash act was found. It was a strange place to put an ante-mortem statement, but then Boomer was decidedly eccentric. This statement was written in ink, showing that Boomer had labored and thought over it and that it contained the essence of his concentrated thought before wandering into eternity. With many fine phrases, eliciting the unqualified approval and admiration of the staff, Willie led up to this document. It said:

"I have prepared to die. It has come to that period when my credit and my confidence are both gone. I have nothing more to care for. In this life I am harrassed and annoyed. The pleasure of living is not equal to its pain. In considering death, I see nothing in it that should excite fear. Indeed, it might be looked upon as a promised rest. With the known torments of life staring me in the face, I have nothing to fear in death. At best life is a bore. There is a possibility of three good or bad meals a day, a bed at night and drinks sprinkled in between. But society contrives to sprinkle so many other things in between that I am discontented and wish to die. This may be a trifling excuse for such an act, but it satisfies me. At present I have not the price of a drink with which to wet my departing lips. Therefore, I have not the price of some subtle poison to steal away my soul. Had I the price I would prefer the drink. As it is, I will have to jump in the river. I would like to leap tragically from the Eads bridge, but I have not the five cents toll. Had I the nickel I would deliberate as to whether I would sacrifice the tragedy and take a 'pony.' As it is, such a mental struggle is out of the question. I will jump from a wharfboat if I can find nothing better."

Continuing his writing, Willie penciled: "These were his last written words." He might have rounded out the sentence had not a husky voice at his elbow inquired:

"Whash yer doin' whish zat?"

There was a nervous start all around. Everybody looked up and there beheld the familiar figure of the departed Boomer. His picturesque attire hung around him in graceful folds, and his eyes beamed with intelligence. There was a curve around his lips indicating that he strongly suspected he had walked in on a conspiring staff preparing to steal a fragment of his thunder. Clinging to the back of Willie's chair, he repeated:

"Whash yer doin' whish zat?"

By this time the staff had recovered from their surprise and consternation and realized that it was flesh and blood before them, inspired by alcohol. Chumps hastily departed, looking reproachfully and vengefully at the resuscitated suicide. Willie solemnly gathered up his papers and retired to an adjoining room, where the sound of perishing manuscript was distinctly audible.

"Where have you been?" was the chorused question.

"Sh-drinkin'," said the frank Boomer.

"Why did you write that stat ment?"

"For ze Hermann shushicide."

The staff seized the ghost and hurried it out into the night.

Left alone Willie crept to the files. There, after patient search, was the record of the Hermann suicide. It was in small type and in the corner allotted to the mangled remains of good but tardy items. It showed no signs of having been penned by the able Boomer. It said: "Adolph Hermann, a despondent German residing at 1938 3-4 —— street, jumped off a wharfboat at 10:39 1-2 o'clock last night and was drowned. He leaves a wife 49 years old and six children aged 1, 2, 4, 5, 7 and 9 years respectively. He wrote an explanation of his rash act. The body was taken to the morgue. The ambulance was called to remove the remains."

Boomer had endeavored to adorn and dignify the suicide of Herr Hermann, but probably tarried too long on the way. Having consigned the ante-mortem statement to the coal scuttle, where it remained a tribute to the care and tidiness of his landlady, he came near being the victim of his own high purpose.

Boomer is well, and if not always duly sober is not inclined to give up the sorrows of this life for the repose of the next.

Silver novelties, $2, $3, $5—Cawood's.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Cornelius Vanderbilt has purchased the old Stage Fort property at Gloucester, Mass., and will probably erect a pretty summer residence there.

General John J. Perry, of Portland, Me., is one of the few surviving congressmen of the ante-war period. He served two terms at Washington prior to 1861.

Prof. W. G. Sumner, of Yale, the well-known political economist, will not return to New Haven this fall, as he first intended, but will remain in Europe until mid-winter.

Charlotte Bronte's husband, Rev. Arthur Bell Nicholls, is living in Kings county, Ireland, where he is occasionally heard in a sermon. He married again some time after Charlotte Bronte's death.

General Obrutcheff, the newly appointed commander of the Russian armies, is so stout that he cannot sit in a saddle, nor is it likely, if he could do so, that there is anywhere a horse strong enough to bear his weight.

Dr. Frederick William Moore, instructor in sociology in the Wharton School of Finance and Economy, University of Pennsylvania, has been called to the chair of political economy in Vanderbilt University, at Nashville, Tenn.

Prince Coloredo Mansfield, proprietor of a vast domain in Bohemia, has mortgaged his estate for 60,000,000 of florins.

The greatest pleasue the King of Greece had during his recent visit to Paris was to slip out incognito, leaving his suite behind, and to promenade the boulevards, looking into shop windows and making purchases just as if he were an ordinary member of the human family.

Boito, the opera-libretto writer, having been requested to contribute to an album, inscribed this sentence on the page: "Ebro e Otel, ma Amleto e robe" (Drunken is Othello, but Hamlet is mad). The chief point of interest about it, apparently, is that it spells the same whether you read it forward or backward.

Ha! Ha!! Alarm clocks $1—Cawood's.

"RAM'S HORN" TOOTS.

No one can have joy to-day who is worrying about to-morrow.

It often happens that a dog without teeth barks the most.

No one can be truly brave who is not trying to be truly good.

It doesn't pay to build any kind of a house on a poor foundation.

Nothing keeps a stingy man from stealing but the risk of the thing.

If you are leading a child it may be that you are commanding an army.

When you want to find a coward hunt up the man who knows he is wrong.

Anything that makes us take an unselfish interest in others makes us better.

If there were no troubles to talk about some people would always be silent.

One of the most foolish men is the one who worries about things he can't help.

The woman who talks about her neighbors is no worse than the one who listens.

Working without a plan is one of the best ways in the world to waste your

No Perfection is so Absolute That some Impurity doth not Pollute.

Use Carlsbad Sprudel Salt for all impurities of the blood. It is Nature's own remedy. Beware of imitations and insist upon the genuine imported article.

A RESORT FOR LADIES.

The exclusive character of our business, Ladies' Furnishings, stamps our establishment at once the most desirable shopping place in the city for this class of goods.

Ours is a "Ladies' Store," we are catering exclusively to their wants.

Our Corset Department is an ideal one, only the very best styles and shapes are here, and satisfaction is fully guaranteed with every purchase.

"Thompson's Glove Fitting" and "The R. & G. Corset," are decidedly the best domestic corset made. We carry a complete line of these very popular makes, together with the

Imported "L. C.,"
Imported "L. S.,"
And Diamond, etc.

This week we offer a special value in a low priced corset at 50c. This is exceptional.

Extra Long, Medium and Short waist corsets at $1.00.

Extra Long Waist Corsets in White and Black at $1.35.

Extra Long Waist Corsets in White and Gray at $1.50.

Extra Long Waist Corsets in White and Black at $1.75.

Extra values in finer grades at $2.00, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, etc.

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Ladies' Furnishings!
Between Transfer Stations. 318 Summit St.

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M. BARTLETT,
618 JEFFERSON ST.

Holiday Goods
ARRIVING EVERY DAY.
Fancy Chairs,
Couches,
Boot Boxes,
Folding Tables
AND MANY OTHER NOVELTIES.

As we have no rent to pay, we will make prices much lower on that account. We ask you to inspect our goods and prices.

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DENTIST,
335 Superior Street, over Allen & Parkhurst's.

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Monday, September 5,
SCHOOL BEGINS.
We have added to our stock a complete assortment of School Books, Slates, Tablets, School Bags, Pencil Boxes, and other School Supplies.
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local effects shown in Lincoln J. Carter's scenic production of The Fast Mail, which comes to the People's for one week, opening this evening, are a complete freight train of 14 cars, illuminated caboose and practical working engine; a magnificent scene of Niagara Falls by moonlight, with real mist, as seen from suspension bridge, and the great flight of the Fast Mail train picking up a sack of mail in regulation U. S. style. The 1500th performance of this play, in America, will be celebrated by the presentation of a Utah silver spoon to every lady in the theater next Tuesday evening. An extra matinee will be given "Columbus Day," Friday, Oct. 21.

DR. R. C. FLOWER, OF BOSTON.

Dr. R. C. Flower will visit the state of Ohio in a few days and will visit the following places on the dates given: Toledo, Hotel Madison, Monday and Tuesday, October 24 and 25; Mansfield, Sherman House, Wednesday, October 26; Dayton, Beckel House, Thursday, October 27; Columbus, Neil House, Friday, October 28; Steubenville, Imperial House, Saturday

"Horses, carriages, diamonds, and so forth?"

"Everything."

"Then I do love you, Reginald."

Rogers' triple teaspoons, $2—Cawood's.

THE RIGHTS OF CAPITAL.

Algernon (out with Amy, his loved one)—Pardon me for bowing to that shabby old codger, but I feel obliged to do it, Amy.

Amy—Who is he Algernon?

Algernon—The head of our firm.

Birthday spoons, $1.50—"Cawood's."

THEY STOPPED IN TIME.

"What is the meaning of the Shakesperian expression 'go to?'"

"That is an illustration of the politeness of the Elizabethan age."

"How so?"

"Well, they were too polite to say where to."—Town Topics.

Save money—Buy of Cawood.

ARMOUR FOR HARRISON, OF COURSE.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 15.—P. D. Armour, of Chicago, who, it was reported, had left the republican party to vote for Cleveland, writes as follows, denying the same, to Hugh Parker, of the Oneida, N. Y., Post:

Chicago, Oct. 10, 1892.—To Mr. Hugh Parker: There is not a particle of foundation for this report. Fraternally,

PHILIP D. ARMOUR.

BEESWAX.

An effort is being made to organize the teamsters into a national union.

The annual consumption of railroad ties in this country is estimated at about 85,250,000.

An English company is being organized for the acclimatization of elephants in South America.

The Desert of Sahara has almost exactly the number of square miles that the United States has.

Few blue-eyed people are color-blind, and we are told that women as a rule have better eyesight than men.

Few men have legs of equal length, and to every 1,000 men in the British army only 18 are over six feet in height.

Not a few people living have double rows of natural teeth, and an authority asserts that only one person in 4,800 has a perfect nose.

There is a large factory near Chicago which does a profitable business in manufacturing useful articles from the waste blood of animals.

Penny savings banks are connected with public schools of Belgium, and 170,000 of the 600,000 primary pupils have deposited over 500,000 francs.

Lord Tennyson wrote the lines to several songs composed by the Princess Henry of Battenberg recently sung in London. Of course a case of royal music wedded to noble words.

A bottle thrown into the Atlantic November 24, 1887, from the Cephalonia, about 40 miles out from Boston, recently washed ashore on a little islet in the Caribbean sea, 6,300 miles away.

A traveler who was "doing" Naples had his attention called to a placard posted on the door of a little shop in Via Toledo and informing the public that "the title of duke is offered for sale; inquire within."

The white horse has been taken out of the German cavalry, it having been proven that it can be seen at such a distance as to make it a special mark for an enemy. The red-headed vivandiere goes with it.

The wife of the notorious Wilson, and daughter of the late President Grevy, is preparing a political memoir of her father, who bequeathed to her his entire correspondence and all his private documents.

Earrings are no longer fashionable, and the best dressed women appear now at the opera and ball without even the solitaire pearl or turquoise screw which was the gradual abandoning of the ornamental eardrops.

In Equatorial Africa a wife can be bought for ten bundles of hairpins. This is the reason why the wives of African explorers will never permit their husbands to smuggle any hairpins into their baggage.

Queen Victoria has made an innovation by insisting that a man could not enter her employ as a piper unless he was a teetotaler. Heretofore every piper has been allowed to wet his whistle as often as he liked.

Alcohol was invented 750 years ago by the son of a strange woman, Hagar, in Arabia. Ladies used it with powder to paint themselves that they might appear more beautiful, and this powder was called alcohol.

The beautiful Empress Elizabeth of Austria has ordered 50,000 more trees to be planted around the statue of her favorite poet, Heine, that is shortly to be erected in the grounds of her fairy-like palace at Corfu.

The law of Denmark now gives to every Danish subject, man or woman, the right to a pension at 60 years of age, except in cases of convicted criminals, paupers or those who have come to distress by extravagance.

By a curious coincidence, Cumnor Hall, the imaginary abode of Amy Robsart, has fallen into the possession of the Rev. Scott-Hall. Whether he is related to the great Sir Walter is a question at present unanswered.

The most powerful electric light in the world is at Hantsholm, on the coast of Jutland, in Denmark, where, from the lighthouse situated at that place, there is flashed nightly an electric light of 20,000,000-candle power.

It is said that Mme. Patti and other women of high standing on the stage preserve most carefully the boots they wore at their debut, which they consider lucky to have about on the first nights of engagements forever after.

An Illinois banker put a mark on the money he paid out on a late Saturday to the wage-workers of the town who patronized his bank. Of the $700 thus paid out nearly half of it came back to him on Monday from saloons in the district.

Among the most remarkable inventions at the recent paper exhibit at Berlin was a set of paper teeth made by a Luebeck dentist in 1878. They have been in constant use for more than 13 years, and show absolutely no wear whatever.

Charles Theodore Russell, who presided over the convention that nominated his son, the present governor of Massachusetts, was graduated from Harvard a little over 50 years ago, and is still a hale and hearty man in active legal practice.

A Manitou (Mich.) young woman received a letter from a Kansas man the other day, in which he devoted seven pages to telling of business, crops and politics. In a postscript he mentioned the fact that he would like to have her marry him.

Burial at sea is to be abolished for those who have money to pay for the transportation of their remains in case of death on board ship. Airtight steel caskets for the transportation of bodies are now a part of the equipment of all the best steamers.

From July to December the bazaars of the towns in Cyprus are crammed with grapes, which are sold for less than a penny a pound. They are of various kinds—black, red, green, pale, Muscat and stoneless, the same that make the Sultana raisins.

Volcanic ashes often travel a long distance. A remarkable shower of volcanic ashes has occurred recently in several parts of Finland. The ground in some places has been covered to the depth of nearly an inch. The phenomenon is attributed to volcanic eruptions in Iceland, hundreds of miles away.

Emjeror Alexander has freed the Kalmucks of Astrakan, from serfdom. These roving people are Buddhists, and they number 150,000 souls. When the other Russian serfs were freed in 1861, the Kalmucks were not permitted to enjoy the results of that proclamation, for it was thought that so wild a people would abuse their privileges.

One of the most significant curios in New York is a copper globe in the Lenox library. It is only four and a half inches in diameter, but it is believed to be the earliest globe to lay down the new discoveries by Columbus. It dates back to the first decade of the exteenth century. The little it shows of this hemisphere is mostly wrong, and the few names would be recognized only by experts in matters geographical, but the globe is rightly esteemed one of the chief treasures of a rare collection.

Swedish girls who come to this country seeking employment as housemaids usually bring with them at least one trunkful of household linen. It is really part of a potential wedding trousseau, for every Swedish girl counts upon getting a husband one day, and prepares against the event by years of sewing. The trousseau is begun in childhood, and doubtless there are Swedish girls on the verge of old maidenhood who pathetically carry about these evidences of preparattion for an event that seems destined to indefinite postponement.

Most of the paper money used in the Spanish-American republics is engraved in New York city, and it not infrequently happens that the same firm of bank-note makers is called upon to furnish currency for successive revolutionary governments in the same republic. The engraved notes, wanting the signature of the proper official, are sent by express to the government ordering them, and the plates are usually kept in safe-deposit vaults in New York. The engravers take care not to accept in payment for their work any of the notes they turn out.

They know something about electioneering in France, too. Some years ago a Legitimist, an Orleanist and a Republican were rival candidates in a provincial district. One Saturday morning it was given out that the Legitimist would be at the church door on Sunday prepared to present a four-pound loaf of bread to every poor member of the congregation. The wife of the Orleanist took a hint from this, and she was also present at the distribution with a pot of jam and a pat of butter to go with each loaf. But the Republican, who was a wine-seller, distanced both his competitors by sending a bottle of wine to every poor voter.

If Barytes and other adulterants of White Lead are just as good as

Strictly Pure White Lead

why is it that all the bogus and adulterated white leads are always branded "Pure," or "Strictly Pure White Lead?"

No one ever puts a misleading brand on an article of merchandise, unless he wants to "work off" an inferior for a better.

This Barytes or Baryta, is a heavy white powder, worthless as paint; costing only about one cent per pound and is used to adulterate and cheapen the mixture. No one ever adulterates white lead with an article costing more than Lead.

If you purchase any of the following brands you are sure of having strictly pure white lead—

ANCHOR (Cincinnati)
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DAVIS-CHAMBERS (Pittsburgh)
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FAHNESTOCK (Pittsburgh)
MORLEY (Cleveland)
RED SEAL (St. Louis)
SHIPMAN (Chicago)
SOUTHERN (St. Louis and Chicago)

These brands of strictly pure White Lead and the National Lead Co.'s Tinting Colors are for sale by the best dealers in paints everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card to do so.

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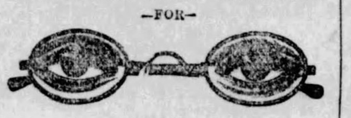
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For Eight Dollars we will make you the best set of teeth that can be made on rubber, no better made no matter how much you pay.

And remember we are the only dentists in the city that make our own Vitalized Air and Gas, which makes it purer and safer, and which is acknowledged by all to be the only true and genuine anaesthetic for the Painless Extraction of Teeth, and especially is this the case with children, and if once taken by them they will never have teeth out any other way. Crown and bridge work cheaper than ever.

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NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Legal Advertising.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Thursday,

THE 20TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1892,

for the legal advertising of the proceedings of the common council, and the alternate advertising for one year, with the option on the part of the city of continuing the contract for an additional year at the same rate. Proposals shall state the rate per square of 240 ems nonpareil measurement, for each insertion.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into.

Bidders will be required to endorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

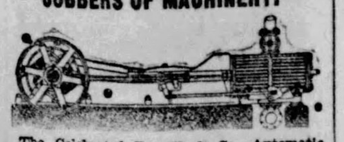
The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

SYLVESTER LAMB, City Clerk.

5oct-e-o-d-2-wks

Arbuckle, Ryan & Co.
JOBBERS OF MACHINERY.



The Celebrated Russell & Co. Automatic Engines! Guaranteed in Economy, Workmanship, Regulation and Finish equal to the best in the market.

The Stirling Water Tube High Pressure Steam Boiler. 150 pounds working pressure allowed. Safe, Durable and the most economical boiler made. Also Horizontal and Vertical Slide Valve Engines and Tubular Boilers, all sizes. Estimates furnished on complete plants erected. Send for prices and catalogue.

Also Russell & Co.'s Celebrated Traction Farm Engines, Cyclone Threshers, Saw Mills, etc.

We have a variety of second-hand engines, boilers, etc., all carefully overhauled and in good order. Send for special list.

A special bargain on four 60-inch Tubular Boilers complete with Full Fronts and all fixtures. Send for special price and description.

ARBUCKLE, RYAN & CO
509-511 MONROE ST.

BUY A GENDRON
AND SAVE MONEY.

A Wheel that will stand Military Use must be a good one.

THEY are a very stylish garment and the materials made this season are coarse all wool Homespuns and Domestic and Imported Cheviots.

We have these goods in all colors. Our price for full suits either double or single breasted to order, Fit and Workmanshipguaranteed for $15, $16, $18.

ATLANTIC PANTS CO.
344 SUMMIT ST., TOLEDO, O.

HOMESTEAD QUARRY
LIME CITY, OHIO.
Dimension Stone, Bridge, Store Building Stone, Rip Rap Stone, Preble Stone.

The finest Lime Stone in Northern Ohio. Stone of any dimensions cut to measure. Address the

Michigan Stone & Supply Co
AT LIME CITY, OHIO.
333 Congress St., West,
DETROIT, MICH.
CUS. F. SMITH,
President and General Manager

DO YOU WANT GOLD?

Cripple Creek is not a health resort. It is a wealth resort. Quite a difference! Location, near Pike's Peak, in Colorado. Gold—bright, yellow gold, is found at grass roots and in the rock formation.

Reliable experts claim this is to-day the richest camp in Colorado. Assays average $100 per ton, and have run as high as $5,000. One hundred people a day are now rushing to Fremont, chief town of the district.

The chance of a life-time is worth looking after!

You can get there quickly and comfortably by taking Santa Fe Route. Only line with no change of cars from Chicago. Kansas City and other principal cities to Florissant, nearest railroad station, with daily stages, to Fremont.

Address for rates and service,

CEO. E. GILMAN
Michigan Pass. Agt. Santa Fe Route,

A. F. SCHWALBE
PRACTICAL
FURRIER
And Taxidermist.

Sealskin sacques made to order and a perfect fit guaranteed.

Plush Sacques Steamed and All Kinds of Furs Repaired.

The Latest Style of Pattern Cutting.
412 HURON ST.

Buckeye Bottling Works
PILSENER, LAGER,
EXPORT BEERS!
Ales, Porter, Stout and Mt. Clemens Sprudel Water promptly delivered to families, hotels and trade in general
ADAM ULLRICH
213 and 134 St. Clair
Phone 214

CATHOLIC LADY WANTED.

WANTED—Intelligent, industrious lady to receive subscriptions, make collections, and attend to our business in her own locality. References required.

$12 PER WEEK.
OFFICE OF CATHOLIC PUBLICATIONS,
Fifth Ave. and Madison Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

FACE MASSAGE
Treatment of Hair and Scalp.
Facial Blemishes of every description permanently removed without the use of harmful compounds. The face treatment teaches one how to care for and keep the face free from imperfections. Superfluous hair permanently removed by electricity. Consultation free from 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. MRS. L. J. RAYMER,
Dermatologist, 415 Twelfth Street.
Treatment by mail.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia!
IS POSITIVELY CURED
BY
RHEUMATOLE.
For sale by Druggists, or
THE RAW MEDICINE CO., TOLEDO, O., U. S. A.

$1.00

It's a hard thing to give its value on a Bicycle.

But time tells its Merits.

HOW DO YOU BUY?

Toledo Bicycle Co.

BUY
With Your Eyes Open!

And you will make money in Toledo Real Estate. It was but three years ago when purchasers were scarce for Maplewood avenue property at $13.00 per foot. Now the same property—near Bancroft street—is selling at $30 per foot. Maplewood, Glenwood and Detroit avenues at Jewel Place, having been lately platted, are but $8.50 to $15 per foot. In so favorable a location, assisted by the new belt line, such prices will quickly be doubled. Buy soon.

We have three new houses in Jewel Place, well built, neat and modern, of 6 and 7 rooms each, which we will sell to the right party at very reasonable price on monthly payments. Look at them.

Irving B. Hiett & Co.
243 St. Clair Street.

Harvest Excursions
VIA
BIG FOUR ROUTE
To all Principal Points in the
West, Northwest, South and Southwest!
September 27th,
October 25th,
AT
HALF RATES!
Tickets good returning 20 days from date of sale.

The Annual Opportunity for Visiting at Small Expense the Great
Farming, Stock, Lumber AND MINING REGIONS.

STOP OVERS
Allowed in Territory to which Excursion Tickets are sold.

For rates and full information, call on agents of the
BIG FOUR ROUTE,
Or address D. B. MARTIN, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

A good thing to remember
While rumors of epidemics are prevalent, is that a pure supply of ice from Devil's Lake, Mich., free from city sewage contaminated with germ and bacillus, is the only kind we are furnishing to our customers.

The Michigan Lake Ice Co
OFFICE, 327 SUPERIOR ST.
PHONE 408

Ira A. Richardson & Son
3 Produce Exchange.

Best planned, modern priced residence in the city; 10 rooms, large cellar and attic; sanitary plumbing, elegant mantels, both gases, water and sewerage connections, stone sidewalks, on Melrose street.

For Sale on Monthly Payments.

COX & BERDAN
RETAIL DEPARTMENT.
C. C. McKECKNIE, MANAGER,
317 SUPERIOR ST.
Bet. Madison and Adams

Hard and Soft Coal
Delivered to any Part of City.
PHONE ORDERS TO 934

AWNINGS
TENTS, FLAGS,
Binder and Stack Covers,
Horse, Wagon and Waterproof Covers.

BREYMAN BROS.,
26 AND 28 SUMMIT ST.

N. B. BACON. T. F. HUBER.
BACON & HUBER
ARCHITECTS,
33 and 34 Chamber of Commerce.

"DETWILER'S RENT LIST."

No. 1806 Monroe street, 11 room modern brick, $50 per month.
No. 1816 Monroe street, modern 10-room brick, $45 per month.
No. 223 Michigan street, near Madison, 11 rooms, $40 per month.
No. 1017 Grand avenue, very nice modern residence, $40 per month.
No. 119 12th street, near Jefferson, modern brick, $35 per month.
No. 331 Batavia street, 10 rooms, all modern, $33.33 per month.
No. 329 Locust, corner Superior street, brick, $33.33 per month.
No. 314 Huron, near Madison, $30 per mo.
No. 628 Erie, near Cherry, $30 per month.
No. 1118 Adams street, new store and basement, $30 per month.
No. 207 Jarvis street, grocery, maket and living rooms, $25 per month.
No. 339 10th street, near Madison, 10-room modern brick, $25 per month.
No. 528 Broadway, new and modern frame, $25 per month.
No 1707 Adams, 3-story brick, 10 rooms, $25 per month.
No. 1420 Huron street, $25 per month.
No. 1815 Cherry, modern conveniences, vacant any time, $22 per month.
Dorr street, head of Heston street, (store), $20 per month.
New 9-room frame, Superior street, near Galena, $20 per month.
Batavia street, near Ashland avenue, $20 per month.
No. 814 Dorr street, very nice, vacant Oct. 20, $20 per month.
No. 725 East Bancroft street, vacant Oct. 1st, $18 per month.
No 813 Hicks, new and very nice, $18 per month.
No. 815 Hicks street, near Lawrence avenue, $18 per month.
No. 504 1-2 Superior street, near Oak, 8 rooms, $16.66 per month.
No. 319 Tecumseh street, new and modern, $16.50 per month.
Store, Dorr street, head of Division, $15 per month.
No. 139 East Franklin avenue, vacant Oct. 1st, $12 per month.
No. 1916 Erie street, 6-room cottage, $12.50 per month.
No. 3215 Cambridge street, near Cherry, $12 per month.
No. 625 Baker street, East Toledo, 2-story frame, $12 per month.
No. 1753 Superior, near Ash, $11 per month.
Hicks, near Hawthorne street, 8 rooms, $11 per month.
No. 2128 Broadway, near Water Works, $10 per month.
Bartlett, near Detroit avenue, $9 per month.
Spring street, near Mulberry, $9 per month.
No. 731 Nevada, near Euclid avenue, $8.50 per month.
No. 719 Missouri street, $6 per month.
Four new office rooms over No. 224 St. Clair street, next to postoffice, on first floor, for $10, $11, $12 and $15 per month.

SOME BARGAINS IN IMPROVED PROPERTY.

$2,500—Beautiful 8-room, new, modern fram residence; bath room, city water, good sewerage, both gases; all new and very nice, near the corner of Ash and Erie streets. This property is near the proposed location of the new city park, and very cheap. Price $2,500; terms, $350 cash, balance monthly. (No. 687.)

$2,600—Elegant new modern frame residence, with all modern conveniences, in first-class condition, with lot 33x150 to alley, fronting on Superior street, near Buckeye, price $2,600; terms, $400 cash, balance monthly. (707.)

$900 to $1,100—Four new cottages fronting on Locain street, near Water Works; terms $85 cash, balance same as rent. We also have 5 new cottages on Mulberry, Spring and Noble streets, which we offer on same terms.

Vacant lots in Detwiler's sub-division on Hicks' Farm Addition, one block from Front street, opposite Rolling Mill, $250. Houses built on monthly payments. Come and see us before buying. "It will cost you nothing and may save you much."

I. H. DETWILER & CO.,
224 St. Clair Street, next to Postoffice.
"Office Open Evenings."

A. E. MACOMBER & CO.,
108 SUMMIT STREET.

FOR RENT—No. 802 Lagrange street; large dwelling 10 rooms, suitable for boarding house or two neighborly families, $18.
FOR RENT—No. 451 Hamilton street; large dwelling; 10 rooms; suitable for large family or boarding house, $17.
FOR RENT—No. 1811 North 14th street, dwelling 6 rooms, $1,300.
FOR RENT—No. 1017 Heston street, neat cottage 5 rooms, $10.
FOR RENT—Dwellings in all parts of the city.
FOR SALE—No. 425 Knower street, two-story dwelling 7 rooms, mantle, cellar, well, cistern, barn, etc.
FOR SALE—New cottage Ewing street, near Forrer, 5 rooms, ready October 1st; two cottages on Hoag street, near Washington street; two houses on Worthington street, East Side; two cottages on White street, East Side, ready October 1st; two cottages on Knower street, between Manmee avenue and Dix streets. Dwelling No. 1520 Collingwood avenue, and dwelling No. 130 21st street; all modern improvements.

We have for sale on terms that will suit, fine dwelling lots on the following streets: In the Ninth ward—On South street, on Knower street, on Crittenden ave., on Lee street, on Sumner street, on Hiett ave. In the Eighth ward—On Oakwood ave., on Bartlett street, on Washington street, on Hicks street, on Collingwood ave., on 221 street, on Wisconsin street, on Missouri st., on Illinois street, on Forrer street. In Auburndale—On Monroe street, on Milburn ave., on Macomber street, on Auburn ave. In the Seventh ward—On Vermont ave., on Franklin ave., on Lagrange street, Locust street, Austin street, Weber street and Marston ave. Lots on Lagrange street, Heston ave. and in Parkland addition. In East Toledo—On Mott ave., Worthington street, White street, Rayner street.

We have lots in many other parts of the city. Will take orders for the construction of cottages and dwellings with payments on terms of 5 to 10 years, with interest at 6 per cent.

FOR SALE
Cheap, if Taken at Once.

80 feet on Madison, corner 22nd street; good house, barn, etc. For price call on A. J. J. Machen, 310 Superior street.

Only two lots left on Machen street, for $1,000 each; street paved, sewer, etc. A. J. J. Machen, 310 Superior street.

15 lots on Fulton street; low price for cash; 2 lots on Machen street; 6 lots on Delaware avenue; 900 feet front north side Boston street; will sell the whole or in lots to suit purchaser, or will exchange property on Boston, Fulton or Collingwood for unincumbered improved city real estate or for stock of dry goods; 10 lots on Central avenue between Cherry and Collingwood; 1 lot 100x300 on Collingwood; 400x200 corner Collingwood and Central avenue; 20 lots on Pratt street, near Wheeling Shop, $10 per foot; lots on Gordon street; 54 feet corner Broadway and Newton street; 2 lots

A SUMMER'S JOURNEY.

Dr. Talmage Gives His Observations in Russia.

A Report of the Preaching of th Gospel in the Kingdom of Great Britain.

Brooklyn, Oct. 17.— Unusual interest attached to the sermon preached by Rev. Dr. Talmage Sunday forenoon, it having been announced that he would devote the entire discourse to a review of his summer's journey. The great tabernacle building was crowded early by an expectant audience. Professor Brown, the organist, during the service, rendered the Russian national air, the English national air and our own national air. Among other hymns sung was:

My country, 'tis of thee
Sweet and of liberty.

The subject was: "Observations in Russia and Great Britain, the text selected being, Psalm cxxxix. 9: "If I take the wings of the morning and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea, even there shall thy hand lead me."

What an absurd book the Bible must be to a man who has no poetry in his soul. "Wings of the morning!" What kind of a bird is it, and how long are its wings, and of what color? Ah, some of us have seen and felt its wings. They are golden. They are buoyant. They are swift. They are widespread. The 15th of last June I took "the wings of the morning" and started for Europe. June 20, on "the wings of the morning" I started from Liverpool. July 12, on "the wings of the morning" I entered Germany, the land of Martin Luther and many of his ilk, living and dead. On "the wings of the morning" I entered St. Petersburg, Russia. On "the wings of the morning" I entered Moscow. On "the wings of the morning" I entered the palaces of Russia, greeted by the emperor and empress, surrounded by a lovely brood of princes and princesses. On "the wings of the morning" I entered Inverness, the capital of the Scottish Highlands, country of Robert Burns and Thomas Chalmers, the one for poetry, the other for religion. September 21, on "the wings of the morning," I entered the finest haven of all earth—New York harbor—and looked off to the most interesting place I had seen in three months—1 South Oxford street, Brooklyn. Oh, I like "the wings of the morning." I am, by nature and by grace, a son of the morning. I think I must have been born in the morning. I would like to die in the morning. I have a notion that heaven is only an everlasting morning. In the summer of 1892, my text was fulfilled to me again and again. "If I take the wings of the morning and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea, even there shall thy hand lead me." Yes, he led me as he has always led me since I took my first walk from my cradle to my mother's lap at Bound Brook until this pulpit where I now stand, and he will lead me until I stop for all time about three miles out yonder, where the most of you will be my fellow slumberers.

You all know why I went to Russia this summer. There are many thousands of people who have the right to say to me, as was said in the Bible parable: "Give account of thy stewardship." Through the Christian Herald, which I have the honor to edit, we had for months, in publisher's, in repertorial, and editorial column, put before the people the ghastly facts concerning 20,000,000 of Russians who were starving to death, and subscriptions for the relief fund had come by letters that seemed not so much written with ink as with tears, some of the letters practically saying: "We find it hard to get bread for our own families, but we cannot stand this cry of hunger from beyond the seas, and so please to receive the enclosed." And others had sent jewels from their hands and necks, saying: "Sell these and turn them into bread." And another letter said: "Inclosed is an old gold piece. It was my mother's. She gave it to me and told me never to part with it except for bread, and now I inclose it." We had gathered $25,000 in money, which we turned into 3,000,000 pounds of flour. When I went down to the Board of Trade at Chicago and left $5,000 of the amount raised with a prominent flour merchant, taking no receipt and leaving all to him to do the best thing, and returned, it was suggested that I had not done things in a business way. How could we know what sort of flour would be sent? There are styles of flour more fit for the trough of the swine than the mouths of hungry men and women. Well, as is customary, when the flour came to New York it was tested, and we found indeed that they had cheated us. They gave us better flour than we had bought. I bought in Chicago fine flour, but they sent us superfine. God bless the merchants of Chicago!

Now, we know nothing about famine in America. The grasshoppers may kill the crops in Kansas, the freshets may destroy the crops along the Ohio, the potato worm may kill the vines of Long Island, and rust may get into the wheat of Michigan, yet when there has been dreadful scarcity in some parts of the land there has been plenty in other parts. But in districts of Russia, vast enough to drop several nations into them, drought for six consecutive years has devastated, and those districts were previously the most productive of all the empire. It was like what we would have in America if the hunger fiend somehow got out of hell and alighted in our land, and swept his wings over Minnesota and said: "Let nothing grow here," and over Missouri, and said: "Let nothing grow here, and over New York state, and said: "Let nothing grow here," and over Ohio and Georgia and Massachusetts and Pennsylvania and Nebraska and Dakota and the Carolinas, and said: "Let nothing grow here," and the hunger fiend had swept the same withering and blasting wing over the best parts of America in the years of 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891 and 1892, and finally all our families were put on small allowance, and we had all risen from the table hungry, and after a while the children had only a quarter enough, and after a while only one meal a day, and after a while no good food at all, but a mixture of wheat and chaff and bark of trees, and then three of the children down with hunger typhus, and then all the family unable to walk, and then crawling on hands and knees, and then one dead in each room, and neighbors, not quite so exhausted, coming in to bury them, and afterwards the house becoming the tomb, with none to carry the dead to more appropriate sepulcher—whole families blotted out. That was what occurred in Russia in homes more than were ever counted, in homes that were once as comfortable and happy and bountiful as yours or mine, in homes as virtuous as yours or mine, in homes where God is worshiped as much as in yours or mine. It was to do a little something towards beating back that Archangel of Wretchedness and Horror that we went, and we have now to report that, according to the estimate of the Russian famine relief committee, we saved the lives of 125,000 people. As at the hunger relief stations, the bread was handed out—for it was made into loves and distributed—many people would halt before taking it and religiously cross themselves and utter a prayer for the doners. Some of them would come staggering back and say: "Please tell us who sent this bread to us." And when told it came from America they would say, "What part of America? Please give us the names of those who sent it." Ah, God only knows the names of those who sent it, but He certainly does know, and many a prayer is going up, I warrant you, day by day for those who sent flour by the ship Leo. Perhaps some of us at our tables rattle off a prayer that may mean nothing, although we call it "saying grace," but I warrant when those people who received the bread which saved their lives "said grace," it meant something. Our religion may not demand that we "cross ourselves," but I have learned that while crossing one's self in some cases may mean nothing but mere form, I believe in most cases it means: "Oh, thou of the suffering Cross of Calvary, have mercy on me and accept my gratitude." Prefer your own form of religion by all means, but do not deprecate the religious forms of others. From all I can learn, there were several good people before we were born, and I rather expect there will be several left after we are dead. I have traveled in many lands, but I tell you plainly, as I told Emperor Alexander III. in the palace at Peterhoff, that I had never been so impressed with the fidelity to their religion of any people as by what I had seen in Russia, and especially among her public men. I said respectfully to a Russian, when I saw him cross himself: "What do you do that for?" "Oh," he said, "when I do that I always say: 'God have mercy on me!'" I hold in my hand something very suggestive. What does that black and uncomely thing look like? That is what is called hunger-bread from Russia; that is what millions of people lived on for months before help came from England, Scotland, Ireland, and America; that is a mixture which seems to have in it not one grain of sustenance. It is a mixture of pig-weed and chaff and the sweepings of stables. That is something which, if dropped in the street, your dog or cat might sniff at, but would not eat. That was the only food on which millions of men and women lived. You must look at that hunger-bread of Russia before you can get proper appreciation of what an attractive and beautiful thing a good loaf of bread is. It is so common to us we cannot realize its meaning. Stop and look at it in a bakery window or see it on your family table—I mean an honest loaf of bread, white as a ball of packed snow, with a crust brown as the autumnal woods, and for a keen appetite more aromatic than flowers—a loaf of bread as you remember it in childhood, when the knife in the hand of your father or mother cut clean through, from crust to crust, and put before you, not a quarter of a slice, but a full, round slice and another and another just suited to a boy always ready to eat and for the most time hungry, even in a well-supplied house. I remember and you remember, if you had a healthy childhood, just how it tasted. My! My! Plum pudding does not taste as good now as that plain bread then. It was then bread at the table and bread between meals, and bread before breakfast, and bread before going to bed.

Why does not some poet ring a canto on a loaf of bread, or some historian tell its history? Not like many articles of food, pretentious, and iced all over like wedding cake, or dotted with fantastic ingredients, but that grandest product of the earth, that richest yield of the flour mill, that best benediction of a hot oven, a God-given loaf of bread. But the rhythm of it, the luxury of it, the benediction of it, the divine mercy of it, only those know who have seen a famine. No wonder Christ put this food into the sacrament and said of a broken loaf of bread: "This is my body." Thank God that I ever saw that transcendant and compact kindness of the infinite God—a loaf of bread. And it was our joy this summer to hand over a shipload of material for gladdening many thousands of Russians with such a beatitude. But, I have been asked by good people in Great Britain and America again and again, why did not the prosperous people of Russia stop that suffering themselves, making it useless for other nations to help? And I am always glad when I hear the question asked, because it gives me an opportunity of explaining. Have you any idea what it requires to feed twenty million people? There is only one Being in the universe who can do it, and that is the Being who, this morning, breakfasted sixteen hundred million of the human race. The nobility of Russia have not only contributed lavishly, but many of them went down and staid for months among the ghastliness and the horror and the typhus fever and the smallpox, that they might administer to the suffering. I sat at the dining table in the house of one of our American representatives beside a baroness, who had not only impoverished her estates by her contributions to the suffering, but who left her own home and went down into the worst of the misery, and until prostrated with fever; then reviving, and toiling on until prostrated by the smallpox. She had come home to get a little strength, and in a few days she was going down again to the suffering districts, and she commissioned me to execute in America a literary enterprise by which she expects with her pen more money, all of which is to go for bread to those who lack it. Then there are the Bobrinskeys. They are of the nobility, not only the nobility of earth but the nobility of heaven. You know we have in America certain names which are synonyms for benevolence—George Peabody, James Lenox, William E. Dodge, Mr. Slater, and so on. What their names mean in America, Bobrinski means in Russia. The emperor has made larger contributions toward this relief fund than any monarch ever made since the world stood, and the superb kindness written all over the faces of emperor and empress and crown prince is demonstrated in what they have already done and are doing for the sufferers in their own country. When a few days ago I read in the papers that the emperor and empress, hearing an explosion, stopped the royal railtrain to find out what accident had occurred, and the empress knelt down by the side of a wounded laborer and held his head until pillows and blankets could be brought, and the two wounded men were put upon the royal train to be carried to a place where they could be better cared for. I said to my wife: "Just like her." When I saw a few days ago in the papers that the emperor and empress had walked through the wards of the virulent cholera, talking with the patients, shaking hands with them and cheering them up, it was no surprise to me; for I said to myself: "That is just like them." Anyone who has ever seen the royal family will believe anything in the way of kindness ascribed to them, and will join me in the execration of that too prevalent opinion that a tyrant is on the throne of Russia. If God spares my life, I will yet show by facts beyond dispute that the most slandered and systematically lied about nation on earth is Russia, and that no ruler ever lived more for the elevation of his people in education and morals and religion than Alexander the Third. So I put all the three prayers together: God save the president of the United States! God save the queen of England! God save the emperor and empress of Russia! I will, whether in sermons or lectures, I have not yet decided, show that nineteen-twentieths of all the things written and published against Russia are furnished by men who have been hired by other countries to "write up" or rather write down Russia, so as to divert commerce from that empire, or because of international jealousies. Russia being larger than all the rest of Europe put together, you can see how natural would be the jealousies. I know of two prominent European newspapers that keep men on salaries to catch up everything unfavorable to Russia and magnify the incident. And the stereotyped stories of Siberian cruelty in one case out of a hundred are true, but in ninety-nine out of a hundred cases they are fabrication. And in the one case as soon as it is reported the official is discharged. They who have been sent "to write up" Russia and Siberia have done as that man would do who, sent to "write up" New York, should write up the slums as a specimen of what New York is, or, sent to write up the American congress, should write up some depraved politician as a specimen of American statesmanship, or, sent to write up the sanitary condition of this country, should send a kodak picture of all the warts and carbuncles he could find as a specimen of American health. I believe I can reverse the opinion of any man antagonistic to Russia who will give me an honest hearing, as my own opinions have been reversed by what I recently saw and heard.

Before passing to the other field of my summer observation, I give you one little specimen of the falsehoods about Russia. I stood in London with my tickets for St. Petersburg, Russia, in my pocket. It was 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and at 3 o'clock I was to take the train. An American physician came in and said: "You certainly are not going to Russia. "I said: "Why not?" Then a morning paper was shown me, saying that in St. Petersburg there were two thousand cases of virulent cholera; the city had been divided into hospital districts, and the doctors were at their wits' end what to do with the number of patients; the population was flying in terror. It was almost as bad in Moscow. While reflecting on these accounts, two messages arrived from other friends protesting against the foolhardiness of my rushing into the presence of 2,000 cases of cholera in one city. Of course, I halted. I halted for four days. Meanwhile a telegram from St. Petersburg encouraged me to go. I went. There was not a single case of cholera either in St. Petersburg or Moscow, and there was not a single case in either city until four weeks after I left those cities. But the continental falsehood had done its commercial errand. Tens of thousands of Americans and Englishmen who proposed to summer in Russia turned in other directions. At the large hotels in St. Petersburg at which I stopped, though capable of holding 500 guests, and months before every room and every hallway and every mattress and every pillow had been engaged by telegraph by sightseers, all the orders were canceled, and instead of 500 guests, I should think about 30, and that including our party. And so it was in all the hotels in northern Russia, and the subtraction of that amount of commercial profit from those cities you may imagine. But that whole subject of systematic fabrication I adjourn to some other hour. Yet, I must tell you of a picture of pathos and moral power impressed upon my mind so that neither time nor eternity can efface it. The ship Leo swung to the docks a few miles below St. Petersburg, loaded with flour from America. The sailors on board huzzaed as they came to the wharf. From a yacht, on which we had descended the river to the sea, the prominent citizens of St. Petersburg disembarked. The bank was crowded by prosperous citizens, who stood on the wharf, and back of them by poor laborers who had come down to offer their services free of all charge for the removal of the breadstuffs from the ship to the imperial freight train that took the flour to the interior free of charge. While we stood there, the long freight train rumbled down the docks, the locomotive and each car decorated with a flag—the American flag and the Russian flag alternating. Though a flag to some eyes is only a floating rag, you ought to see how the American flag looks 5,000 miles from home. It looked that day like a section of heaven let down to cheer mortal vision. Addresses of welcome and responses were made, and then the work began, the only contest being who should lift the hardest and be most expeditious. From ship to rail train. From rail train to kneading board. From kneading board to oven. From oven to the white and quivering lips of the dying. Upon all who, whether by contribution small or large, helped make that scene possible, may there come the benediction of him who declared: "I was hungry and ye fed me."

But I must also give a word of report concerning my other errand—the preaching of the gospel in Great Britain last summer. It was a tour I had for many years anticipated. With the themes of the gospel I confronted more people than ever before in the same length of time—Multitudes after multitudes and beyond anything I can describe. The throngs in all the cities were so great that they could be controlled only by platoons of police, so that none should be hurt by the pressure, each service indoors followed by a service for the waiting throngs outdoors, and both by handshakings to the last point of physical endurance. From the day in which I arrived at noon in Liverpool, and that night addressing two vast assemblages, until I got through my evangelistic journey, it was a scene of blessing to my own soul and I hope to others. I missed but three engagements of all the summer, and those from being too tired to stand up. At all the assemblages large collections were taken, the money being given to local charities, feeble churches, orphan asylums or young men's Christian associations, my services being entirely gratuitous. But what a summer! There must have been much praying here and elsewhere for my welfare, or no mortal could have gone through all I went through. In every city and town I had messages poured into my ears for families in America. Oh, sons of Scotchmen, Englishmen, Welshmen and Irishmen, there are hearts on the other side of the sea, beating in affection for you and praying for your present and eternal welfare. They wanted me to give you their love, and here it is by the wholesale, for I cannot give it by retail. Disappoint not the old folks on the other side the Atlantic. You will probably never see them again in this world. Their hair is whitening and their step is not as firm as when you saw them last. So live that you may meet them in heaven. Write home often, and while you know they are praying for you, do not forget to remember in your prayers those who were your first friends, and friends than whom you will never have better—I mean your old father and mother. By the memories of the old Scotch kirk, where you were baptized, and of the English fireside, by which you played, and of the Welsh hills and valleys, among which you roamed, and the old homes on the banks of the Tweed and the Shannon and the Clyde, I charge you be honorable and true and Christian. You have good ancestral blood in your veins. Prove yourself worthy. It seems to me that the Gospel is making mighty strides over there. Only one thing I saw in the chapels and churches I did not like. That is a lack of appreciation of each other, as between the National church and the Dissenters. Now, each is doing a great work that the other cannot do. God speed them all, they of the Episcopacy and they of the Dissenters! Some need the ritual of the National church and others the spontaneity of the Wesleyan. In the Kingdom of God there is room for all to work and each in his own way. Some people are born Episcopalians and others Methodists and others Baptists and others Presbyterians, and do not let us force our notions on others. As for myself, I was born so near the line that I feel as much at home in one denomination as another, and when in the Episcopal church, the liturgy stirs my soul so that I cannot keep back the tears, and it overwhelms me with its solemnity and its power. When in an old-fashioned Methodist church, the responses of "Amen!" and "Hallelujah!" lift me until, like Paul, I am in blessed bewilderment as to "whether in the body or out of the body, God knoweth." And as for the Baptists, though I have never been anything but sprinkled, I have immersed hundreds and expect to immerse hundreds more in the baptistry under this pulpit where I now stand. What is the use of controversy about anything, except how we shall keep close to the Cross and do the most for helping people for this world and the next? May there come in England more cordiality between the National church and the Dissenters. Although I would be called a Dissenter there, almost my first step in England was into a banqueting hall—the lord mayor's banquet, given to the bishops and high officials of the National church, the great and good and genial archbishop of Canterbury at their head, and a more magnificent group of folks, intellectually and spiritually, I never got amongst; and I found that though we had never met before, the archbishop and myself were old friends. But, all up and down Great Britain, I found a multitude that no man can number enlisted for God and eternity, and I tell you the kingdom is coming. If the pessimists would get out of the way, the people who snivel and groan and think everything has gone to the dogs or is about to go—I say if these pessimists would only get out of the way, the world would soon see the salvation of God. Christianity is only another name for elevated optimism. Was Isaiah an optimist? See his deserts incarnadined with red roses, and snowed under with white lilies, and his lamb asleep between the paws of a lion. Was St. John an optimist? Read the uplifting splendors in the Apocalypse and the hallelujah chorus with which the old book, which they cannot kill, closes. The greatest thing I can think of would be to have a triple alliance of America, England and Russia in complete harmonization, and then to have upon all of them come a deluge of the Holy Ghost. Let the defamation of other nations cease. Peace and good will to men. For that glorious consummation, which may be nearer than we think, let us pray, remembering that God can do more in five minutes than man can do in five centuries. If the consummation is not effected in our day, I shall ask the privilege of coming out from heaven a little while to look at this old world when it shall have put on its millennial beauty. I think God will let us come out to see it at least once in its perfected state before it is burned up. I should not wonder if all heaven would adjourn for an excursion to this world to see how a shipwrecked planet was got off the breakers and set afloat again amid the eternal harmonies. Meanwhile, let us do all we can to make it better, and it will somehow tell in the final result, though it be only a child's sob hushed, or a trickling tear wiped from a pale face, or a thorn extracted from a tired foot, or a sinful soul washed white as the wool. May God help us to help others! And so these lessons of gratitude and sympathy and helpfulness and vindication, I have brought you on the wings of this morning.

SOMETHING NEW!

Peach,
Raspberry,
Plum,
Cherry and
Mince Pies,

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A 10-CENT PACKAGE MAKES TWO PIES.

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THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

Official Test of Rubber-Lined Cotton Fire Hose by the Board of Fire Commissioners of Duluth, Minn., February 25, 1892.

The Board of Fire Commissioners of the city of Duluth, Minn., recently received proposals from manufacturers of fire hose to furnish the city with additional hose for fire department service.

Owing to the fact that every agent present upon that occasion, claimed to represent the ONLY brand of hose that could be depended upon to discharge the greatest quantity of water, all other conditions being equal, the commissioners finally resolved to satisfy themselves, and declared in favor of having a public test. Manufacturers who desired to enter the test were requested to furnish 500 feet of hose, with Duluth fire department couplings attached.

Seven competitors entered the field. Each line of hose—500 feet—was attached to a steam fire engine, and subjected to a water pressure of 200 lbs. to the square inch, and discharged water through 1 1-8-inch smooth bore nozzle. Note the result:

Name of Company	Brand of Hose.	Weight of Hose per Section	Effective Pressure at Nozzle.	Gall'ns Disch'g'd per Minute	Ratio in Gals Disch'rg'd per Hr.	No of gal. less per hr. than disch'd by the surprise hose.	Elongation of Hose.
Eureka Fire Hose Co....	Surprise Jacket....	59½ lbs	95 lbs	329	21,540	000	11½ ft
C. Callahan Co.....	Callahan Jacket....	59½ lbs	89 lbs	327	21,820	720	14 ft
Gutta Percha Mfg. Co..	Eaker Fabric.....	68½ lbs	85 lbs	339	20,340	1200	32 ft
Fabric Fire Hose Co....	Unique Jacket....	63½ lbs	84 lbs	337	20,220	1320	25 ft
Chicago Fire Hose Co...	National Jacket....	61 lbs	82½ lbs	334	20,040	1500	44 ft
Revere Rubber Co.....	American Jacket..	62½ lbs	80 lbs	329	19,740	1800	14 ft
Boston Woven Hose Co	Boston Fire Jacket	52 lbs	79 lbs	327	19,620	1920	27 ft

Owing to a high wind prevailing during the test, the distance reached by each stream was not taken into consideration.

The "Surprise" hose not only showed the best results at the nozzle but delivered the greatest quantity of water, and stretched less than any other hose that entered the test.

Address EUREKA FIRE HOSE CO.,

13 Barclay St., New York. 48 & 50 La Salle St., Chicago.

THE W. H. H. PECK CO., Cleveland, Ohio, 176 Superior Street.

NO MORE SMOKE.

The best smoke consumer known. Guaranteed to consume all the smoke, increase the draft, save 10 to 15 per cent. of fuel, keeps the grate clear from clinkers. For full explanation address, Tho. Beckett, cor. Missouri and Junction ave., Toledo, Ohio. Correspond with Chas. Suhr, Norwalk, Ohio

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Books on Blood and Skin Diseases free. Printed testimonials sent on application. Address

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HAD HIS MIXTURE READY.

A Saloon Keeper Who Has a Special Bottle Ready for Tramps.

In appearance he was unkempt, dirty and ragged. He had evidently seen a hard summer, and had but recently returned to the city to be laid up for winter "repairs."

As he slouched up to the bar of a Fifth avenue saloon he tossed a fifty cent piece on the counter, with the remark:

"Say, boss, gimme the best yer got—see? And gimme it quick. I ain't had nuthin' but Jersey p'zen fer five months."

The barkeeper handed out a bottle. The tramp filled the glass in front of him to the brim and swallowed the draught at a single gulp.

"Gee!" he remarked with inward satisfaction, "but that was smooth stuff." He then ambled over to the lunch counter, where he ate about all that was eatable in sight. He then seated himself at a table in the corner of the saloon and stretched himself out preparatory to a doze.

"Mr. but this here's a soft layout," he yawned, and was soon fast asleep.

"Well," oberved the barkeeper, "this will be that fellow's last appearance here or I'm mistaken. You see this?" he added turning to a customer and exhibiting a small bottle containing a reddish looking liquid. "Well, this is my tramp mixture. It is mainly composed of Tabasco sauce and ginger. It is harmless, but when a tramp gets one dose of the stuff he never comes back to have it repeated."

By this time the tramp, with his head settled back and his mouth wide open, looked a picture of repose if not of comfort.

"Now," said the barkeeper, "I'll show you a circus." He then poured a quantity of this mixture into a small glass. Walking up to the tramp, he deliberately poured the dose into the open mouth.

The sleeping tramp gave a gulp or two as he involuntarily swallowed most of the stuff. Then he awoke. At first his face wore a bewildered expression. Then he gave a sudden start and jumped to his feet.

"Sufferin' wild cats, what's this?" he yelled as he pranced about the floor. "Oh, murderin' blazes!" he howled. "I'm dyin'. Gimme some water quick! Wow! but I must hev the cholery or som'thin' worse. Me mouth's got live coals in it, an' I'm on fire. Gee, but it bites! Mebbe it was the likker."

Then his eye caught that of the barkeeper.

"Mister" he remarked, "hev you"——

"Yes, that's just what I have," interrupted the dispenser of drinks. "Didn't I tell you last spring not to come here again? I've just given you a little of my tramp mixture, that's all. Have some more?"

"Sufferin' snakes!" howled the tramp, making for the door. "I'll git even on you fer this. If I don't, blow me. I'll have you arrested fer tryin' ter pizen me. That's wot I will."

"No fear of my being hauled up for the likes of him," the barkeeper observed as the tramp disappeared through the door. "If he runs across a copper now he'll be run in as a drunk in no time. It's the only way, though," he added reflectively. "I don't want such customers around here, so I keep my mixture ready for 'em. And they don't come back for a second dose, you can just lay your bottom dollar on that."—N. Y. Herald.

HAD MONEY AND MEAT.

A Tramp Who Took a Perilous Railroad Ride on a Pullman Truck.

"Yes, a man traveling extensively over the country is naturally bound to see many strange sights and peculiar people, no matter how cursory a survey he may make of this or that place," remarked Charles Gibson, who has made many trips across the continent in the interest of large insurance syndicates, at the Pahce last night. Mr. Gibson has just arrived from Chicago, coming out by way of St. Paul and Montana, and was telling a San Francisco Examiner man of an odd character that he had encountered on the way from Chicago to St. Paul a few weeks ago. He had a Pullman berth in the night train from Chicago over the Milwaukee road, and before reaching St. Paul the next day a tramp was discovered by the trainmen riding on the rear truck of the next car to the last Pullman in the train. At the time he was found in the "tramp drawing-room" the train had stopped at a small station and, being accidentally seen by a brakeman, was unceremoniously dragged out by the feet from underneath the car. He was a picturesque specimen. His clothes, such as they were, were not ragged, but were heavy and grimy with dust and coal cinders; so were his hat, his hair, his beard and his hands. Probably about 50 years old, he whined in a pitiable manner at being so ruthlessly disturbed, claiming that he had no money to ride otherwise.

Mr. Gibson and several other passengers were walking along the platform for a little exercise when the fellow was pulled from under the car, and Mr. Gibson, in continuing his narrative, said last night: "We noticed, as did the brakeman and conductor, that the pockets of his trousers were bulging out as if they were filled with big pieces of rock. When he said he had no money to ride otherwise than he was doing the trainmen inquired what he had in his pockets, and without more ado proceeded to investigate. They found he had some potatoes, a couple of chunks of hard bread and a piece of raw beef. Deeper down in the bag-like capacity of his pockets they found between $180 and $200 in greenbacks and a crumpled up bank book showing he had on deposit in a Minnesota savings bank—I don't remember its name—about $3,500. Some close questioning revealed the fact that the fellow was a professional tramp and beggar. He said he had saved money from the alms he had solicited in Chicago, St. Paul, and many other western cities and towns during a long course of time, and had saved every cent of it for the purpose, as he put it, of settling down and living decently in his old age. He never found it necessary to save, he said, because he could always beg enough to eat, enough old clothes to wear and rode on brake beams without often being seen and put off as he had just been. He did not lose much time in putting back into his pockets his wealth and the contents of his unpretentious buffet and made off down the track, counting the cross-ties as they stretched away in the direction of St. Paul, one by one.

Mr. L. Franc and wife have returned from Europe on the Etruria. Among the passengers was Robert T. Lincoln.

Col. G. P. Waldorf and wife will be present at the grand Columbian opening party at the Sherman house, Chicago.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Congregational church, will give an artist social at Miss Mena Seagrave's, Wednesday evening.

W. E. McBain, jr., has left for Chicago where he entered the Chicago Veterinary Institute. Young "Doc" is a chip off the old block and will make his mark in the horse world.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dure, of Uxbridge, Ontario, are in the city spending the honeymoon. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James McClean, of lower Huron street.

The Pleasure Euchre club has been reorganized, and will hold their first meeting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W.

Stop Thief!

Any one whose Watch has a Non-pull-out bow (ring), will never have occasion to use this time-honored cry. It is the only bow that cannot be twisted off the case, and is found only on Jas. Boss Filled and other watch cases stamped with this trade mark.

Ask your jeweler for a pamphlet, or send to the manufacturers.

Keystone Watch Case Co., PHILADELPHIA.

Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Baking Powder

UTELY PURE

TO HIS "DEAREST LOVE."

How a Pretty Nurse Fell a Victim to Cupid.

There was one young person possessed of a pretty face, a kind heart and an all-absorbing desire to do something to assist her fellow beings. After some eloquent persuasion she obtained the consent of her family to enter a hospital to study for the work of a trained nurse, says the St. Louis Star-Sayings.

Among the pretty enthusiast's first patients was a young man with a broken arm and an attractive appearance. The demure, white-capped nurse began to take an unusual interest in him, and asked him one day if there was nothing she could do for him—no book she could read, no letter she could write. The patient gratefully accepted the latter offer, and the nurse prepared to write from his dictation.

He began with a tender address to his "dearest love," and the little nurse felt slightly embarrassed. But she continued through the most ardent declarations of all-absorbing affection to the end, where he wished to be subscribed an adoring lover for all time. Then she folded the letter and slipped it into the envelope.

"To whom shall I direct it?" she asked.

The wicked young man said amiably and even tenderly:

"What is your name, please?"

They have been married a little more than a year now.

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

DECAYED PLANTATIONS.

Historic Georgia Estates Now Converted Into Plebian Truck Farms.

A map in the advertising columns of Friday's Morning News tells the story of the wonderful changes going on in the south. The Savannah river, from this city for 100 miles westward, has many historic plantations which, from the days of the colonial government to the end of the civil war, were noted for their extent and fertility as well as for the hospitality of their owners. Possibly the best known of these places near this city was the Potter plantation, or, more properly, plantations, as there were three places. They were principalities extending from the islands opposite the mainland on the southern bank of the river miles back into the pine lands.

Potter's Grove, as a part of the bluff, covered with massive, moss festooned oaks, was known, was as famous as Bonaventure. In White's Statistic, published nearly fifty years ago, is a full page illustration of the spot. These places, as grand as ever in natural beauty and productiveness, are still there, but the old plantation life and customs are no more. The descendants of those who were once lords of the manor now live at the north and feel no interest in the homes of their ancestors.

The Potter place, nearest the city, known as "The Grange," which was sold several years ago, promises to become a farming settlement. The river front is a high bluff, covered with majestic trees. A good road extends from that point through the center of the plantation to the Augusta road and the Charleston & Savannah railway, a distance of two miles. The land on each side is laid off in small farms.

Probably there is no spot in the country so well adapted for truck gardening. The land is fertile and the means of getting produce to market are unrivaled. Nothing would be more in keeping with the progress of the age than that this old plantation should become the center of a colony of prosperous farmers. On the river the scenery is beautiful enough to induce people who are not farmers to invest so as to have a quiet country resting place.—Savannah News.

ENGLISH NOBILITY IN CHURCH

The Worthy Peeresses Took Offense Because an Outsider Was Let In.

The queen has given orders that the pews in the Chapel Royal of St. James' Palace are to be most carefully reserved for the persons who are entitled to the use of them, and that outsiders are on no account whatever to be admitted to them. Her majesty has been much exasperated by the recent fuss about the gallery which was reserved exclusively for peeresses and their unmarried daughters.

It seems that the second wife of a certain well-known nobleman attended divine service accompanied by her daughter by a former marriage with a commoner. The other peeresses were exceedingly irate, and quite a hailstorm of protests against the irregularity disturbed the serenity of the offices of the lord chamberlain and lord steward. One lady of high nobility intimated the intention of reporting the matter to the Duchess of Buccleuch in order that it might be mentioned to the queen, who would at once have interfered as the offending peeress is very far from being in favor at court. The result was, however, that the husband received an official intimation from the lord chamberlain that although his wife was entitled to sit in the peeress' pew in the Chapel Royal, yet that his step-daughter had no claim to be there, and that if she came again she would be refused admittance.—New York Tribune.

ORDERS FROM KOREA'S KING.

Last Summer One Was Issued That An Officer Pray for Rain

The Korean Repository, a monthly magazine published in Korea, prints in its latest number some extracts from the Daily Official Gazette, which reports the doings of the court and government. Here are some extracts which will impress the western reader as rather quaint: "July 3—His majesty orders the remission of taxes to the shop people for two months and to the butchers for ten days, in memory of the late queen dowager's kindness of heart. He orders that the royal body guard may put on rain coats, as may suit their convenience, in going to the grave of the late queen dowager. July 7—His majesty orders that, as the weather is very hot, the royal guard shall be allowed to remove their iron helmets on the way back from the late queen dowager's grave. Shin Sun Tak and four other officers of the court have returned to Seoul, after examining the grass on the late queen dowager's grave. July 9—The office of Chong Won announces the presence of their excellencies, the ex-ministers and ministers, at the gate seeking audience. July 27—The board of ceremony asks that an officer of the third rank be sent to Yong San at the river to pray again for rain." Detailing an officer to pray for rain is in advance of the United States government in the matter of spending large sums of money to shoot the clouds on the Dyrenforth plan.

HOME OF THE REICHSTAG.

A Description of Berlin's Proposed Architectural Wonder.

The evolution of Berlin from the "residenzstadt" of a comparatively small state to the capital of a great empire has proceeded during the last 21 years rapidly enough, but one of the most noteworthy outward and visible signs of the change is as yet wanting. The gigantic future home of the Reichstag is still but a forest of scaffold of poles, but some idea may be obtained of the appearance it is likely to present when it is inaugurated two years hence.

The main entrances are four in number, one at each side, each approached by broad flights of steps and each differing from the other. The actual chamber is under the cupola, something like that of the Pantheon, surmounted by the imperial crown, which is in the exact center of the whole mass of buildings.

The lobby, which is to be adorned with richly ornamented columns,

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price Currents for Produce and Other Articles.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected daily at King's elevator.—Grain at the elevator—Red wheat, No. 2, new, 73c; white wheat, No. 2, 69c. Rye—No. 2, new, 54c. Corn—No. 2, 45c. Oats—White, 35c; mixed, 33c.

Provisions—(Corrected daily by Charles Meyers)—Very firm; pork, mess, $12 00 per bbl; short, $12 50; clear, $13 00; short clear, $14 50. Hams very firm; 18 lbs and over, 12c; 15 lbs average, 12c; 12 lbs. and under, 12 1-2c; shoulders, 9c; scarce. Breakfast bacon, clear, 12c; rib, 10c; smoked beef, 11c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8 1-2c; by bbl., 8 1-2c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8 1-2c; refined, 6 3-4c; 50 lb tins, 7c. Bacon side, 10 1-2c. Bologna, 6c. Barrel meats active. Calves, 6 1-2@8c bbl. Hogs—Good demand, 6@7c. All kinds smoked meats very firm but scarce.

Butter—Scarce and higher; Elgin creamery, 26@27c; gathered creams, 24@25c; fancy Ohio creamery, 23@24c; fancy northwestern creamery, 22@24c; fancy dairy, 21@22c; prime to choice, 18@19c; medium, 14@16c; common, 8@10c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4 3-4c per lb; country, 4c.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23c per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31c; fine merino, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@29c.

Vegetables—(Corrected daily by R. A. Rood)—Business good; demand for all vegetables active and improving. Prices on open market. Country orders are filled at higher prices. New potatoes 65@70c per bushel; $1@1 85@2 00 per barrel; green beans, 50@75c per bu; new wax beans, 60@75c per bu; new cauliflower, $1 00@1 50 per doz; beets, 50c bu; onions, 20c per doz; new@1 00 per bushel; lettuce, 5@6c per lb; tomatoes, 30@40c per bushel; cabbage, $2 25@3 50; California fruits—Bartlett pears, $3 00@3 50 per box; plums, $2 50@3 00 per case; peaches, $1 50 per case. New apples, scarce and high, 90@1 00 per bu; strictly fancy, 1 10 per bu; $2 50@3 00 per bbl.

Fruits—Fine Crawford peaches, peck baskets, 75@90c; bushel baskets, $2 75@3 25; choice white peaches, $2 25@2 75; pickling pears, $1 25@1 50 per bu; duchess pears, $2 25@2 50 per bu; nutmeg melons, 40@75c per doz; $1 00@1 50 per barrel.

Poultry—(Corrected daily by Fulton Market)—Dressed and live chickens demand good, live, 8@9c per lb; old, dressed, 8c; old, live, 7@8c; spring ducks, demand light; dressed, 10c; live, 7@8c; turkeys, 9c; woodcock, 30c each; partridge, 35c each.

Salt Fish—Mackerel No. 1 large shore, per bbl., $22 00@24 00; No. 1 shore, $19 00@21 00; No. 1 medium, $17 00@18 00; No. 2 shore, $20 00@21 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 1 extra, $11 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 2 shore, $11 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 large, $9 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 small, $6 50; white fish, No. 1, per half bbl., $8 50; No. 2, $3 50. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 box herring, 22c per box.

Fresh Fish—Scarce; White (upper lake) 7c; No. 2 pickerel, 5c; herring, 2 1-2c; pike, 6 1-2c; pan, 2 1-2c; trout, 7c; soft, 3c; saugers, 5c; catfish, dressed, 7 1-2c.

Turpentine—Savannah quiet at 26 3-4c per gallon.

Lead—Standard trust, $7 00@7 50; colored lead, $6 00@7 00.

Eggs—Market firm; strictly fresh, 19@20c.

Oils—Ohio prime white, 6 1-2c; Ohio water white, 7c; Indiana prime white, 6 1-2c; Indiana water white, 7c; Michigan prime white, 7c; Michigan water white, 7 1-2c; Eocene, 8 1-8c; stove gaso, 7c; linseed oil, raw, 43c; boiled, 46c. These figures are for barrels. Lard oil, No. 1, 42c, extra, No. 1, 52c; extra winter strain, 64c.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@4c per lb; do screened, 4@4 1-2c; recleaned and handpicked, 5c; white Virginia, 5c.

Coffees—Corrected daily by the Toledo Spice Co.—Green Rio, fair, 15 1-2c; good, 17 1-2c; prime, 18 1-2c; Green Santos, fancy, 22 1-2c; Roasted Java Mandheling, 40c; Old government, 32 1-2c; Java, 30c; Java Imperial, 26c; roasted Rio, bulk, 18@22c; German packages, 21 1-4c; Lion packages, 21 1-4c; Arbos packages, 21 1-4c.

Hay—(Corrected daily by Fred Adams & Son)—Choice timothy, $11 00@12 00; No. 2, $8 00@7 00.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85@1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $15 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $16 00; middlings, $18 00 and $1 00 more in sacks.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 25; spring family, $4 75@5 25; winter patent, $4 75@5 25; fancy, $5 00@5 25; winter family, $4 75@5 25; extra, $3 50@4 00; low grade, $3 50. $1 00 more in bags.

Salt—Michigan salt, 90c per bbl; eastern, $1 00 per bbl; Michigan on track, 85c.

Sugar—4 X Powdered, 5.73c; Standard, Powdered, 5.29c; Cutloaf, 6c; Cubes, 5 3-4c; Fine Granulated, 5.29c; Standard A, 5.16c; Off A's, 4.79@4.98c; light Extra C's, 4.47@4.66c; Good Extra C's, 4.10@4 1-2c; Yellow Extra C's, 3.85c.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, 90@1 00 per active for all grades. Molasses firm; New Orleans, 50@75c per gallon; dark sugar, 18@25c per gallon; white, 28@35c; maple sugar, 9@10c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 15@2 25; navy and medium, $1 85@2 00 per bu; western, $ 150@1 60.

Rice—Firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 4 1-2@5c; per lb; Japan, 5 1-2@6c; fancy head, Carolina, 6 1-2@7c. The foregoing are wholesale, not retail prices, which are fractionally higher.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 30@32c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 4 1-2@5c per lb; evaporated, 6 1-2@7c; peaches, 7 1-2@8 1-2c; fancy, 9 1-2@10c.

Cheese—New York full cream, 12 1-2@13 1-2c per lb; Michigan full cream, 10@10 1-2c per lb; Young America, 9@11 1-2c; fancy Schweitzer, 14 1-2@15c per lb; ewins, 11 1-2@12c per lb. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; western, 23@33c; foreign, 63c per lb.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Prints.

Pacific Fancy, 6c; Pocheco Fancy, 6c; Simpsons Fancy, 6c; Simpsons Fancy, 6c; Windsor Fancy, 6c; Allen's Fancy, 5 1-2c; Manchester Fancy, 6c; Hamilton Fancy, 6c; Hamilton Staples, 5 1-2c; American, 3-4 Indigo, 5 3-4c; American Shirting, 4 3-4c; Arnold "B" Indigo, 9c; Arnold "C" Indigo, 8c; Harmony Fancy, 4 1-4c; Hamilton Rep Robes, 6c; Pacific Robes, 6c; Allen's Robes, 6c; Allen's Patch Work, 5 1-2c; Allen's Pink, 6c; Allen's Purple, 6c; Hamilton Figured Red, 6c; Pacific Figured Red, 6c; Allen Figured Red, 6c; M. W. 4-4 Plain Oil Red, 10c; X Washington Oil Red, 8c; M. W. 3-4 Oil Red, 7c; S. 3-4 Oil Red, 6c; India Oil Red, 5 1-2c; Palermo Oil Red, 5c; Vienna Oil Green, Blue and Orange, 6c; Steel River Percales, 8c.

Ginghams.

Amoskeag staples, 7c; Falcon staples, 6 3-4c; Normandie dress, 8c; Renfrew dress, 8c; Everett dress, 8c; Bon Ton dress, 7 1-2c; Beechwood dress, 7c; Hadley dress, 5 1-2c; Wellington dress, 6 1-2c.

Dress Goods.

Angora Camlets, 10 1-2c; Zaara Melange, 10 1-2c; India Cashmere, 10 1-2c; Inverness 36 inch., 10c; Tokio Reppa, 8 1-2c; Turners, 24 inch., 16c; Turners, 36 inch, 24c; Turners, 36 inch., 32 1-2c; 3-4 Real Lustre, 12 1-2c; Clan Tartans, 10c; Lawrence Fancies, 20c; 3-4 Poplin Lustre, 8 1-2c; Swiss Zephyrs, 7 1-2c; Arlesian Cords, 7 1-2c; Elder Downs, 37 1-2c; Cordovan Cords, 7 1-2c; Oxford 36 inch. Sackings, 20c; All Wool 28 inch. Sackings, 21c; Roonadle 36 inch. Fancy, 40c; Camels 36 inch. Fancy, 35c; No. 415 All Wool 36 inch. Sackings, 35c; 1079 36 inch. Sackings, 37 1-2c; 59 inch. Broadcloths, $1 00; 50 inch. 1600 Sackings, 47 1-2c; B. A. W. Cashmeres, 12 1-2c; "B" Cashmeres, 15c; N. C. Henrietta Black and Colors, 18c; M. C. Henrietta Black and Colors, 24c; 107 Henrietta Black and Colors, 35c; A. 10 Henrietta Black and Colors, 47 1-2c.

39 Inch Black Henriettas.

C C, 14c; Essex, 15c; S, 20c; E 5, 20c; XX, 25c; XXX, 30c.

Oriental, 40c; Red and Green, 35c; Plain Cardinal, 35c.

Cream Damasks.

No. 135, 35c; No. 142, 40c; No. 163 X, 45c; No. 221, 50c.

White Damasks.

No. 14, 37 1-2c; No. 24, 40 1-2c; No. 44, 50 1-2c; No. 76, 60 1-2c; No. 98, 65 1-2c; No. 102, 75 1-2c; Red Border, 33 1-2c; 60 1-2c; No. 50 1-2c; No. 76, 60 1-2c; No. 98, Red Border, 35 1-2c; Red Border, 40 1-2c.

"A" Chambrays.

All colors, 10c.

Selesias.

2 X, 8c; 3 X, 9 1-2c; 4 X, 11c; 5 X, 12 1-2c; 77 Fancy, 12 1-2c; 92 Fancy, 12 1-2c; 226 Fancy, 16c; 95 Fancy, 16c; 216 Fancy, 22 1-2c; Percalines, 12c; Cambrics, 4 1-4c; Paddings, 8c.

Linen Canvas.

100 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 10 1-2c; 200 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 12c; 300 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 14c.

Corset Jeans.

Victoria Black, Slates and White, 7c; Conestoga Browns and Slates, 6c.

Crinolines.

Alton 10-4, 75c pair; Atlantic 10-4, 75c pair; Arabian 10-4, $1 50 pair; Amsbury 10-4, $1 00 pair; Ansonia 10-4, $1 20 pair; Alhambra 10-4, $1 40 pair, Adine 10-4, $1 40 pair; Bradford 10-4, $1 80 pair; Pacific Scarlet 10-4, $2 50 pair; Beacon White 10-4, $2 25 pair; Globe 10-4, $2 50 pair; Devonshire 10-4, $2 75 pair; Forest City 10-4, $2 75 pair; Forest City 10-4, $3 00 pair; Manitoba 10-4, $3 75 pair; Columbia No. 190 11-4, $4 50 pair; Columbia No. 200, 11-4, $6 00 pair; St. Joaquin 11-4, $5 25 pair; D Valley 11-4, $6 50.

Comforts.

"D." $7 00 net per doz; E E, $8 00 net per doz; J H, $9 00 net per doz; V E, $12 00 net per doz; N, $12 00 net per doz; C H, $13 50 net per doz; X, $15 00 net per doz; 334, $17 00 net per doz; 50 S F, $18 00 net per doz; H-4, $19 00 net per doz; 55, $20 00 net per doz; C-6, $24 00 net per doz; P-8, $30 00 net per doz; Bunting Comforters, $15 00 net per doz; Crib Comforters, $9 00 net per doz.

Canton Flannels (Unbleached.)

No. 10 Tri-State, 4 3-4c; No. 20 Tri-State, 5 1-2c; No. 30 Tri-State, 6 1-2c; No. 40 Tri-State, 7 1-2c; No. 50 Tri-State, 8c; No. 60 Tri-State, 9c; No. 70 Tri-State, 10c; No. 80 Tri-State, 12c.

Canton Flannels (Bleached.)

No. 15 Tri-State, 6c; No. 25 Tri-State, 7c; No. 35 Tri-State, 8c; No. 45 Tri-State, 9c; No. 55 Tri-State, 10c; No. 65 Tri-State, 12 1-2c.

Colors.

No. "A" Browns and Slates, 9 1-2c; No. "C" Browns and Slates, 8c; Reds, Old Gold and Blues, 10c.

Table Felts.

All colors, 95c net.

Surah Silks.

All colors, 30c; Blacks, 30c; Blacks, 40c; Blacks, 50c; Blacks, 60c; Blacks, 75c.

Crashes (Unbleached.)

Cotton Twill, 4c; Cotton Huck, 4c; Cotton Birdseye, 4c; Pemberton, 5c; 14-inch linen, 4 1-2c; A A, 6 1-2c; A, 7c; P P, 7 1-2c P, 8c; N, 9c; N N, 10c; S R T, 12c.

Crashes (Bleached.)

Cotton Huck, 4 1-2c; Toilet Twill, 4 1-2c; Cotton Twill, 5c; "A" Linen, 8c; N Linen, 10c; Brittish, 10c; Britian Twill, 12c; 348 Plaid Linen, 8 1-2c; 348 A Linen, 10c; Check, 8c.

Tickings.

No. 20 White Horse, 6 1-2c; Royal, 6 1-2c; No. "A" Oakland, 7c; No. 250 Oakland, 8c; No. 100 White Horse, 8c; No. 50 White Horse, 8c; No. 60 White Horse, 9c; No. C. C., Swift Mf'g. Co., 8c; No. S. S., Swift Mfg. Co., 9c; Fancy, Swift Mfg. Co., 10c; Appleton Fancy, 10c; A A A Lewiston Plaid, 10c; Imperial, 10c; No. 3 White Horse, 9c; No. 2 White Horse, 10 1-2c; No. 1 White Horse, 14c; Salem Fancy, 10 1-2c; S. S. Thorndyke, 12c; Victoria, 12 1-2c; 871 Fancy, 15c; 1074 Fancy, 15c; H. C. White Horse, 15c; Zebra, 16 1-2c.

Wide Brown Goods.

10-4 Boston, 20c; 9-4 Boston, 18 1-2c; 8-4 Boston, 17 1-2c; 7-4 Boston, 15c; 45-inch Fairhaven, 9c.

Bleached Cottons.

Middlesex B B, 5c; One of The Finest, 5 1-2c; Diamond, 6c; Oak View, 6c; Harvest E, 6 1-4c; Golden Rod, 6 1-2c; Senator, 6 3-4c; Pennant, 7c; Pennant, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; Fearless, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; Capitol, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; White Squadron, 7 1-2c; Rosalind, 7 1-2c; Fauntleroy, 8c; Four Seasons, 8 1-4c; Silver Queen, 8 1-2c; Lonsdale, 8 1-4c; Fruits, 8 1-4c; Lonsdale Cambrics, 10c.

Shirtings.

Tri-State, 8c; Household, 8c; Alabamas, 7c; Eagle & Phoenix, 6 1-2c; Southern, 4 1-2@5c; Edinburg, 8c; Greenville, 6c.

Denims.

York Fancies, 12 1-2c; York Blue and Brown, 12c; Everett Blue and Brown, 12c; Andover Blue and Brown, 11 1-2c; Columbian Blue and Brown, 10c; 12-ounce Blue and Brown, 14 1-2c; Arlington Ducks, 15c; Somerset Blue and Brown, 10 1-2c.

Brown Sheetings.

Great Falls E, 6 1-2c; Cabot A, 6c; Piedmont, 5 3-4c; Tri-State, 5 1-2c; North Star L L, 5 1-2c; Glenmore, 5 1-2c; Henderson A, 5 1-2c; Henderson C, 4 1-4c; Norwood X X, 5 3-4c; Household A A, 5 1-4c; Lawrence L L, 5c; Favorite L L, 5c; Harper L L, 4 3-4c; Cast Iron, 7 1-2c; Constitution, 9-8, 7 1-4c; Constitution, 4-4, 6 1-4c; Dwight Star, 6 3-4c; Atlas O N B, 6 1-2c; Columbian Tower, 6 1-4c; Cambria No. 1, 5 3-4c; Good Value, 5 1-2c; Household G G, 5 1-4c; Niobe R, 5 1-4c; Newmarket B, 5c; Grafton A, 4c; Archery Bunting, 4 1-4c; Tennis Bunting, 4c; Wassuc Bunting, 3 3-4c; Peri, 3 1-4c; Anchor Drill, 6 3-4c; Piedmont, 6 1-4c.

10 Days.)

Stark A, $19 00 per bale; Railroad, $17 50 per bale; Amoskeag, $16 00 per bale; Eureka, $15 50 per bale; White Wadding, 25c per doz; Black Wadding, 20c per doz; Linen Collar Canvas, 16@20c per yard; 4-ply Cotton Twine, 20c per lb.

Battings.

16 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c per lb; 12 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c per lb; 10 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c; 16 oz. Superion, 8c; 16 oz. Magnolia, 10 1-2c; 16 oz. Page, 8c; 16 oz. Maumee 8c; X X Case 100 roll, $7 50 per case; X X X, Case 160 roll, $8 50 per case; X X X X, Case 80 roll, $9 50 per case.

Floor Oil Cloths (in 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4.) No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 25c; No. A, 21c; No. B, 19c; No. 2 Rugs, 35c; No. 3 Rugs, 30c.

Wide Bleached Goods.

10-4 Boston, 22 1-2c; 9-4 Boston, 20c; 8-4 Boston, 18 1-2c; 6-4 Boston, 15c; 5-4 Boston, 12 1-2c; 45-inch Newmarket, 10c; 42-inch Newmarket, 9c.

46 Inch Black Henriettas.

No. 1200, 65c; 1500, 67 1-2c; 1400, 70c; 1500, 75c; 1600, 77 1-2c; 1700, 80c; 1800, 82 1-2c; 1900, 85c; 2000, 92 1-2c.

Plain Red Flannels.

No. 1200, 55c; 1300, 57 1-2c; 1400, 60c;

Silk Warp Henriettas.

No. 100, 72 1-2c; 110, 77 1-2c; 130, 82 1-2c; 140, 87 1-2c; 160, 92 1-2c; 170, 97 1-2; 27 inch Black Mohair, 25c; 46 inch Bedford Cords, 37 1-2c.

Draperies.

Bengall, 12 1-2c; Punkah, 8c; Polka Spot, 6 1-2c; Windsor, 25c; Kremlin, 25c; Fontainebleau, 25c; Rugby, 20c; Tudor, 20c; Boulevard, 20c; Huron, 18c; Suburban, 18c; Plantagnet, 18c; Derby, 12 1-2c; Marathon, 12 1-2c; Beranium, 12 1-2c.

3-4 Cream, 6c; 3-4 Bristol, 8c; Anawan, 10c; Orion, 12 1-2c; Dakota, 15c; Marigold, 15c; Norfolk, 20c.

Siberia, 27 1-2c; Farmers, 30c; C M, 30c Excelsior, 35c.

Horse Blankets.

Kansas Square, 90c net each; Oxford Square, $1 00 net each; Berlin S Square, $1 10 net each; 5-A Trader Square, $1 20 net each; Plunger Square, $1 25 net each; 5-A Magic Square, $1 50 net each; 5-A Cold Wave Square, $2 00 net each; 5-A Trojan Square, $2 00 net each; 5-A Diamond Square, $2 25 net each; 5-A 306 Square, $2 50 net each; 5-A Norwegian Square, $2 75 net each; 5-A No. 51 Russian, $3 25 net each; 5-A No. 53 Russian, $3 25 net each; Arctic Cut, 90c net each; Hudson Cut, $1 00 net each; Albany Cut, $1 25 net each; 5-A 5-hille, $1 35 net each.

If you are Bilious, take Beecham's Pills.

OPEN AIR CONCERT

By Haverly's Band in Front of the Postoffice.

Souvenir Spoons to be Given Away at the People's—The Various Attractions at the Theaters This Week.

The mere announcement of the coming of Col. J. H. Haverly's world-famous mastodon minstrels direct from their 28-weeks season at Haverly's Casino, Chicago, is enough to pack Wheeler's to the doors Wednesday evening. In the company is numbered all the old-time favorites, Billy Rice, E. M. Hall, E. M. Kayne, Harry Constantine, Charles Sully, Bogert and O'Brien, "Kissell," A. M. Thatcher, Fred Boudell, Arthur Yule, George Evans, and others of national reputation. The company is under the personal direction of Col. Haverly, whose popularity as a minstrel manager has never been approached in America. On the afternoon of the exhibition an open-air concert will be given by Haverly's magnificent band, in front of the postoffice, upon which occasion the world-famed "Kissell" will give an exhibition of his marvelous military musket drills and other manoeuvres.

Fine Scenic Effects.

Among the most novel scenes and mechanical effects shown in Lincoln J. Carter's scenic production of The Fast Mail, which comes to the People's for one week, opening this evening, are a complete freight train of 14 cars, illuminated caboose and practical working engine; a magnificent scene of Niagara Falls by moonlight, with real mist, as seen from suspension bridge, and the great flight of the Fast Mail train picking up a sack of mail in regulation U. S. style. The 1500th performance of this play, in America, will be celebrated by the presentation of a Utah silver spoon to every lady in the theater next Tuesday evening. An extra matinee will be given "Columbus Day," Friday, Oct. 21.

DR. R. C. FLOWER, OF BOSTON.

Dr. R. C. Flower will visit the state of Ohio in a few days and will visit the following places on the dates given: Toledo, Hotel Madison, Monday and Tuesday, October 24 and 25; Mansfield, Sherman House, Wednesday, October 26; Dayton, Beckel House, Thursday, October 27; Columbus, Neil House, Friday, October 28; Steubenville, Imperial House, Saturday, October 29. Dr. Flower's visits are seasons of rejoicing to many of our sick people. The dreadful chronic diseases cured by him are so numerous as to be seen everywhere. In curing cancer, tumor, nerve diseases and paralysis he has no equal.

Joe Jefferson, the actor, who was cured by Dr. Flower, when abandoned as incurable and dying by the foremost physicians of this country and Europe, says, Dr. Flower is the most wonderful and skillful physician in this world. Outside of my own cure, which was miraculous, I have seen him nearly raise the dead in numerous cases."

CINCINNATI'S COLUMBIAN CELEBRATION.

Excursion Rates of a Cent a Mile, via C., H. & D. R. R., October 21.

The Columbus day parade at Cincinnati will occur Friday, October 21, and will be a magnificent and historically correct pageant illustrating the discovery of America. The most elaborate preparations have been made and the arrangements assure a successful celebration. The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. R. will sell excursion tickets for the occasion at one cent a mile from Toledo and Rushville and all intermediate points to Cincinnati. Tickets will be good going October 20, from all points north of Lima. From other points, October 21. For rates, time tables, etc., call on any C., H. & D. agent.

Whist counters—"Cawood's."

SULLIVAN AND JOHNSTON

John L. Denies That He Ever Said He Was Drugged.

"Corbett Licked Me On the Level," Says John L.

Every Sporting Man Who Saw the Fight Knows That the Ex-Champion Tells the Truth.

New York, Oct. 17.—Stories of foul play have been floating about the country for several weeks. In the Bee a week ago there appeared a special dispatch from Boston, in which the ex-champion was quoted as expressing the opinion that he was drugged. In view of Sullivan's previous declarations this statement was amazing. To anybody who saw the fight and watched the betting it was ridiculous.

One point alone shows conclusively that any charge of crookedness on the part of Sullivan's backers is absurd. This point is based upon the betting quotations. For three days before the battle the pool rooms in New Orleans offered three to one, with Sullivan as the favorite. The men who backed Corbett could be counted by tens, and on the day of the fight there was little or no Corbett money in sight. The odds were on Sullivan at three and three and a half to one. All of the New York sports, men who are on the "inside" whenever there is a "good thing," bet freely on Sullivan. Had there been any crookedness would not the presence of Corbett money have forced down the odds on Sullivan? Any betting man will answer in the affirmative. An offer to wager $5,000 on Corbett in any New Orleans pool room—and New Orleans quotations prevailed throughout the country—would have raised Corbett's quotation to even money.

Sullivan's statement was made to Daniel Saunders and T. H. Murnane, of the Boston Globe. Both are careful, conscientious newspaper men and both are willing to make affidavits that Sullivan was correctly quoted. Last Monday the Boston Post printed another story, in which it was stated that Sullivan alleged crookedness on the part of Charlie Johnston, his Brooklyn backer.

It has been generally believed that when Sullivan and Johnston came together an interesting scene would follow. Johnston has not felt kindly towards the big Boston man since he learned through the newspapers that John L. had complained of being drugged on the memorable 7th of September.

Sullivan has been in this vicinity for two weeks and he had to pass within a few steps of the business places of both Johnston and Wakely. Still he never went near either of the men who furnished the stake money for him in his fight with Corbett until Saturday evening, when, in company with Frank Moran and Jack Ashton, he drove up to Johnston's saloon. The meeting between the fighter and his backer was not as cordial as though they had been brothers long separated. Johnston wanted to know why Sullivan had kept away from him. John had been ill, he said.

"How about these stories which have been floating about of late?" Johnston asked.

"I never said anything except that Corbett licked me on the level," replied Sullivan earnestly. "I was in good condition and the idea of drugging never entered my head."

"Don't you think it strange that two Boston Newspaper men declare that they will take affidavit that you told them you were poisoned?" queried Johnston as he produced a copy of a Boston newspaper and pointed to an interview with the men in question.

"I know one of them," said Sullivan, sternly, "and I wouldn't believe him under oath. The other fellow I never heard of. Furthermore, I never talked to a newspaper man in my dressing room in Boston."

"You think, then, that you were licked squarely?" the Brookly man went on.

"Most assuredly," John L. answered, and then turning to Phil Casey, he added, "Don't believe any of these stories you hear. I was in good condition and give Corbett all the credit he deserved."

"I understand that you think of fighting again," Johnston remarked between drinks. "Corbett has stated that he would fight you without a side bet."

Sullivan did not appear to be anxious to talk on this subject. He intimated, however, that he was not done with fighting forever.

"Corbett should have a pretty easy job with me," said he, "it was easy at New Orleans."

"Indeed it was easy," Johnston said, putting particular emphasis on the last word. Sullivan went on to say that he intended to spend a month next summer at Hot Springs, and that he might talk about making a fresh match with Corbett then. The interview lasted nearly half an hour and the sports who expected to see a "run in" were disappointed. Sullivan promised to call on Johnston and Casey next week.

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New York, Oct. 17.—It will require a good guesser to pick the winner of the approaching Choynski-Godfrey fight. In the betting the black appears to be the favorite, but it is predicted that a great deal of money will be sent in from California during the coming week and that may change the quotations. "Mose" Gunst, of San Francisco, has instructed Jim Wakely to bet $1,000 for him on Choynski. He thinks, however, that the Godfrey men should lay the odds. Choynski is tiler than the Bostonian and will also have an advantage in reach. Godfrey is the heavier by upwards of ten pounds and this point will probably affect the betting.

Good judges believe that "Old Chocolate" lays far over Choynski in the matter of cleverness, and in ring tactics he is unquestionably as well versed as the other man.

Th eindications are that this will be the most interesting encounter yet seen at Coney Island, and preparations have been made to accommodate 6,000 persons. Choynski now weighs 165 pounds, and he will probably be a pound or two lighter in the ring. The club house will be heated by steam.

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James J. Corbett's exhibition at the exposition grounds Saturday made the champion many friends. When he jumped into the ring with Donaldson there was a murmur went through the crowd to the effect that it did not seem possible that that was the man who put Sullivan to sleep. But when the sparring commenced they could plainly see that it was. In the language of the ring, Corbett was strictly in it. He is the most clever fighter that has yet entered the ring. He is quick as a cat and lands every time he leads, while on the other hand, it is almost impossible to hit him. His head and body dodges are wonderful, and his left is certainly a dangerous weapon. Corbett's conduct in a city is to his credit. He fights for a living; outside the ring he is as much a gentleman now as he was when he was a bank clerk. Success to James J. Corbett. He is a credit to his country, a credit to pugilism, and a credit to himself. The only regretable thing is that more people did not turn out to see him.

James J. Corbett, who is starring in his play "Gentleman Jack," is not likely to enter the ring for some time to come. "I'm not talking fight," said he in an interview with the sporting editor of the Bee. "My play is taking my whole attention. When the time comes I will talk to those fellows. If possible, I will get a match with Charley Mitchell. He is my first choice.

"If I cannot meet him, then I suppose I will accept Jackson's challenge. Many of my friends have advised me not to meet him on account of his color. The New Orleans people and my folks have asked me to fight only white men, but I look at it in this way: I am a pugilist, and if he challenges me there is no way of avoiding a fight.

"As for 'Joe' Goddard and some of these others, you know there are always plenty of fellows anxious to get advertising and issue challenges. For a time I will take no steps toward arranging a match. The theatrical business is good enough for me for the present."

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New York, Oct. 17.—Lovers of fine horse flesh have been attracted here in force to-day from many parts of the country by the opening sale of the famous Algeria stud, owned by the late Congressman W. L. Scott, of Erie, Pa. The sale is in progress at Tattersall's, Hunt's and Point Paddocks, and includes the great French horse Rayon d'Or, amongst whose brilliant sons and daughters are the thirty thousand dollar Bolero, Tenny, Banquet, Key Tray, Gypsy Queen, Cotillion, and other lights of the turf. There are 128 horses in the stud, and after they have been disposed of the entire studs of the late William Astor and the Countess d'Agreda, formerly Mrs. George Lorrillard, will go under the hammer.

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One of the interesting events at the Exposition grounds Saturday was the sprinting match between three well-known Toledoans. Street Commissioner Bower, Henry Hainbusch and Billy Gertz were entered, but only Gertz and Hainbusch started, the latter winning in a walk. Dr. McBain was starter. Hainbusch, for a fat man, made good time.

The Toledo exposition people deserve better patronage than they received.

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Cleveland and Boston play the first world championship game in Cleveland to-day and several Toledo ball cranks have gone ther eto see a real good game of ball.

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George H. Ketcham's Nyanza is certainly a wonderful animal—pretty as a picture and a movement like a clock.

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Pitcher Wadsworth passed through the city yesterday en route to Cuba, where he will play ball this winter.

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It is thought that Kelly and Brown will come together in a short time.

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P. King Werden will arrive in the city this week to remain all winter.

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Zulu, in the 2:34 class Saturday, made a fine showing.

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The free-for-all will be run off this afternoon.

"GENTLEMAN JIM."

Over 2,000 People Attend the Sparring Exhibition.

He Says He Will Give Sullivan Another Chance if the Big Fellow Desires—Will Not Meet Jackson.

James J. Corbett made more money, perhaps, in three minutes at the Exposition grounds Saturday than he ever made before in his entire life previous to his great fight with Sullivan.

Between 2,200 and 2,500 people witnessed the sparring exhibition between the champion and his partner, Prof. Donaldson.

Corbett does not look much like a prize-fighter, and those who have seen Sullivan stripped cannot imagine how he ever happened to knock the big fellow out.

True, he is as lithe and quick as a cat, and the way he dodged Donaldson's blows amused the crowd immensely. He is light-limbed, but his muscles are as hard as iron, and then he has growth on his side.

He fears no weather, and said Saturday that he would as soon fight in a snow storm as not.

Corbett speaks of his great triumph with boyish frankness, and tells over and over again the story of the great fight.

Talking with a few friends previous to the exhibition he said, in response to a query that if Sullivan thought he wanted to try issues with him again he was willing to give him the first chance. He said he would not meet Jackson under any circumstances.

"I'm making hay while the sun shines," he said, laughingly, "and will accept no challenge until my theatrical engagements are over."

Immediately after the exhibition, which was somewhat of a disappointment to many, the champion, with his manager and sparring partner, left for Lima, where he appeared in "Gentleman Jack" to a large audience.

SPLENDID RACING

At the Toledo Track Saturday Afternoon.

Nyanza Wins the Three-Year-Old Trot—The 2:34 Trot Unfinished.

There were 2,500 people at the Exposition grounds Saturday afternoon. The appearance of Jim Corbett accounted, of course, for the size of the crowd, though the races alone deserved an even larger and better patronage.

The first race was interesting, and at times exciting. George Ketcham drove Nyanza, and drove her to win.

Nyanza broke in the first heat, and Silver Plate won by a length. Silver Plate also took the fourth, but Nyanza carried off the fifth and winning heat easily.

Summary—Three-year old trot—Purse $150:

Nyanza	2	1	1	2	1
Silver Plate	1	2	2	1	2
Vandeen	3	4	3	4	3
Thurlow T	4	3	4	3	4
Time—2:32,	2:28 3-4,	2:28 3-4,		2:33,	

2:30.

The 2:34 trot was the greatest race of the day, and was left unfinished. The summary as given herewith gives the best idea of the race.

Zulu	1	10	1	8	4	3
Strogoff	3	3	4	2	1	2
Almont	2	1	5	10	8	8
Fannie H	5	4	8	1	3	7
Miss Strathmore	10	6	6	5	5	1
Boston	7	2	2	3	6	5
Velvet Star	6	5	3	4	2	4
Bill Morgan	8	7	10	6	7	6
Daisy Blue	4	8	7	7	dr	
Ortiz	9	9	9	9	dr	

Time—2:32, 2:34 1-2, 2:31 3-4, 2:34 1-2, 2:34 1-2, 2:35 1-2.

But one heat of the last event was run, and it will be finished this afternoon. Charley P., Lucy B. and Silver Cloud will fight it out to a finish.

Summary:

Charley P	1
Silver Cloud, Jr	2
Lucy B	3
Little Joker	4
Willard M	5

Willard M. was not in it, but may do better to-day.

KIRK'S DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP

Healthful, Agreeable, Cleansing.

Cures Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc.

Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP.

Best for General Household Use.

A Nice Quiet Game is never Complete without a liberal supply of

Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco,

composed only of "pure leaf," grown in the famous Golden Belt, its uniform quality, and rich fragrant aroma recommend it to all who desire a really good smoke. No other smoking tobacco has ever been made which has secured and held the popular favor as has Blackwell's Bull Durham. It is now, as it has been at all times during the last 25 years, the best in the world. Made only by

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO., DURHAM, N. C.

BEE DIRECTORY

—OF—

Representative Manufacturers, Wholesale Dealers,

AND JOBBING HOUSES.

MACHINERY.

TOLEDO MACHINE AND TOOL CO.
Manufacturers of Presses, Dies and Special Machinery, Elevators, Shafting and Pulleys.
Corner Superior and Oak Sts.

BAKER BROTHERS.
Planers, Moulders, Saw Benches, Tenoners, etc., Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys,
369 and 371 Erie Street.

SOAP MANUFACTURERS.

USE SILVER SOAP!
The Best for Family Use.
Manufactured by
The Thompson & Chute Soap Co.

FILTERS.

STEVENS FILTER CO.
Manufacturers of
Upward, Self Cleansing Filters,
222 and 224 Water Street.

BRASS AND IRON.

The Bee

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN IN TOLEDO TO take office and represent Cincinnati Corporation; must have large business acquaintance; give references and small bond. Beggs & Davis, 51 West 4th St., Cincinnati. 17oct4

SALESMAN WANTED TO SELL TO THE country retailers, on commission, a good side line of Cottonades, Jeans, Dress Goods, Drills, and low-priced Cassimeres for the Spring season. Address X, Box 1341, Philadelphia P. O., Pa. oct15-22

WANTED—SMART, ACTIVE BOY FROM 14 to 16 years old. Beesch's Tea Store, 613 Summit street. 17oct2

WANTED—ONE GOOD COAT AND pants maker, and one tailoress, to work in shop. Address C. S. Vermaas, West Toledo, O. Take Cherry street cars. 14oct6p

WANTED—TEN WOOD CHOPPERS. Address Philip Jackson, Mermill, Wood Co., Ohio. 287

WANTED—TWO GOOD PAINTERS MONday morning at 6:30 at 911 Washington street. 288

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO SELL books, periodicals, etc., on railroad trains. Apply to Union News Co., Pennsylvania Depot. 15oct3

WANTED—AN ACTIVE FIRE INSURance solicitor for city work. Apply at or address Room 14, Bee Building. 12oct-tf

WANTED—TWO HOUSE PAINTERS IMmediately at 544 Woodville street, East Toledo. H. Koke. 288

WANTED—A STRONG BOY ABOUT 16 or 17 years old; also a boy 19 or 20 years, at Geo. Wilson & Sons' Toledo Box Factory, corner 11th and Lucas streets. 287

WANTED—A BOY TO RUN ELEVATOR; must be 16 years old or over. Apply at Lasalle & Koch's. 286

WANTED—AT HOTEL MADISON, ONE bell boy and one elevator boy. 19sept-tf

WANTED — FIFTY GENTLEMANLY clerks to sell clothing, etc., at the Great Railroad Wreck. Call from 8:30 a. m. to 12 m at 113 St. Clair street, next door to Wheeler Opera House. 12sept-tf

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Enquire 1712 Madison street. 12oct6

WANTED—AT 318 FORRER STREET, girl about 14 years old to assist with housework. Call at once. 17oc

GIRL WANTED—SECOND GIRL AT 2116 Madison street. Mrs. R. H. Baker. 17oct4p

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 123 11th street; German preferred. 17oct3

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL, GOOD wages, references. 1516 Collingwood ave. 288

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be good cook; good wages; small family; also second girl. Apply 1106 Adams street, city. 14oct3

WANTED—THREE COMPETENT GIRLS for general housework. Apply at 1415 Madison street. 14oct3

WANTED—EXPERIENCED HOUSE GIRL; references required; also upstairs girl to assist with care of older children. Mrs. C. L. Reynolds, 2035 Collingwood ave. 288

WANTED—GIRL TO HELP TAKE CARE of children and housekeeping; no cooking. 1063 Oakwood ave. 15oct3

WANTED—GIRL—MUST BE COMPEtent cook; no washing. Mrs. E. B. Hall, No. 1037 West Woodruff avenue. 15oct3

GOOD GIRL WANTED AT ONCE AT 2013 Franklin avenue; good wages. 14oct2

WANTED—A GIRL OF 16 TO LEARN hair dressing; will be paid while learning. Madame Lothrop, 306 Summit street. 287

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 324 Michigan street. 13oct3

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call at 809 Madison street. 13oct3

STONECUTTERS AND STONESETTERS —Wanted, six union stonecutters and one stonesetter; wages 50 cents per hour. Apply to R. Dall, corner Michigan and Jefferson street's. 1oct-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM AND CITY property at six, seven and eight per cent. S. G. Southard, Room 11, Gardner Place, corner Superior and Madison. 27febly

MONEY TO LOAN—ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, organs, horses, cattle, wagons, etc., without removal and on satisfactory terms; partial payments received deducting cost pro rata. All business strictly confidential. Lucas Loan Co., Room 3, Trinity Block, corner Adams and St. Clair. Entrance on both streets. 27sept1m

MONEY TO LOAN IN AMOUNTS OF from $500 to $2,000, on approved improved Toledo property, at current rates of interest. J. P. Delphey & Co., corner Adams and St. Clair streets. 11oct6p

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, from one to ten years; interest payable annually, with privilege of paying any part or all of the principle at any time. For further information call on or address, L. Vanderburg, 37 Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, Ohio. 3oct1m-p

MONEY TO LOAN—IF YOU WANT $25 to $500 on chattel mortgage, I will negotiate such loans on fair terms. M. O. Waggoner, office and residence, 613 Madison street. 24octlyr

MONEY TO LOAN—ON REAL ESTATE only, in large or small amounts at low rate of interest; can arrange to make partial payments if desired. 512 Madison street. T. S. Merrill. 30augly r

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, Room 2, Worthington Block, Adams and Superior streets. 16may-tf

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SET OF BOOKS TO KEEP evenings, or writing to do at home. Address E. M., 2332 Ashland avenue. 13oct3

WANTED—POSITION AS COMPANION or nurse by a lady capable and willing. Address, stating particulars and salary, J. 111, Bee office. 290

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPer where there are other servants, or governess, by an American lady of ability. Address, giving particulars, J. 110, Bee office. 290

WANTED—DRESSMAKING; WILL GO out by the day or take work home; cut by Merchant Tailor System. Address M. A., care Bee office. 15oct3

SITUATION WANTED BY AN ELDERLY lady to do plain sewing. Call at 1219 Summit street, Toledo. Mrs. Miller. 15oct3

SOCIETIES AND FAMILIES DESIRING the services of a first-class nurse can obtain the same by phoneing 892; references given. 288

WANTED—DRESSMAKING TO DO AT 1115 Washington street. 288

SITUATION WANTED IN A FURNITURE store as salesman or to make himself generally useful; 15 years experience; best of references. Address J. 107, care Bee. 288

WANTED—POSITION BY RELIABLE man, by Nov. 1, as millwright in some responsible mill; thoroughly understands almost any kind of machinery. Address F. J., care of Carrier 32, city. 14oct3

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper by an experienced lady in good family with no small children. Address L., care of Bee. 286

WANTED—WASHING AND HOUSEcleaning to do. 1815 Locust street. 286

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS IN EVERY TOWN AND CITY. $40 to $100 and expenses earned monthly selling our warranted stock; steady work; experience not required; instructions and outfit free. R. G. Chase & Co., Geneva, N. Y. 27sept1m

WANTED—LOCAL AND TRAVELING salesmen to sell our choice nursery stock. All stock guaranteed; good salaries paid weekly. Write for terms to G. L. Knight & Co., Rochester, N. Y. 15sep12m-p

WANTED—TWO ACTIVE, ENERGETIC female agents to sell an article that ladies need. You can make big pay for light work. Room 6, 419 Madison street, Dr. C. G. Clark. 13sept-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON MADISON STREET, A FUR boa. Finder will receive $5 reward for return to 2104 Collingwood avenue. 12oct3p

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—SAFETY BICYCLE, VICTOR or Lovell wheel, as good as new. 1751 Summit street. 15oct6p

FOR SALE—CHEAP—LOTS 34 FEET front, on Walbridge avenue, between Broadway and Canal, for from $250 to $450 each. Geo. C. Stahl, Room 1, Chamber of Commerce. 13oct12p

FOR SALE—CHEAP—DOUBLE BARREL shotgun, Chas. Daly, with all loading tools, belt 100 brass shells, coat and case, A No. 1; original price of gun $105; will take a light safety bicycle or small buggy or phaeton as part payment. Address 206 Broadway. 13oct3p

FOR SALE—A NEW HOUSE ON ACKlin avenue, just off of Collingwood; a new cottage on Third street, East Toledo. Both on easy payments. J. P. Bellows, Room 7, Drummond Block. 13oct6p

FOR SALE—BOOKCASE AND WRITING desk combined; also one cook stove, at 38 Michigan street, near Monroe. 12oct6

FOR SALE—ON TERMS TO SUIT PURchaser, two new story cottages all complete, half a block from street railway; good neighborhood, and lot 30x130; can be sold on monthly payments and 6 per cent. interest. Geo. E. Pomeroy & Son. 12oct4

FOR SALE—LOT 33x120 AND A NEW 2-story brick house and lot on Indiana avenue, near Lenk street; good facilities; will be sold cheap; terms to suit purchaser. For further particulars apply S. G. Van Buren, Room 3, Law Building. 11oct6p

FOR SALE—CISTERNS TO BE HAD AT low prices; washing machines for $3.50 of C. H. Atkinson, 448 Euclid avenue, East Toledo. 3oct1m-p

FOR SALE—A FINE KENTUCKY SADdle horse; good under saddle or in harness; can be seen at stable of A. W. Ballard, on Bancroft street, between Lawrence avenue and Monroe; price $250. Isaac D. Smead, owner. 30sept-tf

FOR SALE—$20,000 STOCK OF THE Findlay Brewing Co. Enquire of M. M. Eppstein, 1014 Superior street. 19aug-tf

FOR SALE—THREE LOTS ON MAPLEwood, on the west side, between Virginia street and Delaware avenue. Enquire B. F. Wade, St. Clair street. 20july-tf

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT RESIdence on the corner of 22nd and Madison streets, lately the home of M. J. Enright. Enquire of Scribner & Hurd. 22aug-tf

FARM LANDS, IMPROVED AND UNimproved, for sale in Hancock, Wood, Ottawa and Henry counties, Ohio, and Lenawee county, Michigan, in lots to suit, and at reasonable terms. The Dewey Stave Company, Room 48, St. Clair Building, Toledo, Ohio. 6aprlyr

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE. ENquire at Singer Mfg. Co., 506 Adams street. 4oct-tf

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; NEW house and new furniture, with use of bath, on same floor; gas, light and furnace heat; few moments walk from postoffice. Inquire at 126 Tenth street, corner Jefferson. 13oct12

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FURNISHED front room for one or two gentlemen. 2040 Union street, with or without board. 13oct2p

FOR RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED rooms, also basement, at 712 Madison street, next to Hotel Madison. 12oct4p

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. Call at 116 North Erie street. 12oct3p

ROOMS—A YOUNG LADY CAN HAVE a room cheap with a family of two, furnished or unfurnished, at 2256 Franklin avenue, half block from Belt Line cars; references required. 11oct6p

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for rent, with or without board. Enquire at 331 Huron street. 11oct6p

FOR RENT—OFFICE—HALF OF ROOM No. 15, second floor, Produce Exchange building. 10oct6p

FOR RENT—STORE NUMBER 320 MONroe street. Enquire at store. 28sept-tf

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, bath, etc.; all modern conveniences, for gentleman only. Apply 917 Madison. 7sept-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUITAR AND BANJO TEACHER—MRS. R. Thompson, 1849 Erie street, between Asa and Buckeye streets. 15oct6p

EXCHANGE—A NEW COTTAGE, CENtrally located; will exchange for vacant lots or horse and carriage and give long time on the balance. Address J. 27, care of Bee. 13oct6p

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD SAFETY; will pay cash. Inquire at 38 Michigan st. 12oct6p

LADIES—I TAKE LADIES EXPECTING confinement; home comforts; privacy; five years' experience; homes for infants; all female troubles cured. Dr. Morey, 1014 Washington street, Toledo, O. 12oct6p

MILBURN WAGON STOCK—WE HAVE a buyer for 100 shaves of Milburn Wagon stock. Geo. E. Pomeroy & Son. 12oct4

PERSONS OF BUSINESS, ARE YOU OUT of employment? in debt? or in need of money? If so you can obtain lucrative employment by addressing Frank D. Harpster, 136 Bridge street, Toledo, O. 12oct6p

WELLS! WELLS!! I WILL DIG AND complete a 20-foot well with chain pump and platform, in first-class shape, for twenty-two dollars ($22.) This offer is for one week only. Wm. Warren, 1207 Hoag street. 11oct6p

WANTED—ALL THE HOUSEHOLD FURniture, carpets, pianos, etc., you have for sale. Will sell at auction or pay you spot cash. W. G. Alexander, 218 Water street. Phone 630. 11oct6

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS—AUCTION sale of my stuff, boots and shoes and household furniture, October 27th; will continue to dispose of goods at retail at what they will bring till above date; $5 shoes at $1.89; $3 shoes at $1.25. Detroit Shoe House, 1635 Broadway. 10oct6p

STATES & THOMAN, ARCHITECTS, Room 13, Adams Block, corner Adams and St. Clair streets. Plans and specifications and details furnished on short notice. june-29-to-jan-15-'93

WANTED — COTTAGE OR SMALL house; must be in good repair and good neighborhood, not far from business center. Address V., care Bee. 10sept-tf

FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS insurance and real estate. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 New Bee Building, first floor. 8dec-tf

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FLATS FOR RENT—TWO NEW AND the most complete in the city, on Eighteenth street, near Adams. For particulars inquire of J. T. Southard, 221 16th street. 10oct6p

FLATS TO RENT—IN "NORRIS FLATS," Ontario, near Monroe, one English basement, six rooms, $20, suitable for a physician; one main floor, independent porch and hall, six rooms, main floor, $30; one second floor, 7 rooms, $25. Bath rooms and halls to all, and all new and in perfect order. Apply to F. J. Scott, Hotel Madison. 12oct-tf

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished house. Inquire at 834 Dorr street. 11oct6p

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE TWO-STORY dwelling in good condition, 408 Wisconsin street, second door from Division; will rent reasonable to responsible parties. Enquire 436 11th street. 13oct3p

FOR RENT—BRICK HOUSE NO. 1818 Adams street; 10 rooms, bath, small barn, ect., $25. Enquire at 916 Jefferson street. 15oct6p

FOR RENT—SNUG HOUSE, 226 ILLIstreet, seven rooms; six minutes walk from postoffice; possession November 1st, $15 per month; references. James W. Myers, office 8, Myers Block. 14oct6

FOR RENT—NEW HOUSE; TEN ROOMS, furnace, laundry and bath; all conveniences; 1102 Collingwood avenue. Apply 1118 Collingwood avenue. 11oct6t

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE; 455 Missouri street; modern conveniences; rent reasonable. Apply 1118 Collingwood avenue. 11oct6t

FOR RENT—A HOUSE OF 10 ROOMS with furnace and all modern conveniences. Inquire 530 Magnolia street. 13oct6p

FOR RENT—HOUSE OF EIGHT ROOMS, besides bath room, pantry and cellar; all modern conveniences; everything nice. Call at residence, 2267 Fulton street; will be vacant about Oct. 10th. 11oct6p

FOR RENT—HOTEL AT PERRYSBURG, O., and furniture for sale; livery in connection with hotel; reason for selling, sickness. Address L. S. Dome, Perrysburg, Ohio. 30sept1m

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE HOUSE, NO. 1704 Monroe street; all modern improvements; possession Oct. 1st. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 27sept-tf

FOR RENT—LARGE BRICK HOUSE OF ten rooms; water, gas, and natural gas connections, No. 1818 Adams street; rent $33.33 per month; key at Drug Store corner Adams and Warren streets. D. C. Hart, Agent. 30aug-tf

FOR RENT—STABLE ON OTTAWA street, now occupied by Michigan Lake Ice Company. Apply to W. H. McLyman. 14oct-tf

HUSBAND'S KISS AN INSULT.

Greetings in Different Parts of the World.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes calls a kiss "the twenty-seventh letter of the alphabet, the love-labial which it takes two to speak plainly."

Yet somehow this letter has not found a place in all languages. In England the women consider a kiss on the lips as the greatest insult, even if proffered by their own husbands, and we are told that, notwithstanding the facilities kind Nature has bestowed upon them in the shape of bountiful lips, the African negroes do not like it.

It may appear strange to us that the west Africans do not shake hands, but in this country, 60 years ago, shaking hands between a lady and a gentleman was hardly proper, and 10 or 20 years earlier it was considered highly indelicate.

In 1828 Sir John Nicholl, in giving judgment in a case in the court of arches, is reported to have said:

"The shaking of hands when they met was a practice now so frequent between persons of different sexes, however opinions might differ as to its delicacy, that no unfavorable interference could be deduced therefrom.

A Chinaman puts on his hat instead of taking it off, though he would consider it a gross breach of good manners to wear eye-glasses or spectacles in company.

In the city of Quito, lying just below the equator, and built on an exceedingly high plateau of the Andes, the etiquette of the hat is decidedly peculiar. It is there customary when a visitor takes off his hat upon entering a room to beg him to put it on again, and in the absence of permission leave is generally requested.

But the same persons, upon going out of doors, take off their hats to flashes of lightning, no matter whether rain is falling or not.

The sign of one tribe of Indians, and from which they derive their name, consists in seizing the nose with the thumb and fore-finger. It has also been asserted that among the Esquimaux it is customary to pull a person's nose as a compliment, and that some of the New Guinea tribes squeeze their own noses as a salutation.

The people of a certain tribe living among the Nilgherry hills in southern India show respect by raising the open right hand to the brow and resting the thumb on the nose, which gesture has been used for 19 centuries as a sign of derision and defiance, for the self-same insulting long-nose used by a London street arab of these modern days was practiced, as we learn from existing figures, by the street boys of Pompeii in the first century of the Christian era.

A few years ago an Indian judge tried three men belonging to one of these hill tribes on a charge of murder. Not being satisfied that they were guilty, he acquitted them, when they all placed their hands in the position already alluded to.

Every one in the room, including the Hindoos, whose ideas are much the same as ours, burst out laughing, and the judge was nearly committing the accused for contempt of court; but, noticing the grave expression on their faces, thought it was wise to take no notice of the act.

They were really exhibiting their respect and gratitude for British justice.

$1.50 buys a souvenir spoon—Cawood's.

A CELESTIAL VISITOR.

A Chinese Lady of Rank Talks of America and Americans.

A rather unique luncheon was given this week in the near vicinity of Murray Hill, says the New York Recorder, at which the guest of honor was a Chinese lady of gentle birth, the wife of an American gentleman who has long been a resident of Shanghai. This is the first visit of the fair Celestial to her husband's native land and her impressions of the "strange country" were very interesting.

On one subject she waxed enthusiastic—the American mother-in-law. In her own land the mother-in-law is sort of supreme being, before whom the son's wife must bend the devotional knee. This little lady had found her American mother-in-law an ideal being, and English words failed to express her admiration. She pronounced her "a Number One piece mamma."

The dress of American women she found "very pretty, but not, I think, quite comfortable. What you call the corset I cannot wear." Chinese women are as fond of variety as are our own country women, and their fashions are subject to changes as are ours, although they have not so broad a field. Their sleeves are large or small according to the dictates of Dame Fortune, who also regulates the length of the tunic and prescribes the proper combinations of color. Just at present dark blue with rose pink is the ultra mode, but blue with lavender is much worn and is considered quite stylish.

The change from summer to winter garments, and vice versa, is regulated by imperial decree. It was suggested to the distinguished visitor that during her sojourn in this country it would be wiser to be governed by the predictions of Sergt. Dunn than to await a proclamation of President Harrison to put on winter flannels.

The dainties served at lunch seemed quite palatable to the foreign dame, but in comparing the modes of serving, she explained that a Chinese cook always prepared the food to be eaten. No joints of meat or large morsels of food are placed upon the table in China, but everything is served in condition to be eaten with chop sticks. For that we have servants.

On the subject of our domestic service her feelings were quite too pronounced to be restrained by courtesy. She unhesitatingly declared that she deemed "one contemptible Chinese menial worth fully a half dozen honorable American servants."

The elevated trains flying through the air were almost supernatural in her eyes. The "headless creatures," as she dubbed the cable cars, seemed like comic caricatures. For Americans, doubtless, the trams were "very nice." But she was sure we would prefer jinrickshaws could we but try them.

She spoke English with perfect accuracy and with a scarcely perceptible accent. Her Chinese was apparently charming, but she coyly admitted that she often indulged in bits of slang in her native tongue.

Rogers' 1847 knives, $2 set—Cawood's.

CORSET'S REIGN DECLINING.

Short Bodices Favor Generous Waists and Broad Hips.

Though the short-waisted bodice is becoming to well rounded, slight figures only still the fashion is decidedly on the increase. No style exactly repeats itself, and the new short-waisted bodice is much more graceful in cut and finish than its predecessor, says the Sun, much less suggestive of neglige and careless adjustment than those of the Recamier or the Watteau women, who are now unjustly made responsible for much that is grotesque and ungraceful in dress.

The reign of the short-waisted bodice, however is suggestive of something besides a return to the age of powder and patches and of a fancifulness in dress indicating a slackening of strict moral tension in the code of its wearers. The rise of the short bodice announces the decadence of the corset, or at least of all compression of the figure by the corset.

When culture comes in at the window, even fashionable culture, which now includes all manner of athletic and wholesome sport, the corset and its restrictions fly out at the door. Tight lacing, like starched skirts and jewelry with street costumes, all once the signs manual of gentility, are now relegated to the serving maids or to the questionable characters on the other side of the crystal wall which separates the grande from the demi-monde.

The woman of good taste would now as soon think of using stage make-up on her face by daylight as of tightening her corset unduly, and the best dressed woman on the promenade you will find indulging not in tight shoes, tight gloves or a tight bodice.

The cuts in all Parisian books of the best standing reproduce in their models of style women of full figure, tall, it is true, but with waists of generous girths and hips of the Venus de Milo pattern. English fashions represent their types of modish women all of the long-waisted, wasp variety, after the fashion set by the slender Princess of Wales and her much-laced daughters.

HUNTERS, ATTENTION.

Tickets are now on sale at reduced rates via Michigan Centra R. R. to the hunting regions of northern Michigan. For further particulars regarding rates, etc., address Wm. Gates, Ticket Agent, Toledo, O., or Wm. J. Seinwerth, S. P. Agent, Cincinnati, O.

THE CADETS CAME TO DANCE.

A recent occurrence recalls a story of a Prussian general who wished to make his world dance and failed. His wife's receptions, for some reason or other, were uncongenial to the youths under his command, and unfrequented by them. The general, a strict martinet and the head of a college of cadets, was imprudent enough to reproach them with their shortcomings in this matter, and to demand a change in their manners. At his next ball, when all the guests were assembled, the tramp, tramp of marching feet was heard upon the staircase; the door was thrown open, and there marched into the room a whole corps of cadets with their young officers at their head, halted and stood at attention.

"What is the meaning of this?" shouted the general.

"The first corps of cadets, to dancing commanded!" replied the youth, saluting as though on parade.

"Take them away!" screamed the general, beside himself with fury.

"Right about face, march!" was the calm and unmoved answer, and the cadets marched out in the same order as they had entered.—London Spectator.

Stylish wedding gifts—"Cawood's."

TAKEN AT HER WORD.

How One Girl Lost a Probable Proposal of Marriage.

"You cannot always take your own medicine or even be measured by your own standards," said a woman recently who prided herself upon being exact and systematic in all things, and who could enjoy a joke, even at her own expense.

"I was at a reception not so very many years ago," she said rather demurely, "and was playing upon the piano to entertain a small group of friends when a man who had shown me considerable attention suddenly interrupted me by asking: 'If you were very much interested in a young woman, what considerations would prevent you from asking her to marry you?'

"Well, I, of course, was somewhat taken aback, not being in the mood for a scene right then and there, turned around and answered, 'Well, I never should propose to a woman I have met only at receptions and in company.

"I should make it a point to call upon her at all sorts of unexpected times, to see how she looked at home in the morning, whether she went about in an old wrapper with dishevelled hair and slipshod, whether she helped her mother or lolled about reading novels until noon.

"A man makes a great mistake when he takes it for granted that the woman he admires possesses all the domestic virtues in the calendar and is always attractive and amiable. In fact," she added, "I gave him a long lecture on the subject, for which he thanked me.

"I may add that I never met the man again. Next morning, contrary to my usual custom, I slept till nearly noon, coming down to a 12 o'clock breakfast.

"Mr. H—— had already called three times."—New York Herald.

THE GENUINE AND THE SHAM.

Every good thing has its host of imitators; every genuine article its counterfeits. The imitators always choose the most valuable and popular article to counterfeit, so that when they claim their sham to be equal, or as good, or the same as "So-and-So's," the public may depend upon it that "So-and-So's" article is the best of the kind. The sham proves the genuine merit of the thing it copies, and never has this been better illustrated than by the imitations of Allcock's Porous Plasters.

Allcock's Porous Plaster is the standard of excellence the world over, and its imitators in their cry that theirs is "as good as Allcock's" are only emphasizing this fact and admitting "Allcock's" to be the acme of perfection, which it is their highest ambition to imitate. The difference between the genuine and these imitations, which copy only general appearance, is as wide as that between copper and gold.

The only safe way for purchasers is to always insist upon having Allcock's Porous Plasters. They are the only perfect plasters ever produced.

SCIENCE AT HOME.

Simple Experiments for the Family Circle in All Lands.

Carve out of a raw potato a cylinder of the diameter of the upper portion of a lamp chimney of good size and about an inch tall. Then with a quill toothpick pierce in this cylinder four cylindrical holes oblique with relation to the axis of the large cylinder. Our picture shows you the place and the direction of the holes. Then take the chimney and close the largest end with the potato thus prepared.

At the top of the lamp chimney fit on another potato cylinder, or a cork pierced with cylindrical holes like those below, but this time each hole must have each axis vertical and not oblique. Then, through a vertical hole in the center, pass a string to suspend the apparatus. Catch this string below the cork by passing a match through it. Attach the upper end of the string to a nail in the ceiling, or to the chandelier which hangs above your center table. Meantime put a lamp shade over the glass chimney and force it down to the largest part; then suspend all around the shade little horses and riders cut out of paper.

Place a bowl on the table, directly under the lamp chimney, and pour water into it through the chimney's upper end. This will set the apparatus in motion at once. The water passes through the holes in the cork at the upper end, fills the tube and runs out at the oblique orifices in the potato. The whole thing then begins to turn with great rapidity, and you have a hydraulic racing match before you. The little horses and riders will move around merrily.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

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COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING.

For SICK HEADACHE,

Dizziness, or Swimming in the Head, Wind Pain, and Spasms at the Stomach, Pains in the Back, Gravel, and flying Pains in the Body, Rheumatism, etc.

Take four, five or even six of Beecham's Pills, and *in nine cases out of ten, they will give relief in twenty minutes*; for the pill will go direct to and remove the cause, *the cause* being no more nor less than wind, together with poisonous and noxious vapours, and sometimes unwholesome food.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.

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AT $10.00, WORTH $15.00.

New goods just put into stock, bought at reduced prices, and the best values you ever set your eyes on for $10.00.

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A man has money to waste who gets an Overcoat made to order when he can get one of ours ready made. Ours is THE OVERCOAT store; to-day it's more so than ever. The assortment contains all the fashionable fabrics in the very latest styles.

SPECIAL PANTALOON SALE!

This week we offer at $2.00, 400 pairs, eight styles, of Men's Pantaloons, worth $2.50. Most of them are made with French Waists, two hip pockets, cut as well as high priced pants, and full $2.50 values for $2.00.

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The greatest activity now prevails in our Dress Goods department. New goods are being opened daily from high novelties to staples n lovely assortment of colorings. Among the latest arrivals we mention Scotch Cheviots, Cheverons, French Flannels, Crepe Challies, Fancy Plaids &c. All fine values.

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We are showing enormous quantities in all the standard qualities of Blankets and Comforters at exceedingly low prices for the opening of the season. Examine and compare them.

"Cloaks."

Our Cloak stock is being constantly replenished from day to day as the season advances. The latest addition are perfect samples of Styles, Grace and beauty. They are marked very low.

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We exhibit the most exquisite and artistic designs in fall Millinery comprising the most varied assortment of shapes and trimmings and we feel confident of our ability to suit you.

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All qualities and sizes in ladies' and Children's Underwear. Men's Shirts and Drawers.

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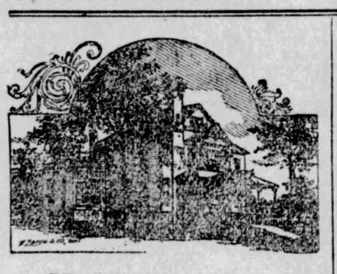

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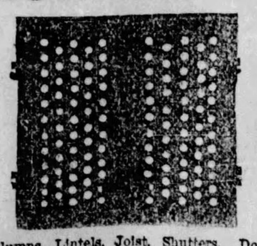

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